

Table E1: Multivariable Cox regression model including glycated hemoglobin missing values as an additional category

	Adjusted model HR (95% CI)	p-value
<i>Urinary infection</i>		
Yes	0.78 (0.32 – 1.92)	0.59
<i>Respiratory infection</i>		
Yes	4.93 (2.40 – 10.11)	<0.001
<i>Gastrointestinal infection</i>		
Mean (SD)	2.02 (0.69 – 5.94)	0.20
<i>Subcutaneous infection</i>		
Yes	1.81 (0.61 – 5.37)	0.29
<i>Diabetic foot</i>		
Yes	0.27 (0.10 – 0.74)	0.01
<i>Hypoglycemia</i>		
Yes	0.71 (0.16 – 3.08)	0.65
<i>Diabetic ketoacidosis</i>		
Yes	3.31 (0.72 – 15.19)	0.12
<i>Hyperosmolar state</i>		
Yes	3.74 (0.78 – 17.87)	0.10
<i>Stroke</i>		
Yes	3.96 (1.63 – 9.64)	0.002
<i>Acute kidney disease</i>		
Yes	16.06 (4.29 – 60.17)	<0.001
<i>Chronic kidney disease (exacerbation)</i>		
Yes	2.48 (1.18 – 5.20)	0.02

* The adjusted model was adjusted for gender, age, place of origin, education level, time of disease, hospital admission, treatment, and glycated hemoglobin. Glycated hemoglobin was included in the model as a three-category variable (uncontrolled, controlled, and missing values)