Supplementary material

Table-1 : Risk factors for early onset sepsis

- Rupture of membranes (>24 hours)
- Foul smelling and / or meconuim stained liquor aminii
- Febrile illness in the mother with the evidence of bacterial infection ,within two weeks prior to delivery
- Single unclean or >3 sterile vaginal examinations during labor
- Clinical features of chorioamnionitis such as fever, abdominal pain, tachycardia, leucocytosis, uterine tenderness, foul smelling liquor.
- Low birth weight (<2500 grams) or prematurity
- Perinatal asphyxia (Apgar score <4 at 1 minute of age)

Non-specific features

- Hypothermia or fever;
- Lethargy, poor cry, refusal to feed;
- Poor perfusion, prolonged capillary refill time;
- Hypotonia, absent neonatal reflexes;
- Bradycardia/Tachycardia;
- Respiratroy distress, apnea, gasping respiration;
- Hypoglycemia/hyperglycemia
- Metabollic acidosis

Table-2.2 :Specific features

Bulging anterior fontanelle	Abdominal distension'
Vacant stare	• Vomiting
High pitched cry	• Diarrhea
Excessive irritability	• Bleeding
Altered sensorium	• Petechiae

Seizures		•	Sclerema
Neck retract	ion	•	Multiple pustules
Hypotensior	ı		/abscess/mottling
• Shock		•	Non passage of urine >12
Jaundice wit	h high colored urine		hours
		•	Umbilical sepsis in the form of
			redness/discharge

Presence of any one of the above features was considered suggestive of sepsis

Table-3: Sepsis Screen

Parameters	Abnormal value
Total Leucocyte count	5000/cu.mm
Absolute neutrophil count	Low counts as per Monroe chart
Immature/Total neutrophil ratio	>0.2
Micro ESR	Age in days + 3
C-Reactive Protein	Positive (>1mg/dl)

Positive sepsis screen included at least two abnormal parameters.