

**Supplementary material 1:** Explanations and formulas of texture parameters.

Texture parameters from Histogram-based matrix (HISTO):

Parameter	Description	Formula
HISTO-Skewness	Asymmetry of the grey-level distribution in the histogram	$HISTO\_Skewness = \frac{\frac{1}{E} \sum_i (HISTO(i) - \overline{HISTO})^3}{(\sqrt{\frac{1}{E} \sum_i (HISTO(i) - \overline{HISTO})^2})^3}$
HISTO-Kurtosis	Shape of the grey-level distribution relative to a normal distribution	$HISTO\_Kurtosis = \frac{\frac{1}{E} \sum_i (HISTO(i) - \overline{HISTO})^4}{(\frac{1}{E} \sum_i (HISTO(i) - \overline{HISTO})^2)^2}$
HISTO-Entropy	Randomness of the distribution	$HISTO\_Entropy_{log10} = - \sum_i p(i) \cdot log_{10}(p(i) + \varepsilon)$
HISTO-Energy	Uniformity of the distribution	$HISTO\_Energy = \sum_i p(i)^2$

$E$ : the total number of voxels in the Volume of Interest;  $HISTO(i)$ : the number of voxels with intensity  $I$ ;  $\overline{HISTO}$ : the average of grey-levels in the histogram;  $p(i)$ : the probability of occurrence of voxels with intensity  $I$ ;  $\varepsilon = 2e - 16$ ;  $V_i$ : the volume of voxel  $i$  of the Volume Of Interest.

Texture parameters from grey level co-occurrence matrix (GLCM):

Parameter	Description	Formula
GLCM-Homogeneity	Homogeneity of grey-level voxel pairs	$GLCM_{Homogeneity} = \text{Average over 13 directions} \left( \sum_i \sum_j \frac{GLCM(i,j)}{1 +  i - j } \right)$
GLCM-Energy	Uniformity of grey-level voxel pairs	$GLCM_{Energy} = \text{Average over 13 directions} \left( \sum_i \sum_j GLCM(i,j)^2 \right)$
GLCM-Contrast	Local variations in the GLCM	$GLCM_{Contrast} = \text{Average over 13 directions} \left( \sum_i \sum_j (i - j)^2 \cdot GLCM(i,j) \right)$
GLCM-Correlation	Linear dependency of grey-levels in GLCM	$GLCM_{Correlation} = \text{Average over 13 directions} \left( \sum_i \sum_j \frac{(i - \mu_i) \cdot (j - \mu_j) \cdot GLCM(i,j)}{\sigma_i \cdot \sigma_j} \right)$
GLCM-Entropy	Randomness of grey-level voxel pairs	$GLCM_{Entropy_{log_{10}}} = \text{Average over 13 directions} \left( - \sum_i \sum_j GLCM(i,j) \cdot log_{10}(GLCM(i,j) + \epsilon) \right)$
GLCM-Dissimilarity	Variation of grey-level voxel pairs	$GLCM_{Dissimilarity} = \text{Average over 13 directions} \left( \sum_i \sum_j  i - j  \cdot GLCM(i,j) \right)$

$I(p, q)$  corresponds to voxel  $(p, q)$  in an image  $(I)$  of size  $N \times M$ ;  $Pairs_{ROI}$  corresponds to the number of all voxel pairs belonging to the region of interest (ROI);  $\mu_i$ : the average on row i;  $\mu_j$ : the average on column j;  $\sigma_i$ : the variance on row i;  $\sigma_j$ : the variance on column j;  $\epsilon = 2e - 16$ .

$$GLCM_{\Delta x, \Delta y}(i, j) = \frac{1}{Pairs_{ROI}} \sum_{p=1}^{N-\Delta x} \sum_{q=1}^{M-\Delta y} \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } (I(p, q) = i, I(p + \Delta x, q + \Delta y) = j) \\ & \quad \text{and } I(p, q), I(p + \Delta x, q + \Delta y) \in ROI \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$