

C, N, S, and F-doped anatase TiO₂ (101) with oxygen vacancies: Photocatalysts active in the visible region

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Supplementary Materials

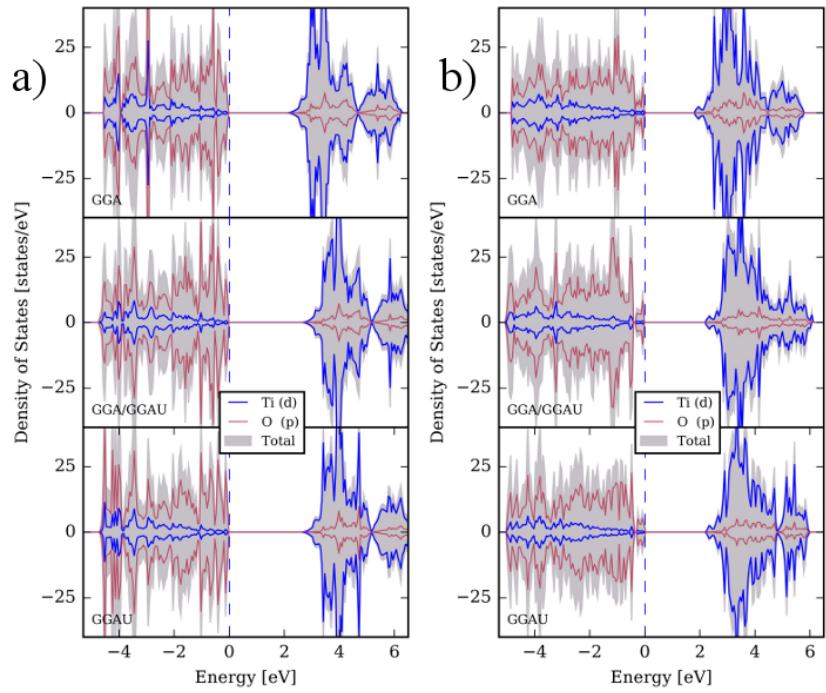


Figure S1. The total and partial density of states of the three relaxation methodologies for anatase TiO_2 . a) The bulk supercell; b) The TiO_2 (101) surface. The Fermi level corresponds to the zero energy.

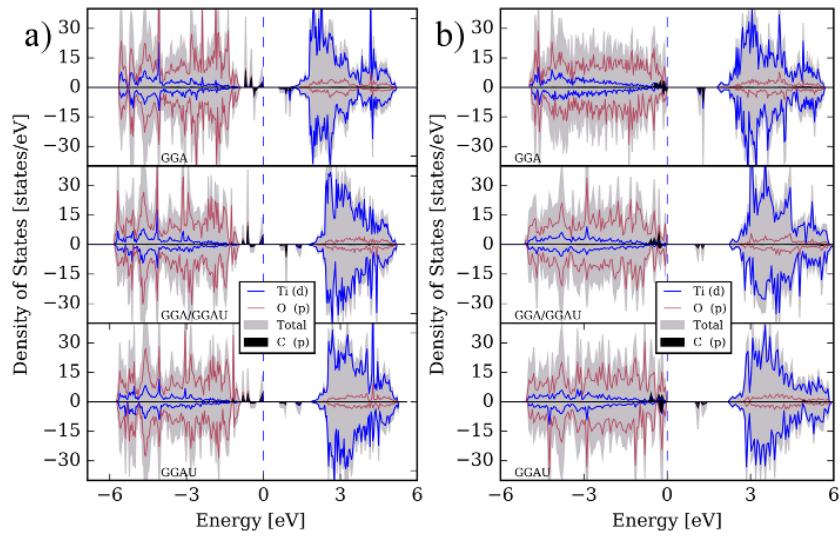


Figure S2. The total and partial density of states of the three relaxation methodologies for C-doped anatase TiO_2 . a) The bulk supercell; b) The TiO_2 (101) surface.

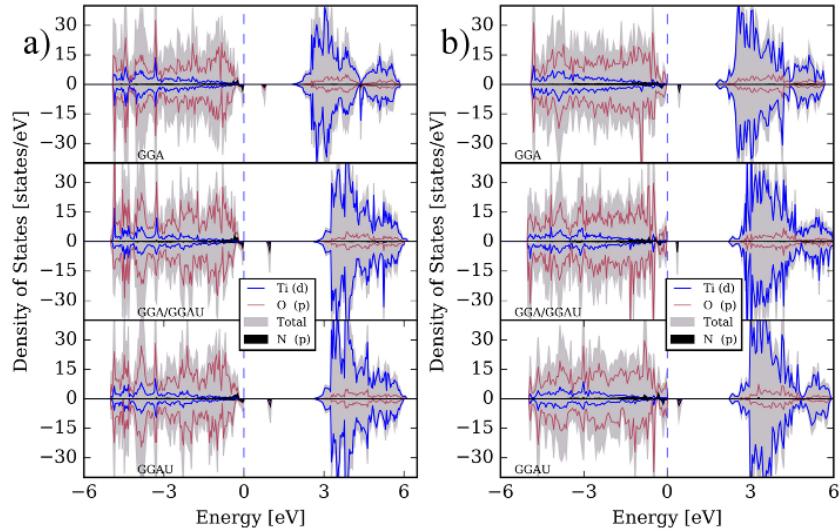


Figure S3. The total and partial density of states of the three relaxation methodologies for N-doped anatase TiO_2 . a) The bulk supercell; b) The TiO_2 (101) surface.

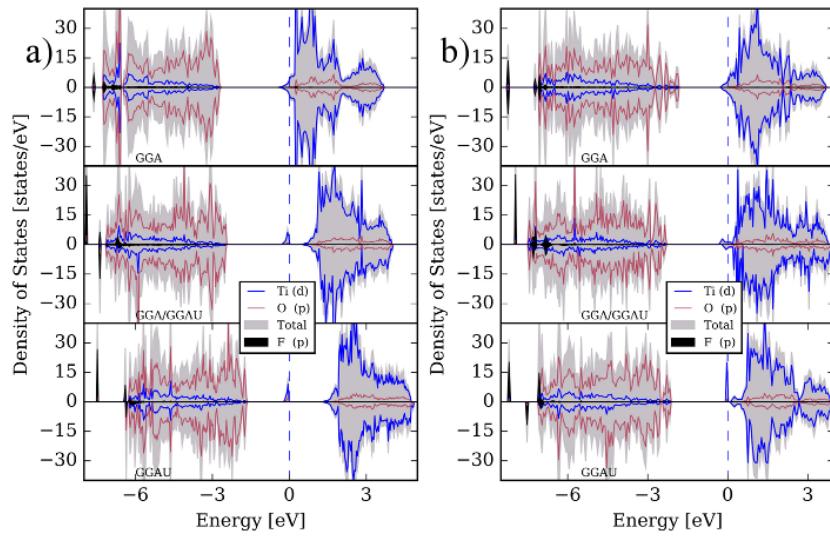


Figure S4. The total and partial density of states of the three relaxation methodologies for F-doped anatase TiO_2 . a) The bulk supercell; b) The TiO_2 (101).

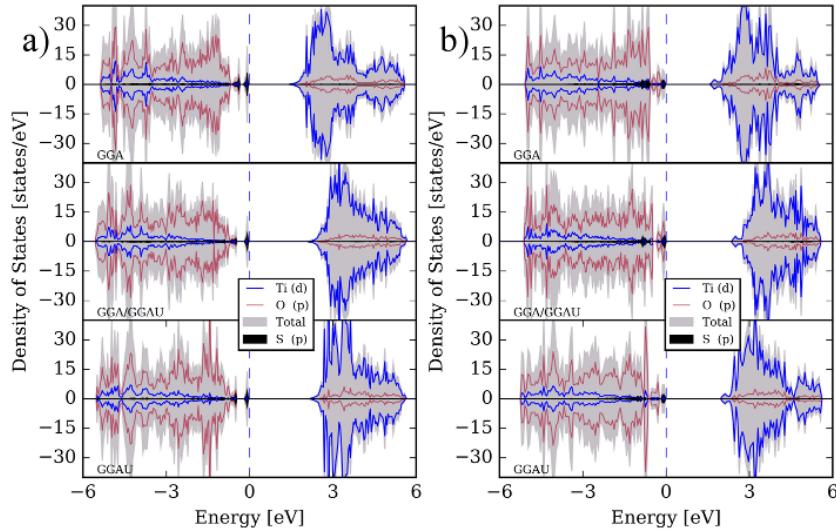


Figure S5. The total and partial density of states of the three relaxation methodologies for S-doped anatase TiO_2 . a) The bulk supercell; b) The TiO_2 (101) surface.