Appendix 1: Laboratory Procedures for PCR Testing

HSV PCR and EnV RT-PCR

Total nucleic acid was extracted using the Roche MagNA LC Total Nucleic Acid Isolation Kit 1 (Roche Diagnostics, Laval, QC) and the Roche MagNA Pure Compact instrument. Total nucleic acid was extracted from 200 μ L of CSF, and eluted in <u>100 μ L</u> (for HSV) or <u>50 μ L</u> (for EnV) of elution buffer. Extracted nucleic acids were stored at -20°C (for HSV) and at -80°C (for EnV) until analyzed.

HSV Real-Time PCR

Real time PCR detection of HSV was performed essentially as described by Jerome et al.(24)

Primers and probes were duplexed for HSV and Glyceraldehyde 3- Phosphate Dehydrogenase (GAPDH). HSV-1 and -2 consensus primers and probe described by Jerome *et al.* amplify and detect a 124bp segment of the glycoprotein B (gB) gene: forward primer CCG TCA GCA CCT TCA TCG; reverse primer CGC TGG ACC TCC GTG TAG TC. Probe was labeled at the 5' end with 6-FAM and quenched at the 3'end with Black Hole Quencher-1: CCA CGA GAT CAA GGA CAG CGG CC (Integrated DNA Technologies Coralville, IA). GAPDH consensus primer and probe sequences provided by Bio-Rad (Rio-Rad Laboratories, Montreal, QC) amplify and detect a 154 bp portion of the GAPDH gene: forward primer GAA GGT GAA GGT CGG AGT; reverse primer CAT GGG TGG AAT CAT ATT GGA A. Probe was labeled at the 5' end with TexasRed and quenched at the 3' end with Black Hole Quencher-2: CAA CGG ATT TGG TCG TAT T (Integrated DNA Technologies). Working concentrations of primers and probes were 10µM and 2µM, respectively.

Duplexed amplification mixtures were prepared using the QuantiTect Multiplex RT-PCR NoROX kit (Qiagen, Mississauga, ON): 15.0µL of 2x QuantiTech Multiplex RT-PCR NoROX Master Mix, 1.0µl Uracil-N Glycosylase (Roche), 0.5µL of each primer, and 1.25µL of probe, combined with 10µL total nucleic acid. Amplification was performed using the ABI 7500 Fast Real-Time PCR system (Life

Technologies, Carlsbad, CA) with cycling parameters: 20°C for 10 min (1 cycle); 95°C for 15 min (1 cycle); 95°C for 15 s followed by 61°C for 30 s, and 72°C for 30 s (40 cycles). Data were analyzed using SDS software v1.4 (Applied Biosystems; Life Technologies).

EnV Real Time Reverse Transcriptase (RT) - PCR

Real time RT-PCR detection of EnV was performed essentially as described by Verstrepen *et al.* (25) EnV consensus primers and probe previously describe by Verstrepen *et al.* amplify a 145bp segment of the 5' untranslated region (5'-UTR): forward primer CCC TGA ATG CGG CTA ATC C; reverse primer ATT GTC ACC ATA AGC AGC CA. Probe was labeled at the 5' end with 6-FAM and quenched at the 3'end with Black Hole Quencher-1: AAC CGA CTA CTT TGG GTG TCC GTG TTT C (Integrated DNA Technologies). Working concentrations of primer and probe were 10 μ M. Amplification mixtures were prepared using Ambion Ag-path ID one step RT-PCR kit (Life Technologies) as per kit specifications: 12.5 μ L 2x RT-PCR buffer, 1.0 μ l 25X RT-PCR enzyme, 1.67 μ L detection enhancer, 1.0 μ L of each primer, 0.3 μ L of probe, and 2.53 μ L of water, combined with 5 μ L total nucleic acid. Amplification was performed using the ABI 7500 Fast Real-Time PCR system (Life Technologies) with cycling parameters: 45°C for 10 min (1 cycle); 95°C for 10 min (1 cycle); 95°C for 15 s followed by 60°C for 45 s (45 cycles). Data were analyzed using SDS software v1.4 (Applied Biosystems). Appendix 2: Comparison of demographic and clinical characteristics, and investigations between patients with HSV and EnV excluding pediatric patients (N = 150)

	Total (%)			
Demographics	HSV (N=39)	EnV (N= 111)	p-value	
Age (Mean, SD)	41.5 (17.3)	34.2 (12.0)	0.019	
Female	25 (62.5)	65 (58.6)	0.543	
Admitted	39 (100)	50 (45.1)	<0.001	
Return to Emergency Department <2weeks	7 (18.0)	17 (15.3)	0.700	
Immunocompromised	6 (15.4)	9 (8.1)	0.219	
History				
Headache	35 (97.2)	110 (99.1)	0.431	
Nausea/Vomiting $(n = 138 (35, 103))$	27 (77.1)	79 (76.7)	0.957	
Altered mental status	19 (48.7)	2 (1.8)	<0.001	
Neck pain $(n = 132 (32, 100))$	25 (78.1)	70 (70.0)	0.373	
Photophobia (n = $120 (24,96)$)	16 (66.7)	60 (62.5)	0.705	
Seizure	7 (18.0)	1 (0.9)	<0.001	
Physical exam				
Neurological deficit	17 (43.6)	4 (3.6)	<0.001	
Rash	6 (15.4)	11 (10.2)	0.391	
Nuchal rigidity or pain with flexion $(n = 138 (34, 104))$	19 (55.9)	51 (49.0)	0.488	
Mean systolic blood pressure (SD)	130.2 (17.1)	129.0 (16.1)	0.704	
Mean diastolic blood pressure (SD)	75.3 (13.0)	73.5 (10.9)	0.388	
Mean heart rate (SD)	92.4 (18.2)	87.4 (16.5)	0.128	
Mean respiratory rate (SD)	18.2 (3.6)	17.5 (2.3)	0.321	
Mean temperature (SD)	37.4 (1.2)	37.3 (1.1)	0.399	
Investigations				
CT head abnormal (test done for n=113 (33,80)	2 (5.1)	0 (0.0)	0.066	
MRI brain abnormal (test done for $n=31$ (20,11)	13 (34.2)	3 (2.7)	<0.001	
EEG abnormal (test done for $n=11$ (10,1)	6 (15.4)	1 (0.9)	0.001	
CSF analysis (Median, IQR*)				
RBC (x 10° /L)	6.0 (1.0 – 17.0)	5.0(1.0-24.0)	0.765	
WBC (x 10° /L)	207 (80.0 - 409.0)	157.0 (51.0 - 420.0)	0.349	
% Neutrophils	2.5(0.0-8.0)	9.0 (2.0 – 33.0)	0.0005	
% Lymphocytes	87.5 (73.0 - 94.5)	69.0 (44.0 - 87.0)	0.0011	
% Monocytes	7.0 (3.5-15.0)	9.0 (3.0 – 20.0)	0.716	
Glucose (mmol/L)	3.2 (2.8-4.4)	3.1 (2.8 – 3.5)	0.072	
Protein (g/L)	0.8 (0.6 – 1.2)	0.7 (0.5 - 0.95)	0.008	

Clinical findings and CSF features that differentiate Herpes Simplex Virus from Enteroviral Meningitis.

Appendix 3: Univariate Sensitivity Analysis Comparing Confirmed HSV to Confirmed EnV in Immunocompetent Patients (N =42)

	Total (%)			
	HSV (N = 23)	EnV (N=19)	p-value	
CSF analysis (Median, IQR*)			-	
RBC ($x \ 10^6 \ /L$)	7.0 (1.0 – 16.0)	9.0 (3.0 – 14.0)	0.676	
WBC(x 10^6 /L)	346.0 (150.0 - 640.0)	150.0 (42.0 - 365.0)	0.106	
% Neutrophils	3.0 (0.0 - 7.0)	20.0 (3.0 - 70.0)	0.003	
% Lymphocytes	87.0 (71.0 - 94.0)	55.0 (30.0 - 73.0)	0.0007	
% Monocytes	7.0 (4.0 – 19.0)	11.5 (7.0-20.0)	0.264	
Glucose (mmol/L)	3.2 (2.7 – 5.4)	3.3 (2.6 – 3.3)	0.238	
Protein (g/L)	0.8 (0.6 – 1.2)	0.4 (0.3 – 0.7)	0.0008	

Clinical findings and CSF features that differentiate Herpes Simplex Virus from Enteroviral Meningitis.

Appendix 4A: ROC Curve for Cerebrospinal Fluid Neutrophils for HSV Meningitis/Meningoencephalitis





Appendix 4B: ROC Curve for Cerebrospinal Fluid Lymphocytes for HSV Meningitis/Meningoencephalitis



Appendix 4C: ROC Curve for Cerebrospinal Fluid Protein Levels for HSV Meningitis/Meningoencephalitis