

**Enhancement of electrochemical performance of Bilirubin Oxidase modified
gas diffusion Biocathode by porphyrin precursor**

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Preparation of BOx ink for complete fuel cell testing: 2 wt% MWNT ink solution was prepared by dissolving 4:1 ratio of water to ethanol (by weight) and added to 100mg MWNTs (10-20nm). The prepared mixture was subjected to sonication for 1hour in ice bath vortexing every 20min interval time. 15 μ L of 300mM Di-Carb (in DMSO) and 525 μ L of stock solution of 2% MWNT ink were mixed, vortexed and incubated for 1hour. This was followed by addition of 15 μ L of 300mM PBSE (in DMSO) and 62 μ L of water and left for incubation for 1hour. To this, BOx (73mg) was weighed and added to MWNT ink and incubated again for 1hour at room temperature. Later 617 μ L of the ink was then deposited on the prewetted buckeye paper of air breathing cathode (7.3cm²) premodified with hematin. A 10mM hematin solution was prepared by mixing 10mM hemin (prepared in DMSO) into 100mM sodium hydroxide (NaOH) solution. The as prepared solution was sonicated for 1hour and 761 μ L of the mixture was deposited onto the buckeye paper layer (2cm²) of the pressed air breathing cathode. The electrodes were left to dry for 4hours at room temperature prior to BOx ink deposition. Following ink deposition, a chemical deposition of tetramethyl orthosilicate (TMOS) was performed by sealing cathodes in a

petri dish containing small caps filled with water and TMOS. The petri dish remained sealed for 5min before discarding the TMOS. Cathodes were then stored at 4°C overnight.

Cyclic voltammetry studies of Hematin modified air breathing cathodes.

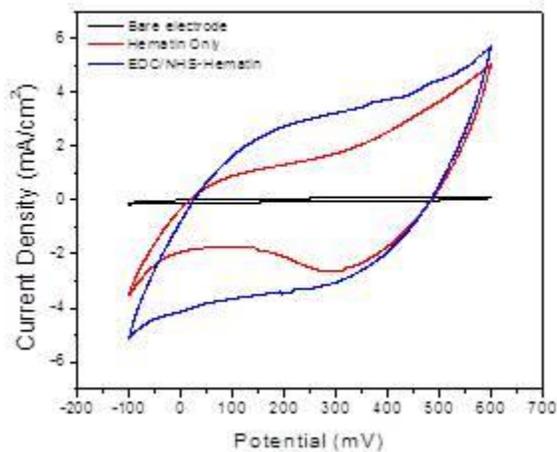


Figure 1: Representative CV curves for a bare (black), hematin (red), and a EDC/NHS-hematin (blue) modified air breathing cathode tested in 245 mM PBS buffer (scan rate of 250 mV/s).

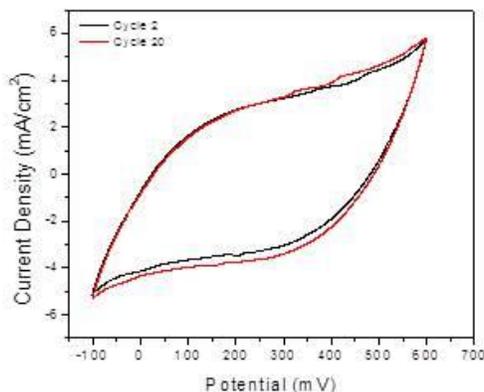


Figure 2: Representative CV curves comparing cycle 2 (black) and cycle 20 (red) of a EDC/NHS-hematin modified air breathing cathode tested in 245 mM PBS buffer. The following settings were used for the CV testing: a potential range of 600 to -100 mV, a total of 20 cycles, and a scan rate of 250 mV/s.

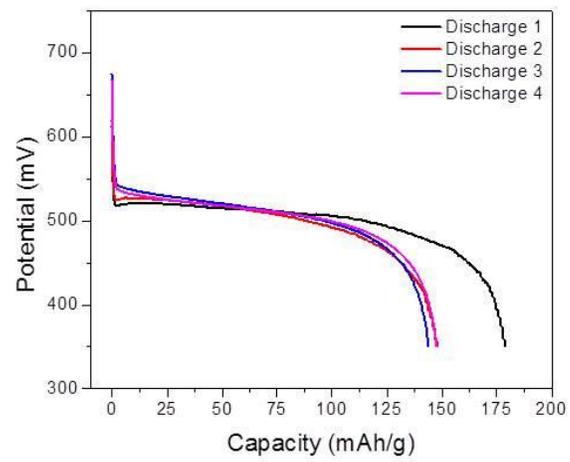


Figure 3: Representative discharge curves for a BOx/GDH fuel cell discharged consecutively 4 times under a constant load of 3.0 mA.