We read with interest the article entitled “Biomarkers as Potential Treatment Targets in Inflammatory Bowel Disease: A Systemic Review,” which brings forward evidence that serum and faecal biomarkers do not possess adequate operational characteristics to make them stand-alone treatment targets in inflammatory bowel disease (IBD) but should be considered as important adjunctive measures to clinical, endoscopic, and radiographic assessment [1].

We recently carried out a study at Mater Dei Hospital, Malta, where we compared the positive predictive value of faecal calprotectin (FC) in patients with newly diagnosed inflammatory bowel disease (IBD) but should be considered as important adjunctive measures to clinical, endoscopic, and radiographic assessment [1].

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References


