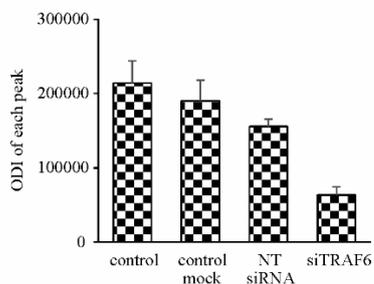
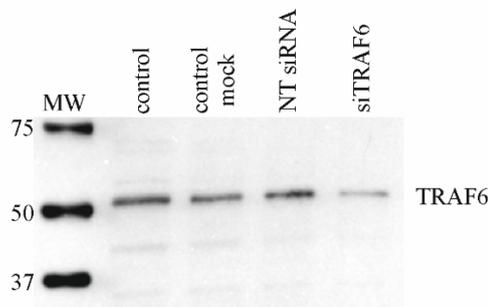


1 Suppl. Fig. 1

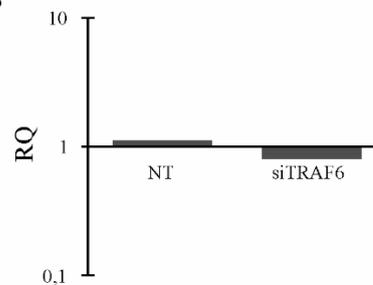
2 **Suppl. Figure 1. Analysis of obtained TBchoD recombinant protein.**

3 Western blot analysis of *M. smegmatis* lysates overproducing of TBchoD protein. Lanes: 1 -
 4 PageRuler™ Plus Prestained Protein Ladder; 2, 4, 6 – *M. smegmatis* with TBchoDJam-6xHis
 5 without acetamide induction; 3, 5, 7 – *M. smegmatis* with TBchoDJam-6xHis with acetamide
 6 induction.

A



B



7 Suppl. Fig. 2

8 **Suppl. Figure 2. Verification of the TRAF6 gene silencing efficiency in THP-1 cells.**

9 Macrophages were treated with siRNA (either non-targeting or TRAF6 targeting) or
 10 untreated and incubated for 24 hours. Next, the cells were lysed, and total RNA was isolated.
 11 (A) The TRAF6 protein level was assessed using the immunoblot-ECL method. A
 12 representative immunoblot is shown. The bands were quantified by densitometric analysis.
 13 The data are presented as the optical density intensity of the area under each band's peak
 14 (ODI) ± SEM from 3 independent experiments. Control – macrophages not treated with
 15 siRNA; control mock - macrophages treated with the transfection agent without siRNA; NT
 16 siRNA - macrophages treated with non-targeting siRNA; siTRAF6 - Mtb-infected
 17 macrophages with a silenced TRAF6 gene. (B) The TRAF6 mRNA level was measured using
 18 qRT-PCR. Data are presented as the mean relative quantification (RQ) from 3 independent
 19 experiments. The RQ represents the fold change in the gene expression in the infected
 20 macrophages compared to the non-infected macrophages, calculated using ABI 7900-HT
 21 (RQ) manager software (v1.2) and DataAssist software v3.01 (Thermo Fisher Scientific).