Appendix

Table 4. Variables description

| Sr. No | Variables | Symbol | Definition/Construction | Source of Data |
|--------|---|--------|--|----------------|
| 1 | Workers' Remittances | WR | The transfer of foreign money by migrated workers to Pakistan. | SBP |
| 2 | Interest Rate | INT | Call money rate | SBP |
| 3 | Gold prices | GOLD | Gold prices is defining the price of gold in which the gold is traded on gold market. | SBP |
| 4 | Development expenditure | DEX | It is the type of expenditure which helps economic and social development on the country. For example, the expenditure on education, health etc. | SBP |
| 5 | Major agriculture crops | AGC | Major agriculture crops are wheat, rice, cotton, sugarcane, maize etc. | SBP |
| 6 | Inflation | INF | Inflation is the increase in price of goods and services over time in general level. Inflation rate is measured by CPI _t - CPI _{t-1} / CPI _{t-1} * 100 | SBP |
| 7 | Foreign direct investment | FDI | FDI is the type of investment in which the people or organization of one country invested in company of property of other countries. | SBP |
| 8 | Trade openness | ТО | Trade openness is defined as the ratio of trade to GDP | SBP |
| 9 | Exchange rate/Nominal exchange rate | EXR | Value of the rupees per unit of US dollar | IFS |
| 10 | Stock market performance | SP | Share prices | IFS |
| 11 | Investment return of Pak | IRPak | 0.8INT _{Pk} + 0.2dLn (SP _{Pk}) Where INT _{Pk} is interest rate and SP _{Pk} is share prices of Pakistan. | IFS |
| 12 | Investment return of US | IRUS | 0.8INT _{US} + 0.2dLn (SP _{US}) Where INT _{US} is interest rate and SP _{US} is share prices of US. | IFS |
| 13 | Real Domestic Product | GDP | It is defined as, the total value of final goods and services which are produced inside the boundary of the country in a given period. | WDI |

| 14 | Unemployment | UEMP | Unemployment is defined as, the people who want to work but do not have a job. | WDI |
|----|-------------------------------------|------|--|--|
| 15 | Foreign debts | DEBT | Foreign debt is a money that one country borrowed from outside country or organization. It is also known as external debt. | WDI |
| 16 | Real effective exchange rate | REER | It is defined as, the nominal effective exchange rate which is divided by a price deflator. | WDI |
| 17 | Secondary school enrolment | SSEN | Secondary school enrolment is defined as the number of students which are enrolled in secondary school. | WDI |
| 18 | Financial Liberalization | FINL | The data on f inancial liberalization is taken from Shabbir (2013). He used the following formula for the construction of financial liberalization. | Shabbir (2013) |
| 19 | Job skill index | | The Job skill index is constructed with the help of weighted index of the different skill categories. | Bureau of Emigration and Overseas Employment |
| 20 | Wage rate | WAGE | The amount of wage that is paid to the worker per unit of time. | Bhatti(2018) |
| 21 | Democracy | DMOC | Democracy is the type of government in which people elect their representatives. | ICRG |
| 22 | Internal Conflict | ICNF | Internal conflict is defined as, the political violence inside the country and its actual influence on the governance. | ICRG |
| 23 | External Conflict | XCNF | External conflict is defined as, the problem such as; diplomatic pressures, trade restrictions etc. to the mandatory government from the foreign action to violent external pressure. | ICRG |
| 24 | Law and order situation | LAOR | Law and order situation is defined as the condition when people follow the rule and regulation. There is no violence or threats, and the police control all the crime etc. | ICRG |
| 25 | Corruption | CRRP | The illegal actions by powerful people such as bureaucrats, government, police etc. | ICRG |
| 26 | Terrorism index (no' of attacks) | TIND | It is the use of violence and threats for the purpose of achieving political and ideological objectives. | ICRG |
| 27 | Government stability | GS | Whenever the representative of the govt. change without any threats of violence it is known as political stability. | ICRG |

| 28 | Black Market | BMP | Black market premium is define as, the percentage | ICRG |
|----|--------------|-----|---|------|
| | Premium | | difference between the black market exchange rate | |
| | | | and official exchange rate. | |
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Table 4 describes the variables, symbols, definition of each variable and source of data.