

Research Article

Global Dynamics of Some Exponential Type Systems

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We explore the boundedness and persistence, existence of an invariant rectangle, local dynamical properties about the unique positive fixed point, global dynamics by the discrete-time Lyapunov function, and the rate of convergence of some (2, 3)-type exponential systems of difference equations. Finally, theoretical results are numerically verified.

1. Introduction

Recently, global dynamical properties of (2, 2) as well as (2, 3)-type exponential difference equations or systems of exponential difference equations have widely been explored. In this regard, Ozturk et al. [1] have explored the global dynamical properties of the following (2, 2)-type exponential difference equation:

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11}e^{-x_n}}{\alpha_{12} + x_{n-1}}, \quad (1)$$

where α_s ($s = 10, 11, 12$) and x_s ($s = -1, 0$) are the positive real numbers. Equation (1) may be viewed as a model in mathematical biology where α_{10} is the immigration rate, α_{11} is the population growth rate, and α_{12} is the carrying capacity. Bozkurt [2] has explored the global dynamical properties of the following (2, 3)-type exponential difference equation:

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{\alpha_{10}e^{-x_n} + \alpha_{11}e^{-x_{n-1}}}{\alpha_{12} + \alpha_{10}x_n + \alpha_{11}x_{n-1}}, \quad (2)$$

where α_s ($s = 10, 11, 12$) and x_s ($s = -1, 0$) are the positive real numbers. More precisely, Bozkurt [2] has explored the local asymptotic stability of the equilibrium point by linearized stability theorem, gasymptotic stability behavior by Lyapunov function, and semicycle analysis of positive solutions of the exponential difference equation, which is depicted in (2). Finally, theoretical results are verified numerically. Motivated from the aforementioned studies, here our purpose is to explore the global dynamical properties of the following (2, 3)-type exponential systems, that is the extension of the work of Bozkurt [2]:

$$\begin{aligned} x_{n+1} &= \frac{\alpha_{10}e^{-y_n} + \alpha_{11}e^{-y_{n-1}}}{\alpha_{12} + \alpha_{10}y_n + \alpha_{11}y_{n-1}}, \\ y_{n+1} &= \frac{\alpha_{13}e^{-z_n} + \alpha_{14}e^{-z_{n-1}}}{\alpha_{15} + \alpha_{13}z_n + \alpha_{14}z_{n-1}}, \\ z_{n+1} &= \frac{\alpha_{16}e^{-x_n} + \alpha_{17}e^{-x_{n-1}}}{\alpha_{18} + \alpha_{16}x_n + \alpha_{17}x_{n-1}}, \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

$$\begin{aligned}x_{n+1} &= \frac{\alpha_{19}e^{-z_n} + \alpha_{20}e^{-z_{n-1}}}{\alpha_{21} + \alpha_{19}z_n + \alpha_{20}z_{n-1}}, \\y_{n+1} &= \frac{\alpha_{22}e^{-x_n} + \alpha_{23}e^{-x_{n-1}}}{\alpha_{24} + \alpha_{22}x_n + \alpha_{23}x_{n-1}}, \\z_{n+1} &= \frac{\alpha_{25}e^{-y_n} + \alpha_{26}e^{-y_{n-1}}}{\alpha_{27} + \alpha_{25}y_n + \alpha_{26}y_{n-1}},\end{aligned}\quad (4)$$

$$\begin{aligned}x_{n+1} &= \frac{\alpha_{28}e^{-x_n} + \alpha_{29}e^{-x_{n-1}}}{\alpha_{30} + \alpha_{28}x_n + \alpha_{29}x_{n-1}}, \\y_{n+1} &= \frac{\alpha_{31}e^{-y_n} + \alpha_{32}e^{-y_{n-1}}}{\alpha_{33} + \alpha_{31}z_n + \alpha_{32}z_{n-1}}, \\z_{n+1} &= \frac{\alpha_{34}e^{-z_n} + \alpha_{35}e^{-z_{n-1}}}{\alpha_{36} + \alpha_{34}y_n + \alpha_{35}y_{n-1}},\end{aligned}\quad (5)$$

$$\begin{aligned}x_{n+1} &= \frac{\alpha_{37}e^{-x_n} + \alpha_{38}e^{-x_{n-1}}}{\alpha_{39} + \alpha_{37}y_n + \alpha_{38}y_{n-1}}, \\y_{n+1} &= \frac{\alpha_{40}e^{-y_n} + \alpha_{41}e^{-y_{n-1}}}{\alpha_{42} + \alpha_{40}x_n + \alpha_{41}x_{n-1}}, \\z_{n+1} &= \frac{\alpha_{43}e^{-z_n} + \alpha_{44}e^{-z_{n-1}}}{\alpha_{45} + \alpha_{43}z_n + \alpha_{44}z_{n-1}},\end{aligned}\quad (6)$$

$$\begin{aligned}x_{n+1} &= \frac{\alpha_{46}e^{-x_n} + \alpha_{47}e^{-x_{n-1}}}{\alpha_{48} + \alpha_{46}z_n + \alpha_{47}z_{n-1}}, \\y_{n+1} &= \frac{\alpha_{49}e^{-y_n} + \alpha_{50}e^{-y_{n-1}}}{\alpha_{51} + \alpha_{49}y_n + \alpha_{50}y_{n-1}}, \\z_{n+1} &= \frac{\alpha_{52}e^{-z_n} + \alpha_{53}e^{-z_{n-1}}}{\alpha_{54} + \alpha_{52}x_n + \alpha_{53}x_{n-1}},\end{aligned}\quad (7)$$

$$\begin{aligned}x_{n+1} &= \frac{\alpha_{55}e^{-z_n} + \alpha_{56}e^{-z_{n-1}}}{\alpha_{57} + \alpha_{55}x_n + \alpha_{56}x_{n-1}}, \\y_{n+1} &= \frac{\alpha_{58}e^{-x_n} + \alpha_{59}e^{-x_{n-1}}}{\alpha_{60} + \alpha_{58}y_n + \alpha_{59}y_{n-1}}, \\z_{n+1} &= \frac{\alpha_{61}e^{-y_n} + \alpha_{62}e^{-y_{n-1}}}{\alpha_{63} + \alpha_{61}z_n + \alpha_{62}z_{n-1}},\end{aligned}\quad (8)$$

where α_s ($s = 10, \dots, 63$) and x_s, y_s, z_s ($s = -1, 0$) are the positive real numbers.

The rest of the paper is organized as follows: in Section 2, we explore that every positive solution of systems (3)–(8) is bounded and persists, whereas construction of an invariant rectangle is explored in Section 3. In Section 4, we explore the existence as well as uniqueness of the positive equilibrium point of systems (3)–(8). In Section 5, we explore the local dynamical properties about the unique positive equilibrium point of systems (3)–(8). In Section 6, we explore global dynamics about the positive equilibrium by the discrete-time Lyapunov function. We study the rate of convergence in Section 7, whereas discussion along with numerical simulations is presented in Section 8.

2. Boundedness and Persistence of Systems (3)–(8)

Theorem 1. Every positive solution $\{\Omega_n\}_{n=-1}^{\infty}$ of systems (3)–(8) is bounded and persists.

Proof. (i) If $\{\Omega_n\}_{n=-1}^{\infty}$ is a positive solution of (3), then

$$\begin{aligned}x_n &\leq \frac{\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11}}{\alpha_{12}} = U_1, \\y_n &\leq \frac{\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14}}{\alpha_{15}} = U_2, \\z_n &\leq \frac{\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17}}{\alpha_{18}} = U_3,\end{aligned}\quad (9)$$

$n = 1, 2, \dots$

From (3) and (9), one gets

$$\begin{aligned}x_n &\geq \frac{(\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})e^{-((\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})/\alpha_{15})}}{\alpha_{10} + (\alpha_{11} + \alpha_{12})((\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})/\alpha_{15})} = L_1, \\y_n &\geq \frac{(\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-((\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})/\alpha_{18})}}{\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})((\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})/\alpha_{18})} = L_2, \\z_n &\geq \frac{(\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})e^{-((\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})/\alpha_{12})}}{\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})((\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})/\alpha_{12})} = L_3,\end{aligned}\quad (10)$$

$n = 2, 3, \dots$

So, from (9) and (10), one has

$$\begin{aligned}L_1 &\leq x_n \leq U_1, \\L_2 &\leq y_n \leq U_2, \\L_3 &\leq z_n \leq U_3,\end{aligned}\quad (11)$$

$n = 3, 4, \dots$

(ii) If $\{\Omega_n\}_{n=-1}^{\infty}$ is a positive solution of (4), then

$$\begin{aligned}x_n &\leq \frac{\alpha_{19} + \alpha_{20}}{\alpha_{21}} = U_4, \\y_n &\leq \frac{\alpha_{22} + \alpha_{23}}{\alpha_{24}} = U_5, \\z_n &\leq \frac{\alpha_{25} + \alpha_{26}}{\alpha_{27}} = U_6,\end{aligned}\quad (12)$$

$n = 1, 2, \dots$

From (4) and (12), one gets

$$\begin{aligned}
x_n &\geq \frac{(\alpha_{19} + \alpha_{20})e^{-((\alpha_{25} + \alpha_{26})/\alpha_{27})}}{\alpha_{21} + (\alpha_{19} + \alpha_{20})((\alpha_{25} + \alpha_{26})/\alpha_{27})} = L_4, \\
y_n &\geq \frac{(\alpha_{22} + \alpha_{23})e^{-((\alpha_{19} + \alpha_{20})/\alpha_{21})}}{\alpha_{24} + (\alpha_{22} + \alpha_{23})((\alpha_{19} + \alpha_{20})/\alpha_{21})} = L_5, \\
z_n &\geq \frac{(\alpha_{25} + \alpha_{26})e^{-((\alpha_{22} + \alpha_{23})/\alpha_{24})}}{\alpha_{27} + (\alpha_{25} + \alpha_{26})((\alpha_{22} + \alpha_{23})/\alpha_{24})} = L_6,
\end{aligned} \tag{13}$$

$$n = 2, 3, \dots$$

So, from (12) and (13), one gets

$$\begin{aligned}
L_4 &\leq x_n \leq U_4, \\
L_5 &\leq y_n \leq U_5, \\
L_6 &\leq z_n \leq U_6,
\end{aligned} \tag{14}$$

$$n = 3, 4, \dots$$

(iii) If $\{\Omega_n\}_{n=-1}^{\infty}$ is a positive solution of (5), then

$$\begin{aligned}
x_n &\leq \frac{\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29}}{\alpha_{30}} = U_7, \\
y_n &\leq \frac{\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32}}{\alpha_{33}} = U_8, \\
z_n &\leq \frac{\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35}}{\alpha_{36}} = U_9,
\end{aligned} \tag{15}$$

$$n = 1, 2, \dots$$

From (5) and (15), one gets

$$\begin{aligned}
x_n &\geq \frac{(\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29})e^{-((\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29})/\alpha_{30})}}{\alpha_{30} + (\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29})((\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29})/\alpha_{30})} = L_7, \\
y_n &\geq \frac{(\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})e^{-((\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})/\alpha_{33})}}{\alpha_{33} + (\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})((\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})/\alpha_{33})} = L_8, \\
z_n &\geq \frac{(\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})e^{-((\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})/\alpha_{35})}}{\alpha_{36} + (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})((\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})/\alpha_{35})} = L_9,
\end{aligned} \tag{16}$$

$$n = 2, 3, \dots$$

So, from (15) and (16), one gets

$$\begin{aligned}
L_7 &\leq x_n \leq U_7, \\
L_8 &\leq y_n \leq U_8, \\
L_9 &\leq z_n \leq U_9,
\end{aligned} \tag{17}$$

$$n = 3, 4, \dots$$

(iv) If $\{\Omega_n\}_{n=-1}^{\infty}$ is a positive solution of (6), then

$$\begin{aligned}
x_n &\leq \frac{\alpha_{37} + \alpha_{38}}{\alpha_{39}} = U_{10}, \\
y_n &\leq \frac{\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{41}}{\alpha_{42}} = U_{11}, \\
z_n &\leq \frac{\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{44}}{\alpha_{45}} = U_{12},
\end{aligned} \tag{18}$$

$$n = 1, 2, \dots$$

From (6) and (18), one gets

$$\begin{aligned}
x_n &\geq \frac{(\alpha_{37} + \alpha_{38})e^{-((\alpha_{37} + \alpha_{38})/\alpha_{39})}}{\alpha_{39} + (\alpha_{37} + \alpha_{38})((\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{41})/\alpha_{42})} = L_{10}, \\
y_n &\geq \frac{(\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{41})e^{-((\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{41})/\alpha_{42})}}{\alpha_{42} + (\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{41})((\alpha_{37} + \alpha_{38})/\alpha_{39})} = L_{11}, \\
z_n &\geq \frac{(\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{44})e^{-((\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{44})/\alpha_{45})}}{\alpha_{45} + (\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{44})((\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{44})/\alpha_{45})} = L_{12},
\end{aligned} \tag{19}$$

$$n = 2, 3, \dots$$

So, from (18) and (19), one gets

$$\begin{aligned}
L_{10} &\leq x_n \leq U_{10}, \\
L_{11} &\leq y_n \leq U_{11}, \\
L_{12} &\leq z_n \leq U_{12},
\end{aligned} \tag{20}$$

$$n = 3, 4, \dots$$

(v) If $\{\Omega_n\}_{n=-1}^{\infty}$ is a positive solution of (7), then

$$\begin{aligned}
x_n &\leq \frac{\alpha_{46} + \alpha_{47}}{\alpha_{48}} = U_{13}, \\
y_n &\leq \frac{\alpha_{49} + \alpha_{50}}{\alpha_{51}} = U_{14}, \\
z_n &\leq \frac{\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{53}}{\alpha_{54}} = U_{15},
\end{aligned} \tag{21}$$

$$n = 1, 2, \dots$$

From (7) and (21), one gets

$$\begin{aligned}
x_n &\geq \frac{(\alpha_{46} + \alpha_{47})e^{-((\alpha_{46} + \alpha_{47})/\alpha_{48})}}{\alpha_{48} + (\alpha_{46} + \alpha_{47})((\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{53})/\alpha_{54})} = L_{13}, \\
y_n &\geq \frac{(\alpha_{49} + \alpha_{50})e^{-((\alpha_{49} + \alpha_{50})/\alpha_{51})}}{\alpha_{51} + (\alpha_{49} + \alpha_{50})((\alpha_{49} + \alpha_{50})/\alpha_{51})} = L_{14}, \\
z_n &\geq \frac{(\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{53})e^{-((\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{53})/\alpha_{54})}}{\alpha_{54} + (\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{53})((\alpha_{46} + \alpha_{47})/\alpha_{48})} = L_{15},
\end{aligned} \tag{22}$$

$$n = 2, 3, \dots$$

So, from (21) and (22), one gets

$$\begin{aligned} L_{13} &\leq x_n \leq U_{13}, \\ L_{14} &\leq y_n \leq U_{14}, \\ L_{15} &\leq z_n \leq U_{15}, \\ n &= 3, 4, \dots \end{aligned} \quad (23)$$

(vi) If $\{\Omega_n\}_{n=-1}^{\infty}$ is a positive solution of (8), then

$$\begin{aligned} x_n &\leq \frac{\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56}}{\alpha_{57}} = U_{16}, \\ y_n &\leq \frac{\alpha_{58} + \alpha_{59}}{\alpha_{60}} = U_{17}, \\ z_n &\leq \frac{\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{62}}{\alpha_{63}} = U_{18}, \\ n &= 1, 2, \dots \end{aligned} \quad (24)$$

From (8) and (24), one gets

$$\begin{aligned} x_n &\geq \frac{(\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})e^{-((\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{62})/\alpha_{63})}}{\alpha_{57} + (\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})(\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})/\alpha_{57}} = L_{16}, \\ y_n &\geq \frac{(\alpha_{58} + \alpha_{59})e^{-((\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})/\alpha_{57})}}{\alpha_{60} + (\alpha_{58} + \alpha_{59})(\alpha_{58} + \alpha_{59})/\alpha_{60}} = L_{17}, \\ z_n &\geq \frac{(\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{62})e^{-((\alpha_{58} + \alpha_{59})/\alpha_{60})}}{\alpha_{63} + (\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{62})(\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{62})/\alpha_{63}} = L_{18}, \\ n &= 2, 3, \dots \end{aligned} \quad (25)$$

So, from (24) and (25), one gets

$$\begin{aligned} L_{16} &\leq x_n \leq U_{16}, \\ L_{17} &\leq y_n \leq U_{17}, \\ L_{18} &\leq z_n \leq U_{18}, \\ n &= 3, 4, \dots \end{aligned} \quad (26)$$

□

3. Existence of Invariant Rectangle of Systems (3)–(8)

Theorem 2. If $\{\Omega_n\}_{n=-1}^{\infty}$ is a positive solution of systems (3)–(8), then their corresponding invariant rectangles,

respectively, are $[L_1, U_1] \times [L_2, U_2] \times [L_3, U_3]$, $[L_4, U_4] \times [L_5, U_5] \times [L_6, U_6]$, $[L_7, U_7] \times [L_8, U_8] \times [L_9, U_9]$, $[L_{10}, U_{10}] \times [L_{11}, U_{11}] \times [L_{12}, U_{12}]$, $[L_{13}, U_{13}] \times [L_{14}, U_{14}] \times [L_{15}, U_{15}]$, and $[L_{16}, U_{16}] \times [L_{17}, U_{17}] \times [L_{18}, U_{18}]$.

Proof. If $\{\Omega_n\}_{n=-1}^{\infty}$ is a positive solution with $x_0, x_{-1} \in [L_1, U_1]$, $y_0, y_{-1} \in [L_2, U_2]$, and $z_0, z_{-1} \in [L_3, U_3]$, then from (3), one has

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 &= \frac{\alpha_{10}e^{-y_0} + \alpha_{11}e^{-y_{-1}}}{\alpha_{12} + \alpha_{10}y_0 + \alpha_{11}y_{-1}} \leq \frac{\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11}}{\alpha_{12}}, \\ x_1 &= \frac{\alpha_{10}e^{-y_0} + \alpha_{11}e^{-y_{-1}}}{\alpha_{12} + \alpha_{10}y_0 + \alpha_{11}y_{-1}} \geq \frac{(\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})e^{-((\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})/\alpha_{15})}}{\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})((\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})/\alpha_{15})}, \\ y_1 &= \frac{\alpha_{13}e^{-z_0} + \alpha_{14}e^{-z_{-1}}}{\alpha_{15} + \alpha_{13}z_0 + \alpha_{14}z_{-1}} \leq \frac{\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14}}{\alpha_{15}}, \\ y_1 &= \frac{\alpha_{13}e^{-z_0} + \alpha_{14}e^{-z_{-1}}}{\alpha_{15} + \alpha_{13}z_0 + \alpha_{14}z_{-1}} \geq \frac{(\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-((\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})/\alpha_{18})}}{\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})((\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})/\alpha_{18})}, \\ z_1 &= \frac{\alpha_{16}e^{-x_0} + \alpha_{17}e^{-x_{-1}}}{\alpha_{18} + \alpha_{16}x_0 + \alpha_{17}x_{-1}} \leq \frac{\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17}}{\alpha_{18}}, \\ z_1 &= \frac{\alpha_{16}e^{-x_0} + \alpha_{17}e^{-x_{-1}}}{\alpha_{18} + \alpha_{16}x_0 + \alpha_{17}x_{-1}} \geq \frac{(\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})e^{-((\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})/\alpha_{12})}}{\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})((\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})/\alpha_{12})}. \end{aligned} \quad (27)$$

Hence (27) then implies that $x_1 \in [L_1, U_1]$, $y_1 \in [L_2, U_2]$, and $z_1 \in [L_3, U_3]$. Finally from (3), it is easy to establish that $x_{k+1} \in [L_1, U_1]$ (resp., $y_{k+1} \in [L_2, U_2]$ and $z_{k+1} \in [L_3, U_3]$) if $x_k \in [L_1, U_1]$ (resp., $y_k \in [L_2, U_2]$ and $z_k \in [L_3, U_3]$). □

Remark 1. In a similar way, one can prove the invariant rectangle for systems (4)–(8).

4. Existence as well as Uniqueness of Positive Fixed Point of Systems (3)–(8)

Existence as well as uniqueness of a positive fixed point of systems (3)–(8) is explored in this section, as follows.

Theorem 3.

(i) System (3) has a unique positive fixed point: $Y_1 = (\bar{x}, \bar{y}, \bar{z}) \in [L_1, U_1] \times [L_2, U_2] \times [L_3, U_3]$ if

$$\begin{aligned} &\frac{(\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-L_1} ((U_1 + 1)(\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14}) + \alpha_{15})(\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})e^{-(((\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-U_1})/(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})L_1))}}{(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})z)^2 (\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17}))^2} \\ &\times \frac{((\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})(((\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-L_1})/(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})L_1)) + 1) + \alpha_{12}}{(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})((\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-L_1})/(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})L_1))^2} (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17}) \\ &\cdot e^{-((\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})e^{-(((\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-L_1})/(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})L_1))}/(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})((\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-L_1})/(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})L_1))))} \\ &\times ((\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})(\Lambda_1 + 1) + \alpha_{18}) < \Lambda_1^2, \end{aligned} \quad (28)$$

where

$$\Lambda_1 = \frac{(\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})e^{-((\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-U_3})/(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})L_3)}}{\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})(((\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-L_3})/(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})L_3))}; \quad (29)$$

(ii) System (4) has a unique positive fixed point: $Y_2 = (\bar{x}, \bar{y}, \bar{z}) \in [L_4, U_4] \times [L_5, U_5] \times [L_6, U_6]$ if

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(\alpha_{19} + \alpha_{20})e^{-L_6}((U_6 + 1)(\alpha_{19} + \alpha_{20}) + \alpha_{21})(\alpha_{22} + \alpha_{23})e^{-((\alpha_{19} + \alpha_{20})e^{-U_6})/(\alpha_{21} + (\alpha_{19} + \alpha_{20})L_6)}}{(\alpha_{21} + (\alpha_{19} + \alpha_{20})U_6)^2} \\ & \times \frac{((\alpha_{22} + \alpha_{23})(((\alpha_{19} + \alpha_{20})e^{-L_6})/(\alpha_{21} + (\alpha_{19} + \alpha_{20})L_6)) + 1) + \alpha_{24})(\alpha_{25} + \alpha_{26})e^{-((\alpha_{22} + \alpha_{23})e^{-((\alpha_{19} + \alpha_{20})e^{-L_6})/(\alpha_{21} + (\alpha_{19} + \alpha_{20})L_6)})/((\alpha_{24} + (\alpha_{22} + \alpha_{23}))(((\alpha_{19} + \alpha_{20})e^{-L_6})/(\alpha_{21} + (\alpha_{19} + \alpha_{20})L_6)))}}{(\alpha_{24} + (\alpha_{22} + \alpha_{23})(((\alpha_{19} + \alpha_{20})e^{-L_6})/(\alpha_{21} + (\alpha_{19} + \alpha_{20})L_6)))^2} \\ & \times \frac{((\alpha_{25} + \alpha_{26})(\Lambda_2 + 1) + \alpha_{27})}{(\alpha_{27} + (\alpha_{25} + \alpha_{26}))^2} < \Lambda_2^2, \end{aligned} \quad (30)$$

where

$$\Lambda_2 = \frac{(\alpha_{22} + \alpha_{23})e^{-((\alpha_{19} + \alpha_{20})e^{-U_6})/(\alpha_{21} + (\alpha_{19} + \alpha_{20})L_6)}}{\alpha_{24} + (\alpha_{22} + \alpha_{23})(((\alpha_{19} + \alpha_{20})e^{-L_6})/(\alpha_{21} + (\alpha_{19} + \alpha_{20})L_6))}; \quad (31)$$

(iii) System (5) has a unique positive fixed point: $Y_3 = (\bar{x}, \bar{y}, \bar{z}) \in [L_7, U_7] \times [L_8, U_8] \times [L_9, U_9]$ if

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{e^{-((e^{-U_8}/L_8) - (\alpha_{33}/(\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})))}e^{-L_8}(U_8 + 1)((e^{-L_8}/L_8) - (\alpha_{33}/(\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32}))) + 1)}{((e^{-L_8}/L_8) - (\alpha_{33}/(\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})))^2 U_8^2} \\ & \cdot e^{-((e^{-(e^{-L_8}/U_8)} - (\alpha_{33}/(\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32}))) / (e^{-L_8}/L_8) - (\alpha_{33}/(\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32}))) - (\alpha_{36}/(\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35}))} < \Lambda_3^2, \end{aligned} \quad (32)$$

where

$$\Lambda_3 = \frac{e^{-((e^{-U_8}/L_8) - (\alpha_{33}/(\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})))}}{((e^{-L_8}/L_8) - (\alpha_{33}/(\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})))} - \frac{\alpha_{36}}{\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35}}; \quad (33)$$

(iv) System (6) has a unique positive fixed point: $Y_4 = (\bar{x}, \bar{y}, \bar{z}) \in [L_{10}, U_{10}] \times [L_{11}, U_{11}] \times [L_{12}, U_{12}]$ if

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{e^{-((e^{-U_{10}}/L_{10}) - (\alpha_{39}/(\alpha_{37} + \alpha_{38})))}e^{-L_{10}}(U_{10} + 1)((e^{-L_{10}}/L_{10}) - (\alpha_{39}/(\alpha_{37} + \alpha_{38}))) + 1)}{((e^{-L_{10}}/L_{10}) - (\alpha_{39}/(\alpha_{37} + \alpha_{38})))^2 U_{10}^2} \\ & \cdot e^{-((e^{-(e^{-L_{10}}/U_{10})} - (\alpha_{39}/(\alpha_{37} + \alpha_{38}))) / (e^{-L_{10}}/L_{10}) - (\alpha_{39}/(\alpha_{37} + \alpha_{38}))) - (\alpha_{42}/(\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{41}))} < \Lambda_4^2, \end{aligned} \quad (34)$$

where

$$\Lambda_4 = \frac{e^{-((e^{-U_{10}}/L_{10}) - (\alpha_{39}/(\alpha_{37} + \alpha_{38})))}}{((e^{-L_{10}}/L_{10}) - (\alpha_{39}/(\alpha_{37} + \alpha_{38})))} - \frac{\alpha_{42}}{\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{41}}; \quad (35)$$

(v) System (7) has a unique positive fixed point: $Y_5 = (\bar{x}, \bar{y}, \bar{z}) \in [L_{13}, U_{13}] \times [L_{14}, U_{14}] \times [L_{15}, U_{15}]$ if

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{e^{-((e^{-U_{13}}/L_{13}) - (\alpha_{48}/(\alpha_{46} + \alpha_{47})))} e^{-L_{13}} (U_{13} + 1) ((e^{-L_{13}}/L_{13}) - (\alpha_{48}/(\alpha_{46} + \alpha_{47})) + 1)}{((e^{-L_{13}}/L_{13}) - (\alpha_{48}/(\alpha_{46} + \alpha_{47})))^2 U_{13}^2} \\ & \cdot e^{-\left(\left(e^{-((e^{-L_{13}}/L_{13}) - (\alpha_{48}/(\alpha_{46} + \alpha_{47})))} / (e^{-L_{13}}/L_{13}) - (\alpha_{48}/(\alpha_{46} + \alpha_{47})) \right) - (\alpha_{54}/(\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{53})) \right)} < \Lambda_5^2, \end{aligned} \quad (36)$$

where

$$\Lambda_5 = \frac{e^{-((e^{-U_{13}}/L_{13}) - (\alpha_{48}/(\alpha_{46} + \alpha_{47})))}}{(((e^{-L_{13}}/L_{13}) - (\alpha_{48}/(\alpha_{46} + \alpha_{47}))))} - \frac{\alpha_{54}}{\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{53}}; \quad (37)$$

(vi) System (8) has a unique positive fixed point: $Y_6 = (\bar{x}, \bar{y}, \bar{z}) \in [L_{16}, U_{16}] \times [L_{17}, U_{17}] \times [L_{18}, U_{18}]$ if

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(\alpha_{57} + 2U_{16}(\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56}))(\alpha_{63} + 2U_{16}(\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{62})\ln((\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})/(L_{16}(\alpha_{57} + (\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})L_{16}))))}{(\alpha_{63}\ln(\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})/L_{16}(\alpha_{57} + (\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})L_{16}) + (\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{62})(\ln((\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})/(L_{16}(\alpha_{57} + (\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})L_{16}))))^2} \\ & \times \left(\frac{\alpha_{57} + 2U_{16}(\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})(\alpha_{63} + 2(\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{62}))\ln((\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})/(L_{16}(\alpha_{57} + (\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})L_{16})))}{\alpha_{63}\ln((\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})/(L_{16}(\alpha_{57} + (\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})L_{16})))} + \Lambda_6 \right) \\ & \times \frac{\alpha_{60}(\alpha_{58} + \alpha_{59})}{L_{16}(\alpha_{57} + (\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})L_{16})(\alpha_{60} + (\alpha_{58} + \alpha_{59}))} < \Lambda_6, \end{aligned} \quad (38)$$

where

$$\Lambda_6 = \ln \left(\frac{\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{62}}{\ln((\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})/(L_{16}(\alpha_{57} + (\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})L_{16}))) (\alpha_{63} + (\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{62})\ln((\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})/(L_{16}(\alpha_{57} + (\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})L_{16}))))} \right). \quad (39)$$

Proof. (i) From (3), one has

$$\begin{aligned} x &= \frac{(\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})e^{-y}}{\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})y}, \\ y &= \frac{(\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-z}}{\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})z}, \\ z &= \frac{(\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})e^{-x}}{\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})x}. \end{aligned} \quad (40)$$

From (40), one gets

$$z = \frac{(\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})e^{-x}}{\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})x}, \quad (41)$$

$$x = \frac{(\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})e^{-y}}{\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})y}, \quad (41)$$

$$y = \frac{(\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-z}}{\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})z}.$$

From (41), setting

$$y = g(z) = \frac{(\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-z}}{\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})z}, \quad (42)$$

$$x = f(y) = \frac{(\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})e^{-y}}{\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})y}.$$

Denote

$$F(z) := \frac{(\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})e^{-k(z)}}{\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})k(z)} - z, \quad (43)$$

where

$$k(z) := x = f(g(z)),$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= f\left(\frac{(\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-z}}{\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})z}\right), \\ &= \frac{(\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})e^{-(((\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-z})/(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})z))}}{\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})(((\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-z})/(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})z))}, \end{aligned} \quad (44)$$

and $z \in [L_3, U_3]$. Here, our finding is that $F(z) = 0$ has a unique solution, where $z \in [L_3, U_3]$. From (43) and (44), one gets

$$F'(z) = \frac{k'(z)(\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})e^{-k(z)}((k(z) + 1)(\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17}) + \alpha_{18})}{(\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})k(z))^2} - 1, \quad (45)$$

where

$$k'(z) = -\frac{(\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-z}((z+1)(\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14}) + \alpha_{15})(\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})e^{-(((\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-z})/(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})z))}}{(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})z)^2(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})(((\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-z})/(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})z)))^2} \quad (46)$$

$$\times \left((\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11}) \left(\frac{(\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-z}}{\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})z} + 1 \right) + \alpha_{12} \right).$$

Using (44) and (46) in (45), we obtain

$$\begin{aligned} F'(z) &= \frac{(\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-z}((z+1)(\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14}) + \alpha_{15})(\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})e^{-(((\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-z})/(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})z))}}{(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})z)^2(\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})(((\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})e^{-(((\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-z})/(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})z))})/(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})(((\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-z})/(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})z))))^2} \times \\ &\quad \frac{((\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})(((\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-z})/(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})z)) + 1) + \alpha_{12}}{(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})(((\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-z})/(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})z)))^2} (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})e^{-(((\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})e^{-(((\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-z})/(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})z))})/(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})(((\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-z})/(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})z))))} \times \\ &\quad \cdot \left((\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17}) \left(\frac{(\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})e^{-(((\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-z})/(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})z))}}{\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})(((\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-z})/(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})z))} + 1 \right) + \alpha_{18} \right) - 1 \\ &\leq \frac{(\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-L_1}((U_1 + 1)(\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14}) + \alpha_{15})(\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})e^{-(((\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-L_1})/(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})L_1))}}{(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})L_1)^2(\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})\Lambda_1)^2} \times \\ &\quad \frac{((\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})(((\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-L_1})/(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})L_1)) + 1) + \alpha_{12}}{(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})(((\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-L_1})/(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})L_1)))^2} (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})e^{-(((\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})e^{-(((\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-L_1})/(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})L_1))})/(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})(((\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-L_1})/(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})L_1))))} \times \\ &\quad \cdot ((\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})(\Lambda_1 + 1) + \alpha_{18}) - 1, \end{aligned} \quad (47)$$

where Λ_1 is depicted in (29). Now, assuming that if (28) along with (29) holds then from (47), one gets $F'(z) < 0$. \square

Remark 2. The proof of (ii)–(vi) is same as the proof of (i). So, it is omitted.

5. Local Dynamics about Unique Positive Fixed Point of Systems (3)–(8)

The local dynamics about Y_i ($i = 1, \dots, 6$), respectively, of systems (3) to (8) is explored in this section, as follows.

Theorem 4. For Y_1 of (3), the following holds:

(i) Y_1 is a sink if

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\alpha_{10}\alpha_{13}(\alpha_{14} + \alpha_{17})(e^{-L_1} + L_3)(e^{-L_2} + L_1)(e^{-L_3} + L_2)}{(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})L_2)(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})L_3)(\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})L_1)} \\ & + \frac{\alpha_{10}\alpha_{14}(\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{17})(e^{-L_1} + L_3)(e^{-L_2} + L_1)(e^{-L_3} + L_2)}{(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})L_2)(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})L_3)(\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})L_1)} \\ & + \frac{(\alpha_{11}\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{10}\alpha_{14})(\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})(e^{-L_1} + L_3)(e^{-L_2} + L_1)(e^{-L_3} + L_2)}{(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})L_2)(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})L_3)(\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})L_1)} < 1; \end{aligned} \quad (48)$$

(ii) Y_1 is a source if

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\alpha_{10}\alpha_{13}(\alpha_{14} + \alpha_{17})(e^{-U_1} + U_3)(e^{-U_2} + U_1)(e^{-U_3} + U_2)}{(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})U_2)(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})U_3)(\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})U_1)} \\ & + \frac{\alpha_{10}\alpha_{14}(\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{17})(e^{-U_1} + U_3)(e^{-U_2} + U_1)(e^{-U_3} + U_2)}{(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})U_2)(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})U_3)(\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})U_1)} \\ & + \frac{(\alpha_{11}\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{10}\alpha_{14})(\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})(e^{-U_1} + U_3)(e^{-U_2} + U_1)(e^{-U_3} + U_2)}{(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})U_2)(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})U_3)(\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})U_1)} > 1. \end{aligned} \quad (49)$$

Proof. (i) If Y_1 is a fixed point of (3), then

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{x} &= \frac{(\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})e^{-\bar{y}}}{\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})\bar{y}}, \\ \bar{y} &= \frac{(\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-\bar{z}}}{\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})\bar{z}}, \\ \bar{z} &= \frac{(\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})e^{-\bar{x}}}{\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})\bar{x}}. \end{aligned} \quad (50)$$

Moreover, we have the following map for constructing the corresponding linearized form of (3):

$$(x_{n+1}, y_{n+1}, z_{n+1}, x_n, y_n, z_n) \longrightarrow (f, f_1, g, g_1, h, h_1), \quad (51)$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} f &= \frac{\alpha_{10}e^{-y_n} + \alpha_{11}e^{-y_{n-1}}}{\alpha_{12} + \alpha_{10}y_n + \alpha_{11}y_{n-1}}, \\ f_1 &= x_n, \\ g &= \frac{\alpha_{13}e^{-z_n} + \alpha_{14}e^{-z_{n-1}}}{\alpha_{15} + \alpha_{13}z_n + \alpha_{14}z_{n-1}}, \\ g_1 &= y_n, \\ h &= \frac{\alpha_{16}e^{-x_n} + \alpha_{17}e^{-x_{n-1}}}{\alpha_{18} + \alpha_{16}x_n + \alpha_{17}x_{n-1}}, \\ h_1 &= z_n. \end{aligned} \quad (52)$$

The $J|_{Y_1}$ about Y_1 subject to the map (51) is

$$J|_{Y_1} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & b_{13} & b_{14} & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & b_{35} & b_{36} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ b_{51} & b_{52} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad (53)$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} b_{13} &= -\frac{\alpha_{10}(e^{-\bar{y}} + \bar{x})}{\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})\bar{y}}, \\ b_{14} &= -\frac{\alpha_{11}(e^{-\bar{y}} + \bar{x})}{\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})\bar{y}}, \\ b_{35} &= -\frac{\alpha_{13}(e^{-\bar{z}} + \bar{y})}{\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})\bar{z}}, \\ b_{36} &= -\frac{\alpha_{14}(e^{-\bar{z}} + \bar{y})}{\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})\bar{z}}, \\ b_{51} &= -\frac{\alpha_{16}(e^{-\bar{x}} + \bar{z})}{\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})\bar{x}}, \\ b_{52} &= -\frac{\alpha_{17}(e^{-\bar{x}} + \bar{z})}{\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})\bar{x}}. \end{aligned} \quad (54)$$

The auxiliary equation of $J|_{Y_1}$ about Y_1 is

$$P(\lambda) = \lambda^6 + L_1\lambda^3 + L_2\lambda^2 + L_3\lambda + L_4 = 0, \quad (55)$$

Now,

where

$$\begin{aligned} L_1 &= -b_{13}b_{35}b_{51}, \\ L_2 &= -b_{13}b_{35}b_{52} - b_{13}b_{36}b_{51} - b_{14}b_{35}b_{51}, \\ L_3 &= -b_{13}b_{36}b_{52} - b_{14}b_{35}b_{52} - b_{14}b_{36}b_{51}, \\ L_4 &= -b_{14}b_{36}b_{52}. \end{aligned} \quad (56)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{i=1}^4 |L_i| &= \frac{\alpha_{10}\alpha_{13}(\alpha_{14} + \alpha_{17})(e^{-\bar{x}} + \bar{z})(e^{-\bar{y}} + \bar{x})(e^{-\bar{z}} + \bar{y})}{(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})\bar{y})(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})\bar{z})(\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})\bar{x})} \\ &\quad + \frac{\alpha_{10}\alpha_{14}(\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{17})(e^{-\bar{x}} + \bar{z})(e^{-\bar{y}} + \bar{x})(e^{-\bar{z}} + \bar{y})}{(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})\bar{y})(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})\bar{z})(\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})\bar{x})} \\ &\quad + \frac{\alpha_{11}\alpha_{13}(\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})(e^{-\bar{x}} + \bar{z})(e^{-\bar{y}} + \bar{x})(e^{-\bar{z}} + \bar{y})}{(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})\bar{y})(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})\bar{z})(\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})\bar{x})} \\ &\quad + \frac{\alpha_{10}\alpha_{14}(\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})(e^{-\bar{x}} + \bar{z})(e^{-\bar{y}} + \bar{x})(e^{-\bar{z}} + \bar{y})}{(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})\bar{y})(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})\bar{z})(\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})\bar{x})} \\ &\leq \frac{\alpha_{10}\alpha_{13}(\alpha_{14} + \alpha_{17})(e^{-L_1} + L_3)(e^{-L_2} + L_1)(e^{-L_3} + L_2)}{(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})L_2)(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})L_3)(\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})L_1)} \\ &\quad + \frac{\alpha_{10}\alpha_{14}(\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{17})(e^{-L_1} + L_3)(e^{-L_2} + L_1)(e^{-L_3} + L_2)}{(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})L_2)(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})L_3)(\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})L_1)} \\ &\quad + \frac{\alpha_{11}\alpha_{13}(\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})(e^{-L_1} + L_3)(e^{-L_2} + L_1)(e^{-L_3} + L_2)}{(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})L_2)(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})L_3)(\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})L_1)} \\ &\quad + \frac{\alpha_{10}\alpha_{14}(\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})(e^{-L_1} + L_3)(e^{-L_2} + L_1)(e^{-L_3} + L_2)}{(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})L_2)(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})L_3)(\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})L_1)} \\ &= \frac{\alpha_{10}\alpha_{13}(\alpha_{14} + \alpha_{17})(e^{-L_1} + L_3)(e^{-L_2} + L_1)(e^{-L_3} + L_2)}{(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})L_2)(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})L_3)(\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})L_1)} \\ &\quad + \frac{\alpha_{10}\alpha_{14}(\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{17})(e^{-L_1} + L_3)(e^{-L_2} + L_1)(e^{-L_3} + L_2)}{(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})L_2)(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})L_3)(\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})L_1)} \\ &\quad + \frac{(\alpha_{11}\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{10}\alpha_{14})(\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})(e^{-L_1} + L_3)(e^{-L_2} + L_1)(e^{-L_3} + L_2)}{(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})L_2)(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})L_3)(\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})L_1)}. \end{aligned} \quad (57)$$

Assuming that (48) holds, and then from (57), one gets $\sum_{i=1}^4 |L_i| < 1$. Hence, Y_1 of (3) is a sink.

(ii) Using similar manipulation as in the proof of (i), one has

$$\begin{aligned}
\sum_{i=1}^4 |L_i| &\geq \frac{\alpha_{10}\alpha_{13}(\alpha_{14} + \alpha_{17})(e^{-U_1} + U_3)(e^{-U_2} + U_1)(e^{-U_3} + U_2)}{(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})U_2)(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})U_3)(\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})U_1)} \\
&+ \frac{\alpha_{10}\alpha_{14}(\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{17})(e^{-U_1} + U_3)(e^{-U_2} + U_1)(e^{-U_3} + U_2)}{(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})U_2)(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})U_3)(\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})U_1)} \\
&+ \frac{\alpha_{11}\alpha_{13}(\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})(e^{-U_1} + U_3)(e^{-U_2} + U_1)(e^{-U_3} + U_2)}{(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})U_2)(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})U_3)(\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})U_1)} \\
&+ \frac{\alpha_{10}\alpha_{14}(\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})(e^{-U_1} + U_3)(e^{-U_2} + U_1)(e^{-U_3} + U_2)}{(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})U_2)(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})U_3)(\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})U_1)} \\
&= \frac{\alpha_{10}\alpha_{13}(\alpha_{14} + \alpha_{17})(e^{-U_1} + U_3)(e^{-U_2} + U_1)(e^{-U_3} + U_2)}{(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})U_2)(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})U_3)(\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})U_1)} \\
&+ \frac{\alpha_{10}\alpha_{14}(\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{17})(e^{-U_1} + U_3)(e^{-U_2} + U_1)(e^{-U_3} + U_2)}{(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})U_2)(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})U_3)(\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})U_1)} \\
&+ \frac{(\alpha_{11}\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{10}\alpha_{14})(\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})(e^{-U_1} + U_3)(e^{-U_2} + U_1)(e^{-U_3} + U_2)}{(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})U_2)(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})U_3)(\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})U_1)}. \tag{58}
\end{aligned}$$

Assuming that (49) holds, and then from (58), one gets $\sum_{i=1}^4 |L_i| > 1$. Hence, Y_1 of (3) is a source. \square

In similar manner, one can explore the local dynamics about Y_i ($i = 2, \dots, 6$), respectively, of systems (4)–(8), as follows.

Theorem 5.

(i) For Y_2 of (4), the following holds:

(i.1) Y_2 is a sink if

$$\begin{aligned}
&\frac{\alpha_{19}\alpha_{25}(\alpha_{22} + \alpha_{23})(e^{-L_4} + L_5)(e^{-L_6} + L_4)(e^{-L_4} + L_6)}{(\alpha_{27} + (\alpha_{25} + \alpha_{26})L_5)(\alpha_{21} + (\alpha_{19} + \alpha_{20})L_6)(\alpha_{24} + (\alpha_{22} + \alpha_{23})L_4)} \\
&+ \frac{\alpha_{19}\alpha_{26}(\alpha_{22} + \alpha_{23})(e^{-L_4} + L_5)(e^{-L_5} + L_6)(e^{-L_6} + L_4)}{(\alpha_{27} + (\alpha_{25} + \alpha_{26})L_5)(\alpha_{21} + (\alpha_{19} + \alpha_{20})L_6)(\alpha_{24} + (\alpha_{22} + \alpha_{23})L_4)} \\
&+ \frac{(\alpha_{20}\alpha_{22} + \alpha_{20}\alpha_{23})(\alpha_{26} + \alpha_{25})(e^{-L_4} + L_5)(e^{-L_5} + L_6)(e^{-L_6} + L_4)}{(\alpha_{27} + (\alpha_{25} + \alpha_{26})L_5)(\alpha_{21} + (\alpha_{19} + \alpha_{20})L_6)(\alpha_{24} + (\alpha_{22} + \alpha_{23})L_4)} < 1. \tag{59}
\end{aligned}$$

(i.2) Y_2 is a source if

$$\begin{aligned}
&\frac{\alpha_{19}\alpha_{25}(\alpha_{22} + \alpha_{23})(e^{-U_4} + U_5)(e^{-U_6} + U_4)(e^{-U_4} + U_6)}{(\alpha_{27} + (\alpha_{25} + \alpha_{26})U_5)(\alpha_{21} + (\alpha_{19} + \alpha_{20})U_6)(\alpha_{24} + (\alpha_{22} + \alpha_{23})U_4)} \\
&+ \frac{\alpha_{19}\alpha_{26}(\alpha_{22} + \alpha_{23})(e^{-U_4} + U_5)(e^{-U_5} + U_6)(e^{-U_6} + U_4)}{(\alpha_{27} + (\alpha_{25} + \alpha_{26})U_5)(\alpha_{21} + (\alpha_{19} + \alpha_{20})U_6)(\alpha_{24} + (\alpha_{22} + \alpha_{23})U_4)} \\
&+ \frac{(\alpha_{20}\alpha_{22} + \alpha_{20}\alpha_{23})(\alpha_{26} + \alpha_{25})(e^{-U_4} + U_5)(e^{-U_5} + U_6)(e^{-U_6} + U_4)}{(\alpha_{27} + (\alpha_{25} + \alpha_{26})U_5)(\alpha_{21} + (\alpha_{19} + \alpha_{20})U_6)(\alpha_{24} + (\alpha_{22} + \alpha_{23})U_4)} > 1, \tag{60}
\end{aligned}$$

with

$$J|_{Y_2} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & b_{15} & b_{16} \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ b_{31} & b_{32} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & b_{53} & b_{54} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \tag{61}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned}
b_{15} &= -\frac{\alpha_{19}(e^{-\bar{x}} + \bar{y})}{\alpha_{21} + (\alpha_{19} + \alpha_{20})\bar{x}}, \\
b_{16} &= -\frac{\alpha_{20}(e^{-\bar{x}} + \bar{y})}{\alpha_{21} + (\alpha_{19} + \alpha_{20})\bar{x}}, \\
b_{31} &= -\frac{\alpha_{22}(e^{-\bar{z}} + \bar{x})}{\alpha_{24} + (\alpha_{22} + \alpha_{23})\bar{z}}, \\
b_{32} &= -\frac{\alpha_{23}(e^{-\bar{z}} + \bar{x})}{\alpha_{24} + (\alpha_{22} + \alpha_{23})\bar{z}}, \\
b_{53} &= -\frac{\alpha_{25}(e^{-\bar{y}} + \bar{z})}{\alpha_{27} + (\alpha_{25} + \alpha_{26})\bar{y}}, \\
b_{54} &= -\frac{\alpha_{26}(e^{-\bar{y}} + \bar{z})}{\alpha_{27} + (\alpha_{25} + \alpha_{26})\bar{y}}; \tag{62}
\end{aligned}$$

(ii) For Υ_3 of (5), the following holds:

(ii.1) Υ_3 is a sink if

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29})(e^{-L_7} + L_7)}{\alpha_{30} + (\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29})L_7} + \frac{(\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})e^{-L_8}}{\alpha_{33} + (\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})L_9} + \frac{(\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})e^{-L_9}}{\alpha_{36} + (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})L_8} \\
 & + \frac{(\alpha_{34}\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35}\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{35} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{32})e^{-L_7 - L_9}}{(\alpha_{30} + (\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29})L_7)(\alpha_{36} + (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})L_8)} \\
 & + \frac{(\alpha_{31}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35}\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32}\alpha_{35})e^{-L_8 - L_9}}{(\alpha_{33} + (\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})L_9)(\alpha_{36} + (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})L_8)} \\
 & + \frac{(\alpha_{28}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{28}\alpha_{35} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{32} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{35})L_7 e^{-L_9}}{(\alpha_{30} + (\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29})L_7)(\alpha_{36} + (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})L_8)} \\
 & + \frac{(\alpha_{31}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{32}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{31}\alpha_{35} + \alpha_{32}\alpha_{35})L_7 L_8}{(\alpha_{33} + (\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})L_9)(\alpha_{36} + (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})L_8)} \\
 & + \frac{(\alpha_{28}\alpha_{31}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{31}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{28}\alpha_{32}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{28}\alpha_{35}\alpha_{31})e^{-L_7 - L_8 - L_9}}{(\alpha_{30} + (\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29})L_7)(\alpha_{33} + (\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})L_9)(\alpha_{36} + (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})L_8)} \\
 & + \frac{(\alpha_{29}\alpha_{32}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{31}\alpha_{35} + \alpha_{28}\alpha_{32}\alpha_{35} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{32}\alpha_{35})e^{-L_7 - L_8 - L_9}}{(\alpha_{30} + (\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29})L_7)(\alpha_{33} + (\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})L_9)(\alpha_{36} + (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})L_8)} \\
 & + \frac{(\alpha_{28}\alpha_{31}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{31}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{28}\alpha_{32}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{28}\alpha_{35}\alpha_{31})L_7 L_8 L_9}{(\alpha_{30} + (\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29})L_7)(\alpha_{33} + (\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})L_9)(\alpha_{36} + (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})L_8)} \\
 & + \frac{(\alpha_{29}\alpha_{32}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{31}\alpha_{35} + \alpha_{28}\alpha_{32}\alpha_{35} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{32}\alpha_{35})L_7 L_8 L_9}{(\alpha_{30} + (\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29})L_7)(\alpha_{33} + (\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})L_9)(\alpha_{36} + (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})L_8)} \\
 & + \frac{(\alpha_{28}\alpha_{31}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{31}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{28}\alpha_{32}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{28}\alpha_{35}\alpha_{31})e^{-L_7} L_8 L_9}{(\alpha_{30} + (\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29})L_7)(\alpha_{33} + (\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})L_9)(\alpha_{36} + (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})L_8)} \\
 & + \frac{(\alpha_{29}\alpha_{32}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{31}\alpha_{35} + \alpha_{28}\alpha_{32}\alpha_{35} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{32}\alpha_{35})e^{-L_7} L_8 L_9}{(\alpha_{30} + (\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29})L_7)(\alpha_{33} + (\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})L_9)(\alpha_{36} + (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})L_8)} \\
 & + \frac{(\alpha_{28}\alpha_{31}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{31}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{28}\alpha_{32}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{28}\alpha_{35}\alpha_{31})L_7 e^{-L_8 - L_9}}{(\alpha_{30} + (\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29})L_7)(\alpha_{33} + (\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})L_9)(\alpha_{36} + (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})L_8)} \\
 & + \frac{(\alpha_{29}\alpha_{32}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{31}\alpha_{35} + \alpha_{28}\alpha_{32}\alpha_{35} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{32}\alpha_{35})L_7 e^{-L_8 - L_9}}{(\alpha_{30} + (\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29})L_7)(\alpha_{33} + (\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})L_9)(\alpha_{36} + (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})L_8)} < 1.
 \end{aligned} \tag{63}$$

(ii.2) γ_3 is a source if

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29})(e^{-U_7} + U_7)}{\alpha_{30} + (\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29})U_7} + \frac{(\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})e^{-U_8}}{\alpha_{33} + (\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})U_9} + \frac{(\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})e^{-U_9}}{\alpha_{36} + (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})U_8} \\
& + \frac{(\alpha_{34}\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35}\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{35} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{32})e^{-U_7-U_9}}{(\alpha_{30} + (\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29})U_7)(\alpha_{36} + (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})U_8)} \\
& + \frac{(\alpha_{31}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35}\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32}\alpha_{35})e^{-U_8-U_9}}{(\alpha_{33} + (\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})U_9)(\alpha_{36} + (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})U_8)} \\
& + \frac{(\alpha_{28}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{28}\alpha_{35} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{32} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{35})U_7e^{-U_9}}{(\alpha_{30} + (\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29})U_7)(\alpha_{36} + (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})U_8)} \\
& + \frac{(\alpha_{31}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{32}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{31}\alpha_{35} + \alpha_{32}\alpha_{35})U_7U_8}{(\alpha_{33} + (\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})U_9)(\alpha_{36} + (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})U_8)} \\
& + \frac{(\alpha_{28}\alpha_{31}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{31}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{28}\alpha_{32}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{28}\alpha_{35}\alpha_{31})e^{-U_7-U_8-U_9}}{(\alpha_{30} + (\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29})U_7)(\alpha_{33} + (\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})U_9)(\alpha_{36} + (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})U_8)} \\
& + \frac{(\alpha_{29}\alpha_{32}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{31}\alpha_{35} + \alpha_{28}\alpha_{32}\alpha_{35} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{32}\alpha_{35})e^{-U_7-U_8-U_9}}{(\alpha_{30} + (\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29})U_7)(\alpha_{33} + (\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})U_9)(\alpha_{36} + (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})U_8)} \\
& + \frac{(\alpha_{28}\alpha_{31}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{31}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{28}\alpha_{32}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{28}\alpha_{35}\alpha_{31})U_7U_8U_9}{(\alpha_{30} + (\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29})U_7)(\alpha_{33} + (\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})U_9)(\alpha_{36} + (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})U_8)} \\
& + \frac{(\alpha_{29}\alpha_{32}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{31}\alpha_{35} + \alpha_{28}\alpha_{32}\alpha_{35} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{32}\alpha_{35})U_7U_8U_9}{(\alpha_{30} + (\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29})U_7)(\alpha_{33} + (\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})U_9)(\alpha_{36} + (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})U_8)} \\
& + \frac{(\alpha_{28}\alpha_{31}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{31}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{28}\alpha_{32}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{28}\alpha_{35}\alpha_{31})e^{-U_7U_8U_9}}{(\alpha_{30} + (\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29})U_7)(\alpha_{33} + (\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})U_9)(\alpha_{36} + (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})U_8)} \\
& + \frac{(\alpha_{29}\alpha_{32}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{31}\alpha_{35} + \alpha_{28}\alpha_{32}\alpha_{35} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{32}\alpha_{35})e^{-U_7U_8U_9}}{(\alpha_{30} + (\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29})U_7)(\alpha_{33} + (\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})U_9)(\alpha_{36} + (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})U_8)} \\
& + \frac{(\alpha_{28}\alpha_{31}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{31}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{28}\alpha_{32}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{28}\alpha_{35}\alpha_{31})U_7e^{-U_8-U_9}}{(\alpha_{30} + (\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29})U_7)(\alpha_{33} + (\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})U_9)(\alpha_{36} + (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})U_8)} \\
& + \frac{(\alpha_{29}\alpha_{32}\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{31}\alpha_{35} + \alpha_{28}\alpha_{32}\alpha_{35} + \alpha_{29}\alpha_{32}\alpha_{35})U_7e^{-U_8-U_9}}{(\alpha_{30} + (\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29})U_7)(\alpha_{33} + (\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})U_9)(\alpha_{36} + (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})U_8)} > 1,
\end{aligned} \tag{64}$$

with

$$J|_{Y_3} = \begin{pmatrix} b_{11} & b_{12} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & b_{33} & b_{34} & b_{35} & b_{36} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & b_{53} & b_{54} & b_{55} & b_{56} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad (65)$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} b_{11} &= -\frac{\alpha_{28}(e^{-\bar{x}} + \bar{x})}{\alpha_{30} + (\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29})\bar{x}}, \\ b_{12} &= -\frac{\alpha_{29}(e^{-\bar{x}} + \bar{x})}{\alpha_{30} + (\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29})\bar{x}}, \\ b_{33} &= -\frac{\alpha_{31}e^{-\bar{y}}}{\alpha_{33} + (\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})\bar{z}}, \\ b_{34} &= -\frac{\alpha_{32}e^{-\bar{y}}}{\alpha_{33} + (\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})\bar{z}}, \\ b_{35} &= -\frac{\alpha_{31}\bar{y}}{\alpha_{33} + (\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})\bar{z}}, \\ b_{36} &= -\frac{\alpha_{32}\bar{y}}{\alpha_{33} + (\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})\bar{z}}, \\ b_{53} &= -\frac{\alpha_{34}\bar{z}}{\alpha_{36} + (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})\bar{y}}, \\ b_{54} &= -\frac{\alpha_{35}\bar{z}}{\alpha_{36} + (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})\bar{y}}, \\ b_{55} &= -\frac{\alpha_{34}e^{-\bar{z}}}{\alpha_{36} + (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})\bar{y}}, \\ b_{56} &= -\frac{\alpha_{35}e^{-\bar{z}}}{\alpha_{36} + (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})\bar{y}}; \end{aligned} \quad (66)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\frac{(\alpha_{37} + \alpha_{38})e^{-L_{10}}}{\alpha_{39} + (\alpha_{37} + \alpha_{38})L_{11}} + \frac{(\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{41})e^{-L_{11}}}{\alpha_{42} + (\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{41})L_{10}} \\ &+ \frac{(\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{44})(e^{-L_{12}} + L_{12})}{\alpha_{45} + (\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{44})L_{12}} \\ &+ \frac{(\alpha_{37}\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{41}\alpha_{37} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{37}\alpha_{41} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{41})e^{-L_{10}-L_{11}}}{(\alpha_{39} + (\alpha_{37} + \alpha_{38})L_{11})(\alpha_{42} + (\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{41})L_{10})} \\ &+ \frac{(\alpha_{37}\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{37}\alpha_{41} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{41})L_{10}L_{11}}{(\alpha_{39} + (\alpha_{37} + \alpha_{38})L_{11})(\alpha_{42} + (\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{41})L_{10})} \\ &+ \frac{(\alpha_{40}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{41}\alpha_{44} + \alpha_{41}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{4}\alpha_{44})e^{-L_{11}}(e^{-L_{12}} + L_{12})}{(\alpha_{42} + (\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{41})L_{10})(\alpha_{45} + (\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{44})L_{12})} \\ &+ \frac{(\alpha_{37}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{44} + \alpha_{37}\alpha_{44})e^{-L_{10}}(e^{-L_{12}} + L_{10})}{(\alpha_{39} + (\alpha_{37} + \alpha_{38})L_{11})(\alpha_{45} + (\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{44})L_{12})} \\ &+ [(\alpha_{37}\alpha_{40}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{40}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{37}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{37}\alpha_{40}\alpha_{44} \\ &+ \alpha_{38}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{40}\alpha_{44} + \alpha_{37}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{44} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{44})e^{-L_{10}-L_{11}-L_{12}} \\ &+ (\alpha_{37}\alpha_{40}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{40}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{37}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{37}\alpha_{40}\alpha_{44} \\ &+ \alpha_{38}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{40}\alpha_{44} + \alpha_{37}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{44} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{44})L_{10}L_{11}L_{12} \\ &+ (\alpha_{37}\alpha_{40}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{40}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{37}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{37}\alpha_{40}\alpha_{44} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{43} \\ &+ \alpha_{38}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{40}\alpha_{44} + \alpha_{37}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{44} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{44})e^{-L_{12}}L_{10}L_{11} \\ &+ (\alpha_{37}\alpha_{40}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{40}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{37}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{37}\alpha_{40}\alpha_{44} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{43} \\ &+ \alpha_{38}\alpha_{40}\alpha_{44} + \alpha_{37}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{44} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{44})L_{12}e^{-L_{10}-L_{11}}] \\ &\frac{1}{(\alpha_{39} + (\alpha_{37} + \alpha_{38})L_{11})(\alpha_{42} + (\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{41})L_{10})(\alpha_{45} + (\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{44})L_{12})} \\ < 1. \end{aligned} \quad (67)$$

(iii) For Y_4 of (6), the following holds:

(iii.1) Y_4 is a sink if

(iii.2) Y_4 is a source if

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(\alpha_{37} + \alpha_{38})e^{-U_{10}}}{\alpha_{39} + (\alpha_{37} + \alpha_{38})U_{11}} + \frac{(\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{41})e^{-U_{11}}}{\alpha_{42} + (\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{41})U_{10}} \\
& + \frac{(\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{44})(e^{-U_{12}} + L_{12})}{\alpha_{45} + (\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{44})U_{12}} \\
& + \frac{(\alpha_{37}\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{41}\alpha_{37} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{37}\alpha_{41} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{41})e^{-U_{10}-U_{11}}}{(\alpha_{39} + (\alpha_{37} + \alpha_{38})U_{11})(\alpha_{42} + (\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{41})U_{10})} \\
& + \frac{(\alpha_{37}\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{37}\alpha_{41} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{41})U_{10}U_{11}}{(\alpha_{39} + (\alpha_{37} + \alpha_{38})U_{11})(\alpha_{42} + (\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{41})U_{10})} \\
& + \frac{(\alpha_{40}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{41}\alpha_{44} + \alpha_{41}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{4}\alpha_{44})e^{-U_{11}}(e^{-U_{12}} + U_{12})}{(\alpha_{42} + (\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{41})U_{10})(\alpha_{45} + (\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{44})U_{12})} \\
& + \frac{(\alpha_{37}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{44} + \alpha_{37}\alpha_{44})e^{-U_{10}}(e^{-U_{12}} + U_{10})}{(\alpha_{39} + (\alpha_{37} + \alpha_{38})U_{11})(\alpha_{45} + (\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{44})U_{12})} \\
& + [(\alpha_{37}\alpha_{40}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{40}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{37}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{37}\alpha_{40}\alpha_{44} + \\
& \alpha_{38}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{40}\alpha_{44} + \alpha_{37}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{44} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{44})e^{-U_{10}-U_{11}-U_{12}} \\
& + (\alpha_{37}\alpha_{40}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{40}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{37}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{37}\alpha_{40}\alpha_{44} \\
& + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{40}\alpha_{44} + \alpha_{37}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{44} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{44})e^{-U_{12}}U_{10}U_{11} \\
& + (\alpha_{37}\alpha_{40}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{40}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{37}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{37}\alpha_{40}\alpha_{44} \\
& + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{40}\alpha_{44} + \alpha_{37}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{44} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{44})e^{-U_{12}}U_{10}U_{11} \\
& + (\alpha_{37}\alpha_{40}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{40}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{37}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{37}\alpha_{40}\alpha_{44} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{43} \\
& + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{40}\alpha_{44} + \alpha_{37}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{44} + \alpha_{38}\alpha_{41}\alpha_{44})U_{12}e^{-U_{10}-U_{11}}] \\
& \times \frac{1}{(\alpha_{39} + (\alpha_{37} + \alpha_{38})U_{11})(\alpha_{42} + (\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{41})U_{10})(\alpha_{45} + (\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{44})U_{12})} \\
& > 1,
\end{aligned} \tag{68}$$

with

$$J|_{Y_4} = \begin{pmatrix} b_{11} & b_{12} & b_{13} & b_{14} & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ b_{31} & b_{32} & b_{33} & b_{34} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & b_{55} & b_{56} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \tag{69}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned}
b_{11} &= -\frac{\alpha_{37}e^{-\bar{x}}}{\alpha_{39} + (\alpha_{37} + \alpha_{38})\bar{y}}, \\
b_{12} &= -\frac{\alpha_{38}e^{-\bar{x}}}{\alpha_{39} + (\alpha_{37} + \alpha_{38})\bar{y}}, \\
b_{13} &= -\frac{\alpha_{37}\bar{x}}{\alpha_{39} + (\alpha_{37} + \alpha_{38})\bar{y}}, \\
b_{14} &= -\frac{\alpha_{38}\bar{x}}{\alpha_{39} + (\alpha_{37} + \alpha_{38})\bar{y}}, \\
b_{31} &= -\frac{\alpha_{40}\bar{y}}{\alpha_{42} + (\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{41})\bar{x}}, \\
b_{32} &= -\frac{\alpha_{41}\bar{y}}{\alpha_{42} + (\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{41})\bar{x}}, \\
b_{33} &= -\frac{\alpha_{40}e^{-\bar{y}}}{\alpha_{42} + (\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{41})\bar{x}}, \\
b_{34} &= -\frac{\alpha_{41}e^{-\bar{y}}}{\alpha_{42} + (\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{41})\bar{x}}, \\
b_{55} &= -\frac{\alpha_{43}(e^{-\bar{z}} + \bar{z})}{\alpha_{45} + (\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{44})\bar{z}}, \\
b_{56} &= -\frac{\alpha_{44}(e^{-\bar{z}} + \bar{z})}{\alpha_{45} + (\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{44})\bar{z}};
\end{aligned} \tag{70}$$

(iv) For Y_5 of (7), the following holds:

(iv.1) Y_5 is a sink if

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(\alpha_{46} + \alpha_{47})e^{-L_{13}}}{\alpha_{48} + (\alpha_{46} + \alpha_{47})L_{15}} + \frac{(\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{53})e^{-L_{15}}}{\alpha_{54} + (\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{53})L_{13}} + \frac{(\alpha_{49} + \alpha_{50})(e^{-L_{14}} + L_{14})}{\alpha_{51} + (\alpha_{49} + \alpha_{50})L_{14}} \\
& + \frac{(\alpha_{46}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{46}\alpha_{53} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{53})e^{-L_{13}-L_{15}}}{(\alpha_{48} + (\alpha_{46} + \alpha_{47})L_{15})(\alpha_{54} + (\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{53})L_{13})} \\
& + \frac{(\alpha_{46}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{46}\alpha_{53} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{53})L_{13}L_{15}}{(\alpha_{48} + (\alpha_{46} + \alpha_{47})L_{15})(\alpha_{54} + (\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{53})L_{13})} \\
& + \frac{(\alpha_{46}\alpha_{49} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{47} + \alpha_{46}\alpha_{50} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{50})e^{-L_{13}}(e^{-L_{14}} + L_{14})}{(\alpha_{48} + (\alpha_{46} + \alpha_{47})L_{15})(\alpha_{51} + (\alpha_{49} + \alpha_{50})L_{14})} \\
& + \frac{(\alpha_{49}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{50}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{49}\alpha_{53} + \alpha_{50}\alpha_{53})e^{-L_{15}}(e^{-L_{14}} + L_{14})}{(\alpha_{54} + (\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{53})L_{13})(\alpha_{51} + (\alpha_{49} + \alpha_{50})L_{14})} \\
& + [(\alpha_{46}\alpha_{49}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{49}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{46}\alpha_{50}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{46}\alpha_{49}\alpha_{53} \\
& + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{50}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{49}\alpha_{53} + \alpha_{46}\alpha_{50}\alpha_{53} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{50}\alpha_{53})e^{-L_{13}-L_{14}-L_{15}} \\
& + (\alpha_{46}\alpha_{49}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{49}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{46}\alpha_{50}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{46}\alpha_{49}\alpha_{53} \\
& + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{50}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{49}\alpha_{53} + \alpha_{46}\alpha_{50}\alpha_{53} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{50}\alpha_{53})L_{13}L_{14}L_{15} \\
& + (\alpha_{46}\alpha_{49}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{49}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{46}\alpha_{50}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{46}\alpha_{49}\alpha_{53} \\
& + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{50}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{49}\alpha_{53} + \alpha_{46}\alpha_{50}\alpha_{53} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{50}\alpha_{53})e^{-L_{14}}L_{13}L_{15} \\
& + (\alpha_{46}\alpha_{49}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{49}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{46}\alpha_{50}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{46}\alpha_{49}\alpha_{53} \\
& + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{50}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{49}\alpha_{53} + \alpha_{46}\alpha_{50}\alpha_{53} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{50}\alpha_{53})L_{14}e^{-L_{13}-L_{15}}] \\
& \times \frac{1}{(\alpha_{48} + (\alpha_{46} + \alpha_{47})L_{15})(\alpha_{51} + (\alpha_{49} + \alpha_{50})L_{14})(\alpha_{54} + (\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{53})L_{13})} < 1.
\end{aligned} \tag{71}$$

(iv.2) Y_5 is a source if

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(\alpha_{46} + \alpha_{47})e^{-U_{13}}}{\alpha_{48} + (\alpha_{46} + \alpha_{47})U_{15}} + \frac{(\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{53})e^{-U_{15}}}{\alpha_{54} + (\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{53})U_{13}} \\
 & + \frac{(\alpha_{49} + \alpha_{50})(e^{-U_{14}} + U_{14})}{\alpha_{51} + (\alpha_{49} + \alpha_{50})U_{14}} + \\
 & \frac{(\alpha_{46}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{46}\alpha_{53} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{53})e^{-U_{13}-U_{15}}}{(\alpha_{54} + (\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{53})U_{13})(\alpha_{48} + (\alpha_{46} + \alpha_{47})U_{15})} \\
 & + \frac{(\alpha_{46}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{46}\alpha_{53} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{53})U_{13}U_{15}}{(\alpha_{54} + (\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{53})U_{13})(\alpha_{48} + (\alpha_{46} + \alpha_{47})U_{15})} \\
 & + \frac{(\alpha_{46}\alpha_{49} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{47} + \alpha_{46}\alpha_{50} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{50})e^{-U_{13}}(e^{-U_{14}} + U_{14})}{(\alpha_{54} + (\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{53})U_{15})(\alpha_{51} + (\alpha_{49} + \alpha_{48})U_{14})} \\
 & + \frac{(\alpha_{49}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{50}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{49}\alpha_{53} + \alpha_{50}\alpha_{53})e^{-U_{15}}(e^{-U_{14}} + U_{14})}{(\alpha_{54} + (\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{53})U_{15})(\alpha_{51} + (\alpha_{49} + \alpha_{48})U_{14})} \\
 & + [(\alpha_{46}\alpha_{49}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{49}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{46}\alpha_{50}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{46}\alpha_{49}\alpha_{53} + \\
 & \alpha_{47}\alpha_{50}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{49}\alpha_{53} + \alpha_{46}\alpha_{50}\alpha_{53} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{50}\alpha_{53})e^{-U_{13}-U_{14}-U_{15}} \\
 & + (\alpha_{46}\alpha_{49}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{49}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{46}\alpha_{50}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{46}\alpha_{49}\alpha_{53} + \\
 & \alpha_{47}\alpha_{50}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{49}\alpha_{53} + \alpha_{46}\alpha_{50}\alpha_{53} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{50}\alpha_{53})U_{13}U_{14}U_{15} \\
 & + (\alpha_{46}\alpha_{49}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{49}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{46}\alpha_{50}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{46}\alpha_{49}\alpha_{53} + \\
 & \alpha_{47}\alpha_{50}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{49}\alpha_{53} + \alpha_{46}\alpha_{50}\alpha_{53} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{50}\alpha_{53})e^{-U_{14}}U_{13}U_{15} \\
 & + (\alpha_{46}\alpha_{49}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{49}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{46}\alpha_{50}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{46}\alpha_{49}\alpha_{53} + \\
 & \alpha_{47}\alpha_{50}\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{49}\alpha_{53} + \alpha_{46}\alpha_{50}\alpha_{53} + \alpha_{47}\alpha_{50}\alpha_{53})e^{-U_{13}-U_{15}}] \\
 & \times \frac{1}{(\alpha_{48} + (\alpha_{46} + \alpha_{47})U_{15})(\alpha_{51} + (\alpha_{49} + \alpha_{50})U_{14})(\alpha_{54}(\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{53})U_{13})} \\
 > 1,
 \end{aligned} \tag{72}$$

with

$$J|_{Y_5} = \begin{pmatrix} b_{11} & b_{12} & 0 & 0 & b_{15} & b_{16} \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & b_{33} & b_{34} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ b_{51} & b_{52} & 0 & 0 & b_{55} & b_{56} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \tag{73}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned}
 b_{11} &= -\frac{\alpha_{46}e^{-\bar{x}}}{\alpha_{48} + (\alpha_{46} + \alpha_{47})\bar{z}}, \\
 b_{12} &= -\frac{\alpha_{47}e^{-\bar{x}}}{\alpha_{48} + (\alpha_{46} + \alpha_{47})\bar{z}}, \\
 b_{15} &= -\frac{\alpha_{46}\bar{x}}{\alpha_{48} + (\alpha_{46} + \alpha_{47})\bar{z}}, \\
 b_{16} &= -\frac{\alpha_{47}\bar{x}}{\alpha_{48} + (\alpha_{46} + \alpha_{47})\bar{z}}, \\
 b_{33} &= -\frac{\alpha_{49}(e^{-\bar{y}} + \bar{y})}{\alpha_{51} + (\alpha_{49} + \alpha_{50})\bar{y}}, \\
 b_{34} &= -\frac{\alpha_{50}(e^{-\bar{y}} + \bar{y})}{\alpha_{51} + (\alpha_{49} + \alpha_{50})\bar{y}}, \\
 b_{51} &= -\frac{\alpha_{52}\bar{z}}{\alpha_{54} + (\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{53})\bar{x}}, \\
 b_{52} &= -\frac{\alpha_{53}\bar{z}}{\alpha_{54} + (\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{53})\bar{x}}, \\
 b_{55} &= -\frac{\alpha_{52}e^{-\bar{z}}}{\alpha_{54} + (\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{53})\bar{x}}, \\
 b_{56} &= -\frac{\alpha_{53}e^{-\bar{z}}}{\alpha_{54} + (\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{53})\bar{x}};
 \end{aligned} \tag{74}$$

(v) For Y_6 of (8), the following holds:

(v.1) Y_6 is a sink if

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(\alpha_{55}\alpha_{58} + \alpha_{56}\alpha_{58} + \alpha_{55}\alpha_{59} + \alpha_{56}\alpha_{59})L_{16}L_{17}}{(\alpha_{57} + (\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})L_{16})(\alpha_{60} + (\alpha_{58} + \alpha_{59})L_{17})} + \frac{(\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})L_{16}}{\alpha_{57} + (\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})L_{16}} \\
& + \frac{(\alpha_{55}\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{55}\alpha_{62} + \alpha_{56}\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{56}\alpha_{62})L_{16}L_{18}}{(\alpha_{57} + (\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})L_{16})(\alpha_{63} + (\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{62})L_{18})} + \frac{(\alpha_{58} + \alpha_{59})L_{17}}{\alpha_{60} + (\alpha_{58} + \alpha_{59})L_{17}} \\
& + \frac{(\alpha_{58}\alpha_{62} + \alpha_{59}\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{59}\alpha_{62} + \alpha_{58}\alpha_{61})L_{16}L_{18}}{(\alpha_{57} + (\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})L_{16})(\alpha_{63} + (\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{62})L_{18})} + \frac{(\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{62})L_{18}}{\alpha_{63} + (\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{62})L_{18}} \\
& + [(\alpha_{55}\alpha_{58}\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{56}\alpha_{58}\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{55}\alpha_{58}\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{55}\alpha_{58}\alpha_{62} \\
& + \alpha_{56}\alpha_{58}\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{56}\alpha_{58}\alpha_{62} + \alpha_{55}\alpha_{58}\alpha_{62} + \alpha_{56}\alpha_{58}\alpha_{62})e^{-L_{16}-L_{17}-L_{18}} \\
& + (\alpha_{55}\alpha_{58}\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{55}\alpha_{58}\alpha_{62} + \alpha_{56}\alpha_{58}\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{55}\alpha_{59}\alpha_{61} \\
& + \alpha_{56}\alpha_{58}\alpha_{62} + \alpha_{55}\alpha_{59}\alpha_{62} + \alpha_{56}\alpha_{59}\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{56}\alpha_{59}\alpha_{62})L_{16}L_{17}L_{18}] \\
& \times \frac{1}{(\alpha_{57} + (\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})L_{16})(\alpha_{60} + (\alpha_{58} + \alpha_{59})L_{17})(\alpha_{63} + (\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{62})L_{18})} < 1.
\end{aligned} \tag{75}$$

(v.2) Y_6 is a source if

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(\alpha_{55}\alpha_{58} + \alpha_{56}\alpha_{58} + \alpha_{55}\alpha_{59} + \alpha_{56}\alpha_{59})U_{16}U_{17}}{(\alpha_{57} + (\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})U_{16})(\alpha_{60} + (\alpha_{58} + \alpha_{59})U_{17})} + \frac{(\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})U_{16}}{\alpha_{57} + (\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})U_{16}} \\
& + \frac{(\alpha_{55}\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{55}\alpha_{62} + \alpha_{56}\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{56}\alpha_{62})U_{16}U_{18}}{(\alpha_{57} + (\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})U_{16})(\alpha_{63} + (\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{62})U_{18})} + \frac{(\alpha_{58} + \alpha_{59})U_{17}}{\alpha_{60} + (\alpha_{58} + \alpha_{59})U_{17}} \\
& + \frac{(\alpha_{58}\alpha_{62} + \alpha_{59}\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{59}\alpha_{62} + \alpha_{58}\alpha_{61})U_{16}U_{18}}{(\alpha_{57} + (\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})U_{16})(\alpha_{63} + (\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{62})U_{18})} + \frac{(\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{62})U_{18}}{\alpha_{63} + (\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{62})U_{18}} \\
& + [(\alpha_{55}\alpha_{58}\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{56}\alpha_{58}\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{55}\alpha_{58}\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{55}\alpha_{58}\alpha_{62} \\
& + \alpha_{56}\alpha_{58}\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{56}\alpha_{58}\alpha_{62} + \alpha_{55}\alpha_{58}\alpha_{62} + \alpha_{56}\alpha_{58}\alpha_{62})e^{-U_{16}-U_{17}-U_{18}} \\
& + (\alpha_{55}\alpha_{58}\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{55}\alpha_{58}\alpha_{62} + \alpha_{56}\alpha_{58}\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{55}\alpha_{59}\alpha_{61} \\
& + \alpha_{56}\alpha_{58}\alpha_{62} + \alpha_{55}\alpha_{59}\alpha_{62} + \alpha_{56}\alpha_{59}\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{56}\alpha_{59}\alpha_{62})U_{16}U_{17}U_{18}] \\
& \times \frac{1}{(\alpha_{57} + (\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})U_{16})(\alpha_{60} + (\alpha_{58} + \alpha_{59})U_{17})(\alpha_{63} + (\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{62})U_{18})} > 1,
\end{aligned} \tag{76}$$

with

$$J|_{Y_6} = \begin{pmatrix} b_{11} & b_{12} & 0 & 0 & b_{15} & b_{16} \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ b_{31} & b_{32} & b_{33} & b_{34} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & b_{53} & b_{54} & b_{55} & b_{56} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad (77)$$

where

$$b_{11} = -\frac{\alpha_{55}\bar{x}}{\alpha_{57} + (\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})\bar{x}},$$

$$b_{12} = -\frac{\alpha_{56}\bar{x}}{\alpha_{57} + (\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})\bar{x}},$$

$$b_{15} = -\frac{\alpha_{55}e^{-\bar{z}}}{\alpha_{57} + (\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})\bar{x}},$$

$$b_{16} = -\frac{\alpha_{56}e^{-\bar{z}}}{\alpha_{57} + (\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})\bar{x}},$$

$$b_{31} = -\frac{\alpha_{58}e^{-\bar{x}}}{\alpha_{60} + (\alpha_{58} + \alpha_{59})\bar{y}},$$

$$b_{32} = -\frac{\alpha_{59}e^{-\bar{x}}}{\alpha_{60} + (\alpha_{58} + \alpha_{59})\bar{y}},$$

$$b_{33} = -\frac{\alpha_{58}\bar{y}}{\alpha_{60} + (\alpha_{58} + \alpha_{59})\bar{y}},$$

$$b_{34} = -\frac{\alpha_{59}\bar{y}}{\alpha_{60} + (\alpha_{58} + \alpha_{59})\bar{y}},$$

$$b_{53} = -\frac{\alpha_{61}e^{-\bar{y}}}{\alpha_{63} + (\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{62})\bar{z}},$$

$$b_{54} = -\frac{\alpha_{62}e^{-\bar{y}}}{\alpha_{63} + (\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{62})\bar{z}},$$

$$b_{55} = -\frac{\alpha_{61}\bar{z}}{\alpha_{63} + (\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{62})\bar{z}},$$

$$b_{56} = -\frac{\alpha_{62}\bar{z}}{\alpha_{63} + (\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{62})\bar{z}},$$

Proof. It is similar to the proof of Theorem 4. So its proof is omitted. \square

Hereafter, by constructing a Lyapunov function with discrete time motivated from the work of [2], global dynamics about Y_i ($i = 1, \dots, 6$), respectively, of systems (3)–(8) is explored. \square

6. Global Dynamics of Systems (3)–(8)

Theorem 6. For global dynamics about Y_i ($i = 1, \dots, 6$), respectively, of systems (3)–(8), following statements hold:

(i) Y_1 of (3) is global asymptotically stable if

$$\begin{aligned} (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})e^{-L_2} &< (2\bar{x} - U_1)(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})L_2), \\ (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-L_3} &< (2\bar{y} - U_2)(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})L_3), \\ (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})e^{-L_1} &< (2\bar{z} - U_3)(\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})L_1); \end{aligned} \quad (79)$$

(ii) Y_2 of (4) is global asymptotically stable if

$$\begin{aligned} (\alpha_{19} + \alpha_{20})e^{-L_6} &< (2\bar{x} - U_4)(\alpha_{21} + (\alpha_{19} + \alpha_{20})L_6), \\ (\alpha_{22} + \alpha_{23})e^{-L_4} &< (2\bar{y} - U_5)(\alpha_{24} + (\alpha_{22} + \alpha_{23})L_4), \\ (\alpha_{25} + \alpha_{26})e^{-L_5} &< (2\bar{z} - U_6)(\alpha_{27} + (\alpha_{25} + \alpha_{26})L_5); \end{aligned} \quad (80)$$

(iii) Y_3 of (5) is global asymptotically stable if

$$\begin{aligned} (\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29})e^{-L_7} &< (2\bar{x} - U_7)(\alpha_{30} + (\alpha_{28} + \alpha_{29})L_7), \\ (\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})e^{-L_8} &< (2\bar{y} - U_8)(\alpha_{33} + (\alpha_{31} + \alpha_{32})L_9), \\ (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})e^{-L_9} &< (2\bar{z} - U_9)(\alpha_{36} + (\alpha_{34} + \alpha_{35})L_8); \end{aligned} \quad (81)$$

(iv) Y_4 of (6) is global asymptotically stable if

$$\begin{aligned} (\alpha_{37} + \alpha_{38})e^{-L_{10}} &< (2\bar{x} - U_{10})(\alpha_{39} + (\alpha_{37} + \alpha_{38})L_{11}), \\ (\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{41})e^{-L_{11}} &< (2\bar{y} - U_{11})(\alpha_{42} + (\alpha_{40} + \alpha_{41})L_{10}), \\ (\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{44})e^{-L_{12}} &< (2\bar{z} - U_{12})(\alpha_{45} + (\alpha_{43} + \alpha_{44})L_{12}); \end{aligned} \quad (82)$$

(v) Y_5 of (7) is global asymptotically stable if

$$\begin{aligned} (\alpha_{46} + \alpha_{47})e^{-L_{13}} &< (2\bar{x} - U_{13})(\alpha_{48} + (\alpha_{46} + \alpha_{47})L_{15}), \\ (\alpha_{49} + \alpha_{50})e^{-L_{14}} &< (2\bar{y} - U_{14})(\alpha_{51} + (\alpha_{49} + \alpha_{50})L_{14}), \\ (\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{53})e^{-L_{15}} &< (2\bar{z} - U_{15})(\alpha_{54} + (\alpha_{52} + \alpha_{53})L_{13}); \end{aligned} \quad (83)$$

(vi) Y_6 of (8) is global asymptotically stable if

$$\begin{aligned} (\alpha_{55} + \alpha_{56})e^{-L_{18}} &< (2\bar{x} - U_{16})(\alpha_{57} + (\alpha_{56} + \alpha_{57})L_{16}), \\ (\alpha_{58} + \alpha_{59})e^{-L_{16}} &< (2\bar{y} - U_{17})(\alpha_{60} + (\alpha_{58} + \alpha_{59})L_{17}), \\ (\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{62})e^{-L_{17}} &< (2\bar{z} - U_{18})(\alpha_{63} + (\alpha_{61} + \alpha_{62})L_{18}). \end{aligned} \quad (84)$$

Proof. (i) Consider the following discrete-time Lyapunov function:

Now

$$\Gamma_n = (x_n - \bar{x})^2 + (y_n - \bar{y})^2 + (z_n - \bar{z})^2. \quad (85)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\Delta\Gamma_n &= \Gamma_{n+1} - \Gamma_n \\
&= (x_{n+1} - x_n)(x_{n+1} + x_n - 2\bar{x}) + (y_{n+1} - y_n)(y_{n+1} + y_n - 2\bar{y}) + (z_{n+1} - z_n)(z_{n+1} + z_n - 2\bar{z}), \\
&= (x_{n+1} - x_n) \left(\frac{\alpha_{10}e^{-y_n} + \alpha_{11}e^{-y_{n-1}}}{\alpha_{12} + \alpha_{10}y_n + \alpha_{11}y_{n-1}} + x_n - 2\bar{x} \right) \\
&\quad + (y_{n+1} - y_n) \left(\frac{\alpha_{13}e^{-z_n} + \alpha_{14}e^{-z_{n-1}}}{\alpha_{15} + \alpha_{13}z_n + \alpha_{14}z_{n-1}} + y_n - 2\bar{y} \right) \\
&\quad + (z_{n+1} - z_n) \left(\frac{\alpha_{16}e^{-x_n} + \alpha_{17}e^{-x_{n-1}}}{\alpha_{18} + \alpha_{16}x_n + \alpha_{17}x_{n-1}} + z_n - 2\bar{z} \right) \\
&\leq (U_1 - L_1) \left(\frac{(\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})e^{-L_2}}{\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})L_2} + U_1 - 2\bar{x} \right) \\
&\quad + (U_2 - L_2) \left(\frac{(\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-L_3}}{\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})L_3} + U_2 - 2\bar{y} \right) \\
&\quad + (U_3 - L_3) \left(\frac{(\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})e^{-L_1}}{\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})L_1} + U_3 - 2\bar{z} \right) \\
&= (U_1 - L_1) \left(\frac{(\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})e^{-L_2} - (2\bar{x} - U_1)(\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})L_2)}{\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})L_2} \right) \\
&\quad + (U_2 - L_2) \left(\frac{(\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})e^{-L_3} - (2\bar{y} - U_2)(\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})L_3)}{\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})L_3} \right) \\
&\quad + (U_3 - L_3) \left(\frac{(\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})e^{-L_1} - (2\bar{z} - U_3)(\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})L_1)}{\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})L_1} \right).
\end{aligned} \tag{86}$$

From (80) and (87), one gets $\Delta\Gamma_n < 0 \forall n \geq 0$. Hence, we obtain that $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (\Gamma_{n+1} - \Gamma_n) = 0$, and thus Y_1 of (3) is global asymptotically stable. \square

Remark 3. The proof of (ii)–(vi) is same as the proof of (i).

where

$$\begin{aligned}
\bar{x} &\in [L_1, U_1], \\
\bar{y} &\in [L_2, U_2], \\
\bar{z} &\in [L_3, U_3],
\end{aligned} \tag{88}$$

7. Rate of Convergence

then the error vector, i.e.,

We will explore the convergence result about the equilibrium point of systems (3)–(8) motivated from the existing literature [3–5], in this section.

Theorem 7. If the positive solution of (3) is $\{\Omega_n\}_{n=1}^\infty$, s.t.

$$\begin{aligned}
\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} x_n &= \bar{x}, \\
\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} y_n &= \bar{y}, \\
\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} z_n &= \bar{z},
\end{aligned} \tag{87}$$

$$\theta_n = \begin{pmatrix} \theta_n^1 \\ \theta_{n-1}^1 \\ \theta_n^2 \\ \theta_{n-1}^2 \\ \theta_n^3 \\ \theta_{n-1}^3 \end{pmatrix}, \tag{89}$$

satisfies the following relation:

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (\|\theta_n\|)^{1/n} &= |\lambda_{1,\dots,6} J|_{Y_1}|, \\ \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\|\theta_{n+1}\|}{\|\theta_n\|} &= |\lambda_{1,\dots,6} J|_{Y_1}|, \end{aligned} \quad (90)$$

where $|\lambda_{1,\dots,6} J|_{Y_1}|$ are the roots of $J|_{Y_1}$.

Proof. If the positive solution of (3) is $\{\Omega_n\}_{n=-1}^{\infty}$, s.t. (88) along with (89) holds. To find the error terms, one has

$$\begin{aligned} x_{n+1} - \bar{x} &= \frac{\alpha_{10}e^{-y_n} + \alpha_{11}e^{-y_{n-1}}}{\alpha_{12} + \alpha_{10}y_n + \alpha_{11}y_{n-1}} - \frac{(\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})e^{-\bar{y}}}{\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})\bar{y}} \\ &= \frac{\alpha_{10}e^{-y_n}(e^{y_n - \bar{y}} - 1)}{\alpha_{12} + \alpha_{10}y_n + \alpha_{11}y_{n-1}} - \frac{\alpha_{11}e^{-y_{n-1}}(e^{y_{n-1} - \bar{y}} - 1)}{\alpha_{12} + \alpha_{10}y_n + \alpha_{11}y_{n-1}} - \frac{\alpha_{10}\bar{x}(y_n - \bar{y})}{\alpha_{12} + \alpha_{10}y_n + \alpha_{11}y_{n-1}} \\ &\quad - \frac{\alpha_{11}\bar{x}(y_{n-1} - \bar{y})}{\alpha_{12} + \alpha_{10}y_n + \alpha_{11}y_{n-1}} \\ &= -\frac{\alpha_{10}(e^{-y_n}(y_n - \bar{y} + O_1((y_n - \bar{y})^2)) + \bar{x}(y_n - \bar{y}))}{\alpha_{12} + \alpha_{10}y_n + \alpha_{11}y_{n-1}}(y_n - \bar{y}) \\ &\quad - \frac{\alpha_{11}(e^{-y_{n-1}}(y_{n-1} - \bar{y} + O_2((y_{n-1} - \bar{y})^2)) + \bar{x}(y_{n-1} - \bar{y}))}{\alpha_{12} + \alpha_{10}y_n + \alpha_{11}y_{n-1}}(y_{n-1} - \bar{y}). \end{aligned} \quad (91)$$

So,

$$\begin{aligned} x_{n+1} - \bar{x} &= -\frac{\alpha_{10}(e^{-y_n} + \bar{x})}{\alpha_{12} + \alpha_{10}y_n + \alpha_{11}y_{n-1}}(y_n - \bar{y}) - \frac{\alpha_{11}(e^{-y_{n-1}} + \bar{x})}{\alpha_{12} + \alpha_{10}y_n + \alpha_{11}y_{n-1}}(y_{n-1} - \bar{y}) \\ &\quad + O_1((y_n - \bar{y})^2) + O_2((y_{n-1} - \bar{y})^2). \end{aligned} \quad (92)$$

Similarly,

$$\begin{aligned} y_{n+1} - \bar{y} &= -\frac{\alpha_{13}(e^{-z_n} + \bar{y})}{\alpha_{15} + \alpha_{13}z_n + \alpha_{14}z_{n-1}}(z_n - \bar{z}) - \frac{\alpha_{14}(e^{-z_{n-1}} + \bar{y})}{\alpha_{15} + \alpha_{13}z_n + \alpha_{14}z_{n-1}}(z_{n-1} - \bar{z}) \\ &\quad + O_3((z_n - \bar{z})^2) + O_4((z_{n-1} - \bar{z})^2), \\ z_{n+1} - \bar{z} &= -\frac{\alpha_{16}(e^{-x_n} + \bar{z})}{\alpha_{18} + \alpha_{16}x_n + \alpha_{17}x_{n-1}}(x_n - \bar{x}) - \frac{\alpha_{17}(e^{-x_{n-1}} + \bar{z})}{\alpha_{18} + \alpha_{16}x_n + \alpha_{17}x_{n-1}}(x_{n-1} - \bar{x}) + \\ &\quad O_5((x_n - \bar{x})^2) + O_6((x_{n-1} - \bar{x})^2). \end{aligned} \quad (93)$$

From (92) and (93), one gets

$$\begin{aligned} x_{n+1} - \bar{x} &\approx -\frac{\alpha_{10}(e^{-y_n} + \bar{x})}{\alpha_{12} + \alpha_{10}y_n + \alpha_{11}y_{n-1}}(y_n - \bar{y}) - \frac{\alpha_{11}(e^{-y_{n-1}} + \bar{x})}{\alpha_{12} + \alpha_{10}y_n + \alpha_{11}y_{n-1}}(y_{n-1} - \bar{y}), \\ y_{n+1} - \bar{y} &\approx -\frac{\alpha_{13}(e^{-z_n} + \bar{y})}{\alpha_{15} + \alpha_{13}z_n + \alpha_{14}z_{n-1}}(z_n - \bar{z}) - \frac{\alpha_{14}(e^{-z_{n-1}} + \bar{y})}{\alpha_{15} + \alpha_{13}z_n + \alpha_{14}z_{n-1}}(z_{n-1} - \bar{z}), \\ z_{n+1} - \bar{z} &\approx -\frac{\alpha_{16}(e^{-x_n} + \bar{z})}{\alpha_{18} + \alpha_{16}x_n + \alpha_{17}x_{n-1}}(x_n - \bar{x}) - \frac{\alpha_{17}(e^{-x_{n-1}} + \bar{z})}{\alpha_{18} + \alpha_{16}x_n + \alpha_{17}x_{n-1}}(x_{n-1} - \bar{x}). \end{aligned} \quad (94)$$

Denote

$$\begin{aligned}\theta_n^1 &= x_n - \bar{x}, \\ \theta_n^2 &= y_n - \bar{y}, \\ \theta_n^3 &= z_n - \bar{z}.\end{aligned}\tag{95}$$

In view of (95), from (94), one gets

$$\begin{aligned}\theta_{n+1}^1 &= \omega_{1n}\theta_n^2 + \omega_{2n}\theta_{n-1}^2, \\ \theta_{n+1}^2 &= \omega_{3n}\theta_n^3 + \omega_{4n}\theta_{n-1}^3, \\ \theta_{n+1}^3 &= \omega_{5n}\theta_n^1 + \omega_{6n}\theta_{n-1}^1,\end{aligned}\tag{96}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned}\omega_{1n} &= \frac{\alpha_{10}(e^{-y_n} + \bar{x})}{\alpha_{12} + \alpha_{10}y_n + \alpha_{11}y_{n-1}}, \\ \omega_{2n} &= \frac{\alpha_{11}(e^{-y_{n-1}} + \bar{x})}{\alpha_{12} + \alpha_{10}y_n + \alpha_{11}y_{n-1}}, \\ \omega_{3n} &= -\frac{\alpha_{13}(e^{-z_n} + \bar{y})}{\alpha_{15} + \alpha_{13}z_n + \alpha_{14}z_{n-1}}, \\ \omega_{4n} &= -\frac{\alpha_{14}(e^{-z_{n-1}} + \bar{y})}{\alpha_{15} + \alpha_{13}z_n + \alpha_{14}z_{n-1}}, \\ \omega_{5n} &= -\frac{\alpha_{16}(e^{-x_n} + \bar{z})}{\alpha_{18} + \alpha_{16}x_n + \alpha_{17}x_{n-1}}, \\ \omega_{6n} &= -\frac{\alpha_{17}(e^{-x_{n-1}} + \bar{z})}{\alpha_{18} + \alpha_{16}x_n + \alpha_{17}x_{n-1}}.\end{aligned}\tag{97}$$

From (97), one gets

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \omega_{1n} &= -\frac{\alpha_{10}(e^{-\bar{y}} + \bar{x})}{\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})\bar{y}}, \\ \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \omega_{2n} &= -\frac{\alpha_{11}(e^{-\bar{y}} + \bar{x})}{\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})\bar{y}}, \\ \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \omega_{3n} &= -\frac{\alpha_{13}(e^{-\bar{z}} + \bar{y})}{\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})\bar{z}}, \\ \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \omega_{4n} &= -\frac{\alpha_{14}(e^{-\bar{z}} + \bar{y})}{\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})\bar{z}}, \\ \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \omega_{5n} &= -\frac{\alpha_{16}(e^{-\bar{x}} + \bar{z})}{\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})\bar{x}}, \\ \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \omega_{6n} &= -\frac{\alpha_{17}(e^{-\bar{x}} + \bar{z})}{\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})\bar{x}},\end{aligned}\tag{98}$$

that is,

$$\begin{aligned}\omega_{1n} &= -\frac{\alpha_{10}(e^{-\bar{y}} + \bar{x})}{\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})\bar{y}} + b1_n, \\ \omega_{2n} &= -\frac{\alpha_{11}(e^{-\bar{y}} + \bar{x})}{\alpha_{12} + (\alpha_{10} + \alpha_{11})\bar{y}} + b1_{n-1}, \\ \omega_{3n} &= -\frac{\alpha_{13}(e^{-\bar{z}} + \bar{y})}{\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})\bar{z}} + b2_n, \\ \omega_{4n} &= -\frac{\alpha_{14}(e^{-\bar{z}} + \bar{y})}{\alpha_{15} + (\alpha_{13} + \alpha_{14})\bar{z}} + b2_{n-1}, \\ \omega_{5n} &= -\frac{\alpha_{16}(e^{-\bar{x}} + \bar{z})}{\alpha_{18} + (\alpha_{16} + \alpha_{17})\bar{x}} + b3_n,\end{aligned}\tag{99}$$

where $b1_n, b1_{n-1}, b2_n, b2_{n-1}, b3_n$, and $b3_{n-1} \rightarrow 0$ as $n \rightarrow \infty$. Now, we have system 1.10 of [6], where $A = J|_{Y_1}$ and

$$B(n) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & b1_n & b1_{n-1} & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & b2_n & b2_{n-1} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ b3_n & b3_{n-1} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix},\tag{100}$$

such that $\|B(n)\| \rightarrow \infty, n \rightarrow \infty$. So, about Y_1 of (3) the limiting system becomes

$$\begin{pmatrix} \theta_{n+1}^1 \\ \theta_n^1 \\ \theta_{n+1}^2 \\ \theta_n^2 \\ \theta_{n+1}^3 \\ \theta_n^3 \end{pmatrix} = J|_{Y_1} \begin{pmatrix} \theta_n^1 \\ \theta_{n-1}^1 \\ \theta_n^2 \\ \theta_{n-1}^2 \\ \theta_n^3 \\ \theta_{n-1}^3 \end{pmatrix},\tag{101}$$

which is as $J|_{Y_1}$ about Y_1 . \square

In the following theorem, we will summarize the convergence results for systems (4) to (8).

Theorem 8. (i) If the positive solution of (4) is $\{\Omega_n\}_{n=-1}^{\infty}$, s.t. (87) along with the following relation holds:

$$\begin{aligned}\bar{x} &\in [L_4, U_4], \\ \bar{y} &\in [L_5, U_5], \\ \bar{z} &\in [L_6, U_6],\end{aligned}\tag{102}$$

then the error vector, which is depicted in (89), satisfies the following relations:

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (\|\theta_n\|)^{1/n} &= |\lambda_{1,\dots,6} J| Y_2|, \\ \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\|\theta_{n+1}\|}{\|\theta_n\|} &= |\lambda_{1,\dots,6} J| Y_2|, \end{aligned} \quad (103)$$

where $|\lambda_{1,\dots,6} J| Y_2|$ are the roots of $J|Y_2|$.

(ii) If the positive solution of (5) is $\{\Omega_n\}_{n=-1}^{\infty}$, s.t. (87) along with the following relation holds:

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{x} &\in [L_7, U_7], \\ \bar{y} &\in [L_8, U_8], \\ \bar{z} &\in [L_9, U_9], \end{aligned} \quad (104)$$

then the error vector, which is depicted in (89), satisfies the following relations:

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (\|\theta_n\|)^{1/n} &= |\lambda_{1,\dots,6} J| Y_3|, \\ \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\|\theta_{n+1}\|}{\|\theta_n\|} &= |\lambda_{1,\dots,6} J| Y_3|, \end{aligned} \quad (105)$$

where $|\lambda_{1,\dots,6} J| Y_3|$ are the roots of $J|Y_3|$.

(iii) If the positive solution of (6) is $\{\Omega_n\}_{n=-1}^{\infty}$, s.t. (87) along with the following relation holds:

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{x} &\in [L_{10}, U_{10}], \\ \bar{y} &\in [L_{11}, U_{11}], \\ \bar{z} &\in [L_{12}, U_{12}], \end{aligned} \quad (106)$$

then the error vector, which is depicted in (89), satisfies the following relations:

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (\|\theta_n\|)^{1/n} &= |\lambda_{1,\dots,6} J| Y_4|, \\ \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\|\theta_{n+1}\|}{\|\theta_n\|} &= |\lambda_{1,\dots,6} J| Y_4|, \end{aligned} \quad (107)$$

where $|\lambda_{1,\dots,6} J| Y_4|$ are the roots of $J|Y_4|$.

(iv) If the positive solution of (7) is $\{\Omega_n\}_{n=-1}^{\infty}$, s.t. (87) along with the following relation holds:

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{x} &\in [L_{13}, U_{13}], \\ \bar{y} &\in [L_{14}, U_{14}], \\ \bar{z} &\in [L_{15}, U_{15}], \end{aligned} \quad (108)$$

then the error vector, which is depicted in (89), satisfies the following relations:

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (\|\theta_n\|)^{1/n} &= |\lambda_{1,\dots,6} J| Y_5|, \\ \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\|\theta_{n+1}\|}{\|\theta_n\|} &= |\lambda_{1,\dots,6} J| Y_5|, \end{aligned} \quad (109)$$

where $|\lambda_{1,\dots,6} J| Y_5|$ are the roots of $J|Y_5|$.

(v) If the positive solution of (8) is $\{\Omega_n\}_{n=-1}^{\infty}$, s.t. (87) along with the following relation holds:

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{x} &\in [L_{16}, U_{16}], \\ \bar{y} &\in [L_{17}, U_{17}], \\ \bar{z} &\in [L_{18}, U_{18}], \end{aligned} \quad (110)$$

then the error vector, which is depicted in (89), satisfies the following relations:

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (\|\theta_n\|)^{1/n} &= |\lambda_{1,\dots,6} J| Y_6|, \\ \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\|\theta_{n+1}\|}{\|\theta_n\|} &= |\lambda_{1,\dots,6} J| Y_6|, \end{aligned} \quad (111)$$

where $|\lambda_{1,\dots,6} J| Y_6|$ are the roots of $J|Y_6|$.

Proof. It is similar to Theorem 7, and hence its proof is omitted. \square

8. Discussion and Simulations

In the reported work, we have explored the global dynamics of (2, 3)-type exponential systems of difference equations. We have investigated that $\{\Omega_n\}_{n=-1}^{\infty}$ of systems (3) to (8) is bounded and persists, and the corresponding invariant rectangles, respectively, are $[L_1, U_1] \times [L_2, U_2] \times [L_3, U_3]$, $[L_4, U_4] \times [L_5, U_5] \times [L_6, U_6]$, $[L_7, U_7] \times [L_8, U_8] \times [L_9, U_9]$, $[L_{10}, U_{10}] \times [L_{11}, U_{11}] \times [L_{12}, U_{12}]$, $[L_{13}, U_{13}] \times [L_{14}, U_{14}] \times [L_{15}, U_{15}]$, and $[L_{16}, U_{16}] \times [L_{17}, U_{17}] \times [L_{18}, U_{18}]$. Further, we have explored the existence and uniqueness of the positive equilibrium and the global and local dynamics of systems (3)–(8). We have also investigated the rate of convergence of the positive solution of systems (3)–(8). Finally, some numerical examples are provided to support the theoretical results. For instance, if α_i ($i = 10, \dots, 18$), respectively, are 13, 24, 319, 12, 0.1, 0.2, 1.5, 0.4, and 0.002, then from Figures 1(a)–1(c), the positive fixed point (0.06304125281075143, 0.567941569702224, 0.4220224516533974) of (3) is stable and its corresponding attractor is shown in Figure 1(s). Now, if α_i ($i = 19, \dots, 27$), respectively, are 19, 14, 9, 112, 0.1, 0.2, 15, 14, and 2, then from Figures 1(d)–1(f), the positive equilibrium point (0.6122355979161732, 0.996719892698477, 0.8425637558539959) of (4) is stable and its corresponding attractor is shown in Figure 1(t). For (5), if α_i ($i = 28, \dots, 36$), respectively, are 9, 0.4, 9, 12, 0.1, 0.2, 15, 2, and 15, then from Figures 1(g)–1(i), its unique positive equilibrium point (0.277465951, 0.924713, 0.88573) is stable and its corresponding attractor is shown in Figure 1(u). For (6), if α_i ($i = 37, \dots, 45$),

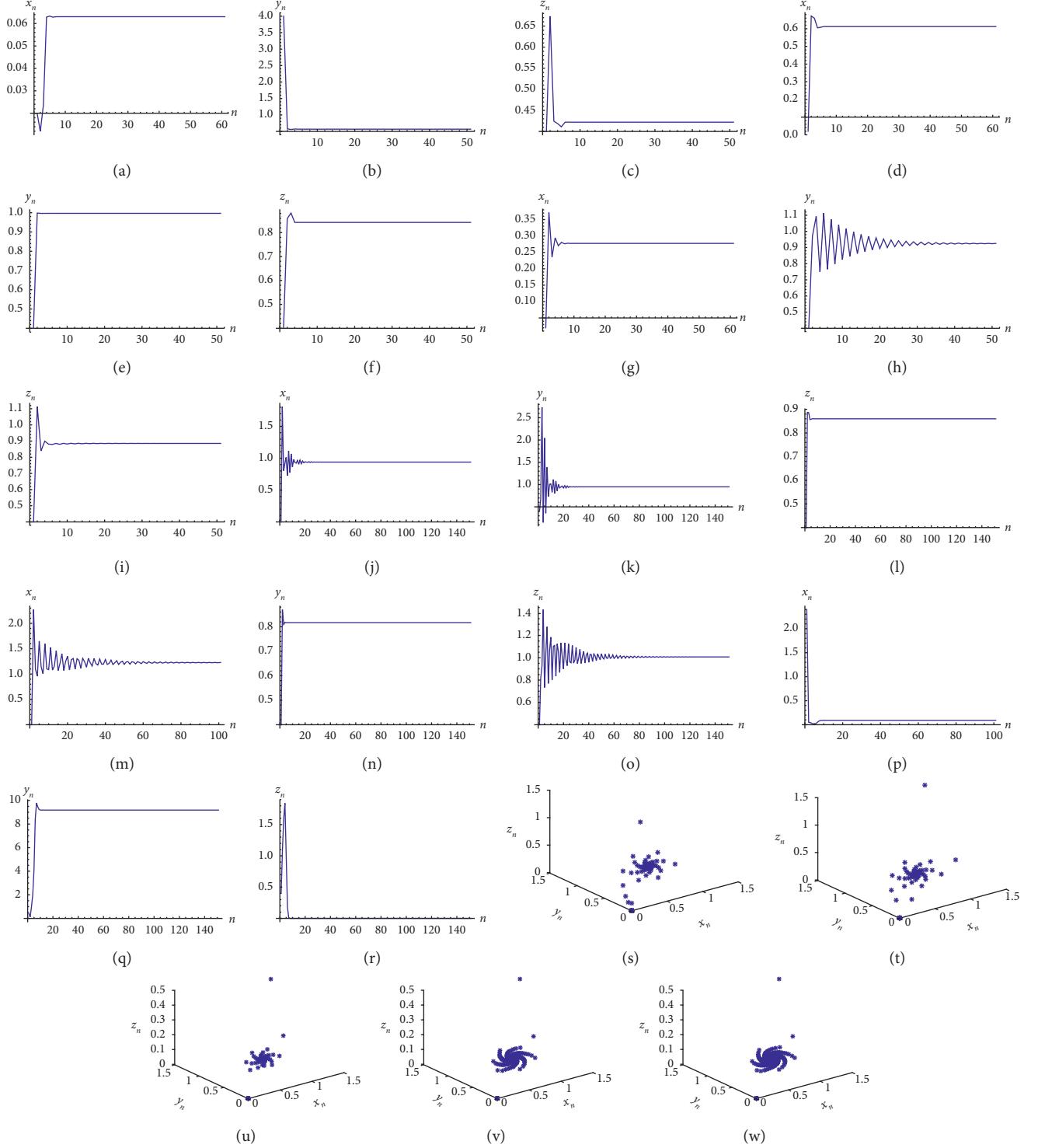


FIGURE 1: Trajectories for (3) to (8) with initial values x_s, y_s, z_s ($s = -1, 0$), respectively, being 0.7, 2.4, 0.9, 0.4, 1.9, and 0.4.

respectively, are 29, 14, 9, 12, 0.1, 0.2, 15, 14, and 2, then from Figures 1(j)–1(l), its unique positive equilibrium point $(0.9391896591799592, 0.9495483631730844, 0.8598773120562713)$ is stable and its corresponding attractor is shown in Figure 1(v). For (7), if α_i ($i = 46, \dots, 54$), respectively, are 29, 14, 1.9, 12, 0.1, 1.2, 15, 14, and 2, then from Figures 1(m)–1(o), its unique positive equilibrium point $(1.22564, 0.8167047, 1.007332)$ is stable and its corresponding attractor is shown in Figure 1(v). Finally, if α_i ($i = 55, \dots, 63$), respectively, are 9, 4, 129, 12, 0.1, 25, 14, 14, and 2, then from Figures 1(p)–1(r), the unique positive equilibrium point $(0.09228515208223682, 9.184938317317343, 0.0000975782517529335)$ of system (8) is stable and its corresponding attractor is shown in Figure 1(w). For more

details, see Figure 1(u)–1(w).

results on dynamical properties of difference equations, we refer the reader to [7, 8] and the references cited therein.

Data Availability

All the data utilized in this article have been included and the sources from where they were adopted are cited accordingly.

Conflicts of Interest

The authors declare that they have no conflicts of interest regarding the publication of this paper.

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