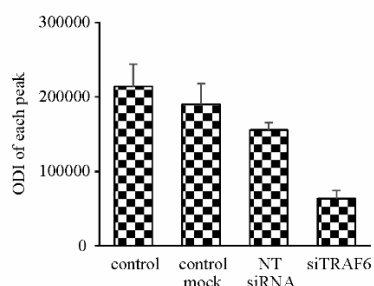
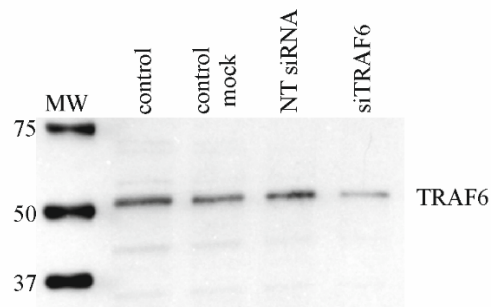


Suppl. Fig. 1

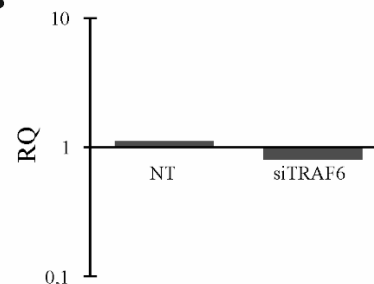
Suppl. Figure 1. Analysis of obtained TBChoD recombinant protein.

Western blot analysis of *M. smegmatis* lysates overproducing of TBChoD protein. Lanes: 1 - PageRuler™ Plus Prestained Protein Ladder; 2, 4, 6 – *M. smegmatis* with TBchoDJam-6xHis without acetamide induction; 3, 5, 7 – *M. smegmatis* with TBchoDJam-6xHis with acetamide induction.

A



B



Suppl. Fig. 2

Suppl. Figure 2. Verification of the *TRAF6* gene silencing efficiency in THP-1 cells.

Macrophages were treated with siRNA (either non-targeting or *TRAF6* targeting) or untreated and incubated for 24 hours. Next, the cells were lysed, and total RNA was isolated. **(A)** The *TRAF6* protein level was assessed using the immunoblot-ECL method. A representative immunoblot is shown. The bands were quantified by densitometric analysis. The data are presented as the optical density intensity of the area under each band's peak (ODI) \pm SEM from 3 independent experiments. Control – macrophages not treated with siRNA; control mock - macrophages treated with the transfection agent without siRNA; NT siRNA - macrophages treated with non-targeting siRNA; siTRAF6 - *Mtb*-infected macrophages with a silenced *TRAF6* gene. **(B)** The *TRAF6* mRNA level was measured using qRT-PCR. Data are presented as the mean relative quantification (RQ) from 3 independent experiments. The RQ represents the fold change in the gene expression in the infected macrophages compared to the non-infected macrophages, calculated using ABI 7900-HT (RQ) manager software (v1.2) and DataAssist software v3.01 (Thermo Fisher Scientific).