Corrigendum

Corrigendum to “Animal Models for the Study of Rodent-Borne Hemorrhagic Fever Viruses: Arenaviruses and Hantaviruses”

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We identified an error in our review “Animal Models for the Study of Rodent-Borne Hemorrhagic Fever Viruses: Arenaviruses and Hantaviruses” [1]. In Section 2.6 “*Development of Low Containment Arenavirus Animal Models through Adaptation of Pichinde Virus to Hamsters and Guinea Pigs*” the sentence, “This may be owed to similar receptor usage as NW arenavirus of clade A usurp α -dystroglycan for cellular entry, whereas clade B NW arenavirus bind transferrin receptor,” is incorrect. The correct sentence is “Clade C, but not clade A, new world arenaviruses usurp α -dystroglycan as their major receptor” (C. F. Spiropoulou, S. Kunz, P. E. Rollin, K. P. Campbell, and M. B. A. Oldstone, “New World arenavirus clade C, but not clade A and B viruses, utilizes α -dystroglycan as its major receptor,” *Journal of Virology*, vol. 76, no. 10, pp. 5140–5146, 2002). The receptor for the clade A viruses, including Pichinde virus, is unknown.

References

- [1] J. W. Golden, C. D. Hammerbeck, E. M. Mucker, and R. L. Brocato, “Animal models for the study of rodent-borne hemorrhagic fever viruses: arenaviruses and hantaviruses,” *BioMed Research International*, vol. 2015, Article ID 793257, 31 pages, 2015.