

Research Article

On Cauchy–Pompeiu’s Operator in Octant Ring

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In this study, we have determined Cauchy–Pompeiu representation formula in octant unit ring R_4 by modulation the main Cauchy–Pompeiu representation; this modulation was obtained by applying the parqueting-reflection method. Moreover, the boundedness of the modulated Cauchy–Pompeiu’s operator in R_4 is proved by applying Schmitz’s inequality.

1. Introduction

Many studies have investigated the modulation of Cauchy–Pompeiu representation formula in different particular domains, e.g., the ring [1], half-disk and half-ring [2], quarter-ring [3], half-hexagon [4], and lens and lune [5], to obtain an explicit solution to the Schwartz problem [6]:

$$\begin{aligned} \partial_{\bar{z}} w &= f \text{ on } D, \\ w &= f \text{ on } \partial D. \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

The Cauchy–Pompeiu representation formula is the fundamental tool for solving Schwartz problem which just has to be properly modified.

The main Cauchy–Pompeiu representation formula is given as follows.

Theorem 1 (Cauchy–Pompeiu representation [1]). *Any function $w \in C^1(D; \mathbb{C}) \cap C(\bar{D}; \mathbb{C})$ for a regular complex domain $D \subset \mathbb{C}$ can be represented as follows:*

$$\begin{aligned} w(z) &= \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\partial D} w(\zeta) \frac{d\zeta}{\zeta - z} - \frac{1}{\pi} \int_D w_{\bar{\zeta}}(\zeta) \frac{d\zeta d\bar{\eta}}{\zeta - z} (*), \\ \text{Or } w(z) &= -\frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\partial D} w(\zeta) \frac{d\bar{\zeta}}{\zeta - z} - \frac{1}{\pi} \int_D w_{\zeta}(\zeta) \frac{d\zeta d\eta}{\zeta - z} (**). \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

The area integral appearing in the complex Cauchy–Pompeiu representation (*) defines a weakly singular integral operator T ; we call it as “the Cauchy–Pompeiu’s operator” [1]:

$$Tf(z) = -\frac{1}{\pi} \int_D f(\zeta) \frac{d\zeta d\eta}{\zeta - z}, \quad f \in L_1(D; \mathbb{C}). \quad (3)$$

Its properties have been studied by Vekua [7]. The operator T helps in solving Schwartz problem because it holds

$$\partial_{\bar{z}} T f = f, \quad (4)$$

in a weak sense (the derivative in Sobolev space [6]).

When Cauchy–Pompeiu representation formula is modulated, the operator T is also modulated.

In this study, we modulate the Cauchy–Pompeiu representation formula in octant unit ring by using the parqueting-reflection method; then, we define the modulated T operator in R_4 , and we prove the boundedness of this operator.

2. The Octant Unit Ring

We define the octant unit ring as follows (Figure 1):

$$R_4 = \left\{ z \in \mathbb{C}; \quad 0 < r < |z| < 1, 0 < \arg(z) < \frac{\pi}{4} \right\}. \quad (5)$$

First, we will find the reflections of the domain R_4 at its boundaries.

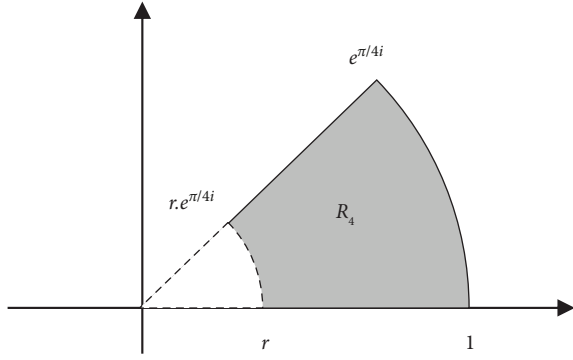


FIGURE 1: Octant unit disk.

Let $\partial_1 R_4$ be the segment $[r, 1]$, $\partial_2 R_4$ be the circular arc $[1, e^{\pi/4i}]$: $\tau \longrightarrow e^{\tau i}$, where $\tau \in [0, \pi/4]$, $\partial_3 R_4$ be the segment

$[e^{\pi/4i}, r.e^{\pi/4i}]$, and $\partial_4 R_4$ be the circular arc $[r.e^{\pi/4i}, r]$: $\tau \longrightarrow r.e^{\tau i}$, where it is $\tau \in [\pi/4, 0]$.

Let $z \in R_4$; then,

- (1) The point z is reflected at the segment $\partial_3 R_4$ onto $i\bar{z}$.
- (2) The points $z, i\bar{z}$ are reflected at y -axis onto $-\bar{z}, iz$, respectively.
- (3) The points $z, i\bar{z}, iz, -\bar{z}$ are reflected at x -axis onto $\bar{z}, -iz, -i\bar{z}, -z$, respectively.

We obtain the following eight sets:

$$\begin{aligned}
 R_{4,0} &= R_4, \\
 R_{4,1} &= \left\{ z \in \mathbb{C}; \quad 0 < r < |z| < 1, \quad \frac{\pi}{4} < \arg z < \frac{\pi}{2} \right\} = \{i\bar{z}; \quad z \in R_4\}, \\
 R_{4,2} &= \left\{ z \in \mathbb{C}; \quad 0 < r < |z| < 1, \quad \frac{\pi}{2} < \arg z < \frac{3\pi}{4} \right\} = \{iz; \quad z \in R_4\}, \\
 R_{4,3} &= \left\{ z \in \mathbb{C}; \quad 0 < r < |z| < 1, \quad \frac{3\pi}{4} < \arg z < \pi \right\} = \{-\bar{z}; \quad z \in R_4\}, \\
 R_{4,4} &= \left\{ z \in \mathbb{C}; \quad 0 < r < |z| < 1, \quad \pi < \arg z < \frac{5\pi}{4} \right\} = \{-z; \quad z \in R_4\}, \\
 R_{4,5} &= \left\{ z \in \mathbb{C}; \quad 0 < r < |z| < 1, \quad \frac{5\pi}{4} < \arg z < \frac{3\pi}{2} \right\} = \{-i\bar{z}; \quad z \in R_4\}, \\
 R_{4,6} &= \left\{ z \in \mathbb{C}; \quad 0 < r < |z| < 1, \quad \frac{3\pi}{2} < \arg z < \frac{7\pi}{4} \right\} = \{-iz; \quad z \in R_4\}, \\
 R_{4,7} &= \left\{ z \in \mathbb{C}; \quad 0 < r < |z| < 1, \quad \frac{7\pi}{4} < \arg z < 2\pi \right\} = \{\bar{z}; \quad z \in R_4\}.
 \end{aligned} \tag{6}$$

We can easily notice that (see Figure 2)

$$\bigcup_{k=0}^7 \overline{R_{4,k}} = \bar{R} = \{z \in \mathbb{C}; \quad 0 < r \leq |z| \leq 1\}. \tag{7}$$

The points $z, i\bar{z}, iz, -\bar{z}, -z, -i\bar{z}, -iz, \bar{z}$ are reflected at $\partial\mathbb{D}$ onto the points:

$$\frac{1}{\bar{z}}, \frac{i}{z}, \frac{i}{\bar{z}}, \frac{1}{z}, \frac{1}{\bar{z}}, \frac{i}{z}, \frac{i}{\bar{z}}, \frac{1}{z}. \tag{8}$$

The points $z, i\bar{z}, iz, -\bar{z}, -z, -i\bar{z}, -iz, \bar{z}$ are reflected at $\partial\mathbb{D}_r$ onto the points:

$$\frac{r^2}{\bar{z}}, \frac{ir^2}{z}, \frac{ir^2}{\bar{z}}, \frac{r^2}{z}, \frac{r^2}{\bar{z}}, \frac{ir^2}{z}, \frac{ir^2}{\bar{z}}, \frac{r^2}{z}. \tag{9}$$

where $\mathbb{D}_r = \{z \in \mathbb{C}; \quad |z| < r < 1\}$

Point (7) is reflected at $\partial\mathbb{D}_r$ onto the points:

$$r^2 z, ir^2 \bar{z}, ir^2 z, -r^2 \bar{z}, -r^2 z, -ir^2 \bar{z}, -ir^2 z, r^2 \bar{z}. \tag{10}$$

Point (10) is reflected at $\partial\mathbb{D}$ onto

$$\frac{1}{r^2 \bar{z}}, \frac{i}{r^2 z}, \frac{i}{r^2 \bar{z}}, \frac{1}{r^2 z}, \frac{1}{r^2 \bar{z}}, \frac{i}{r^2 z}, \frac{i}{r^2 \bar{z}}, \frac{1}{r^2 z}. \tag{11}$$

Point (11) is reflected at $\partial\mathbb{D}_r$ onto

$$r^4 z, ir^4 \bar{z}, ir^4 z, -r^4 \bar{z}, -r^4 z, -ir^4 \bar{z}, -ir^4 z, r^4 \bar{z}. \tag{12}$$

When continuing that way, we obtain

$$\pm r^{2k} z, \pm r^{2k} \bar{z}, \pm ir^{2k} z, \pm ir^{2k} \bar{z}, \pm \frac{1}{r^{2k} z}, \pm \frac{1}{r^{2k} \bar{z}}, \pm \frac{i}{r^{2k} z}, \pm \frac{i}{r^{2k} \bar{z}} \tag{13}$$

where $k \in \mathbb{N}$.

Point (9) is reflected at $\partial\mathbb{D}$ onto

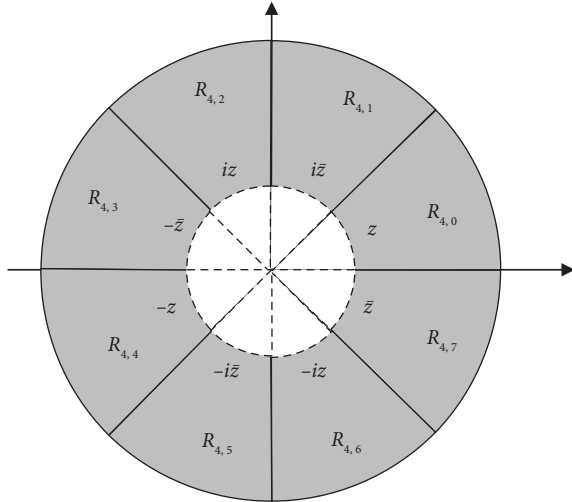


FIGURE 2: Unit ring.

$$\frac{z}{r^{2k}}, \frac{i\bar{z}}{r^{2k}}, \frac{iz}{r^{2k}}, \frac{-\bar{z}}{r^{2k}}, \frac{z}{r^{2k}}, \frac{i\bar{z}}{r^{2k}}, \frac{iz}{r^{2k}}, \frac{\bar{z}}{r^{2k}}. \tag{14}$$

Points (14) are reflected at $\partial\mathbb{D}_r$ onto

$$\frac{r^4}{\bar{z}}, \frac{ir^4}{z}, \frac{ir^4}{\bar{z}}, \frac{r^4}{z}, \frac{r^4}{\bar{z}}, \frac{ir^4}{z}, \frac{ir^4}{\bar{z}}, \frac{r^4}{z}. \tag{15}$$

When continuing that way, we obtain

$$\pm \frac{z}{r^{2k}}, \pm \frac{\bar{z}}{r^{2k}}, \pm \frac{iz}{r^{2k}}, \pm \frac{i\bar{z}}{r^{2k}}, \pm \frac{r^{2k}}{z}, \pm \frac{r^{2k}}{\bar{z}}, \pm \frac{ir^{2k}}{z}, \pm \frac{ir^{2k}}{\bar{z}}, \tag{16}$$

where $k \in \mathbb{N}$

Each point of sets (13) and (16) belong to a different domain D_m ; this domains parquets the complex plane:

$$\mathbb{C} = \bigcup_{m \in I} \overline{D}_m, \quad I \text{ is countable set.} \tag{17}$$

3. Main Result

In this section, we have determined the Cauchy–Pompeiu representation formula in octant unit ring R_4 by applying Theorem 1 at points (13) and (16).

Theorem 2. Any function $w \in C^1(R_4; \mathbb{C}) \cap C(\overline{R}_4; \mathbb{C})$ can be represented as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} w(z) = & \frac{2}{\pi i} \int_{|\zeta|=1} \text{Re}w(\zeta) \left[\frac{\zeta^4 + z^4}{\zeta^4 - z^4} - \frac{\bar{\zeta}^4 + z^4}{\bar{\zeta}^4 - z^4} + 2 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{\zeta^4}{r^{8k} \zeta^4 - z^4} - \frac{z^4}{r^{8k} z^4 - \zeta^4} + \frac{z^4}{r^{8k} z^4 - \bar{\zeta}^4} - \frac{\bar{\zeta}^4}{r^{8k} \bar{\zeta}^4 - z^4} \right) \right] \frac{d\zeta}{\zeta} \\ & \text{Re}\zeta, \quad \text{Im}\zeta > 0 \\ & - \frac{2}{\pi i} \int_{|\zeta|=r} \text{Re}w(\zeta) \left[\frac{\zeta^4 + z^4}{\zeta^4 - z^4} - \frac{\bar{\zeta}^4 + z^4}{\bar{\zeta}^4 - z^4} + 2 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{\zeta^4}{r^{8k} \zeta^4 - z^4} - \frac{z^4}{r^{8k} z^4 - \zeta^4} + \frac{z^4}{r^{8k} z^4 - \bar{\zeta}^4} - \frac{\bar{\zeta}^4}{r^{8k} \bar{\zeta}^4 - z^4} \right) \right] \frac{d\zeta}{\zeta} \\ & \text{Re}\zeta, \quad \text{Im}\zeta > 0 \\ & + \frac{4}{\pi i} \int_r^1 \text{Re}w(\zeta) \left[\frac{t^3}{t^4 - z^4} - \frac{t^3 z^4}{1 - t^4 z^4} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{t^3}{r^{8k} t^4 - z^4} - \frac{z^4}{t(r^{8k} z^4 - t^4)} + \frac{t^3 z^4}{r^{8k} t^4 z^4 - 1} - \frac{1}{t(r^{8k} - t^4 z^4)} \right) \right] dt \\ & + \frac{4}{\pi i} \int_1^r \text{Re}w(te^{\pi/4i}) \left[\frac{t^3}{t^4 + z^4} + \frac{t^3 z^4}{t^4 z^4 + 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{t^3}{r^{8k} t^4 + z^4} - \frac{z^4}{r^{8k} z^4 + t^4} + \frac{t^3 z^4}{r^{8k} t^4 z^4 - 1} - \frac{1}{r^{8k} + t^4 z^4} \right) \right] dt \\ & + \frac{4}{\pi} \int_{|\zeta|=1} \text{Im}w(\zeta) \\ & \text{Re}\zeta, \quad \text{Im}\zeta > 0 \\ & \frac{d\zeta}{\zeta} - \frac{4}{\pi} \int_{R_4} \left\{ w_{\bar{\zeta}}(\zeta) \left[\frac{\zeta^3}{\zeta^4 - z^4} + \frac{\zeta^3 z^4}{\zeta^4 z^4 - 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{\zeta^3}{r^{8k} \zeta^4 - z^4} - \frac{z^4}{\zeta(r^{8k} z^4 - \zeta^4)} + \frac{\zeta^3 z^4}{r^{8k} \zeta^4 z^4 - 1} - \frac{1}{\zeta(r^{8k} - \zeta^4 z^4)} \right) \right] \right. \\ & \left. - w_{\bar{\zeta}}(\zeta) \left[\frac{\bar{\zeta}^3}{\bar{\zeta}^4 - z^4} + \frac{\bar{\zeta}^3 z^4}{\bar{\zeta}^4 z^4 - 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{\bar{\zeta}^3}{r^{8k} \bar{\zeta}^4 - z^4} - \frac{z^4}{\bar{\zeta}(r^{8k} z^4 - \bar{\zeta}^4)} + \frac{\bar{\zeta}^3 z^4}{r^{8k} \bar{\zeta}^4 z^4 - 1} - \frac{1}{\bar{\zeta}(r^{8k} - \bar{\zeta}^4 z^4)} \right) \right] \right\} d\bar{\zeta} d\eta, \end{aligned} \tag{18}$$

where $\zeta = \xi + i\eta$, and $z \in R_4$.

Proof. Using Theorem 1 for the points $\pm r^{2k}z$, $\pm z/r^{2k}$, for every $k \in \mathbb{N}$, we find

$$w(z) = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\partial R_4} w(\zeta) \frac{d\zeta}{\zeta - z} - \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{R_4} w_{\bar{\zeta}}(\zeta) \frac{d\xi d\eta}{\zeta - z}, \quad (19)$$

$$0 = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\partial R_4} w(\zeta) \frac{d\zeta}{\zeta + z} - \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{R_4} w_{\bar{\zeta}}(\zeta) \frac{d\xi d\eta}{\zeta + z}, \quad (20)$$

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &= \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\partial R_4} w(\zeta) \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{\zeta - r^{2k}z} \right) d\zeta - \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{R_4} w_{\bar{\zeta}}(\zeta) \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{\zeta - r^{2k}z} \right) d\xi d\eta, \\ 0 &= \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\partial R_4} w(\zeta) \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{\zeta + r^{2k}z} \right) d\zeta - \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{R_4} w_{\bar{\zeta}}(\zeta) \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{\zeta + r^{2k}z} \right) d\xi d\eta, \end{aligned} \quad (21)$$

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &= \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\partial R_4} w(\zeta) \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{\zeta - z/r^{2k}} \right) d\zeta - \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{R_4} w_{\bar{\zeta}}(\zeta) \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{\zeta - z/r^{2k}} \right) d\xi d\eta, \\ 0 &= \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\partial R_4} w(\zeta) \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{\zeta + z/r^{2k}} \right) d\zeta - \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{R_4} w_{\bar{\zeta}}(\zeta) \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{\zeta + z/r^{2k}} \right) d\xi d\eta. \end{aligned} \quad (22)$$

When adding (19)–(22) and fixing the terms, we obtain

$$\begin{aligned} w(z) &= \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\partial R_4} w(\zeta) \left[\frac{2\zeta}{\zeta^2 - z^2} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2\zeta}{\zeta^2 - r^{4k}z^2} + \frac{2\zeta r^{4k}}{r^{4k}\zeta^2 - z^2} \right) \right] d\zeta \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{R_4} w_{\bar{\zeta}}(\zeta) \left[\frac{2\zeta}{\zeta^2 - z^2} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2\zeta}{\zeta^2 - r^{4k}z^2} + \frac{2\zeta r^{4k}}{r^{4k}\zeta^2 - z^2} \right) \right] d\xi d\eta. \end{aligned} \quad (23)$$

Similarly, when using Theorem 1 for the points, $\pm ir^{2k}z$, $\pm iz/r^{2k}$, for $k \in \mathbb{N}$, and fixing the terms, we find

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &= \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\partial R_4} w(\zeta) \left[\frac{2\zeta}{\zeta^2 + z^2} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2\zeta}{\zeta^2 + r^{4k}z^2} + \frac{2\zeta r^{4k}}{r^{4k}\zeta^2 + z^2} \right) \right] d\zeta \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{R_4} w_{\bar{\zeta}}(\zeta) \left[\frac{2\zeta}{\zeta^2 + z^2} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2\zeta}{\zeta^2 + r^{4k}z^2} + \frac{2\zeta r^{4k}}{r^{4k}\zeta^2 + z^2} \right) \right] d\xi d\eta. \end{aligned} \quad (24)$$

When using Theorem 1 for the points, $\pm 1/r^{2k}z, \pm r^{2k}/z, \pm i/r^{2k}z, \pm ir^{2k}/z$, for $k \in \mathbb{N}$, and fixing the terms we also find

$$0 = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\partial R_4} w(\zeta) \left[\frac{2\zeta z^2}{\zeta^2 z^2 - 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2\zeta z^2 r^{4k}}{r^{4k} \zeta^2 z^2 - 1} + \frac{2\zeta z^2}{\zeta^2 z^2 - r^{4k}} \right) \right] d\zeta$$

$$- \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{R_4} w_{\bar{\zeta}}(\zeta) \left[\frac{2\zeta z^2}{\zeta^2 z^2 - 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2\zeta z^2 r^{4k}}{r^{4k} \zeta^2 z^2 - 1} + \frac{2\zeta z^2}{\zeta^2 z^2 - r^{4k}} \right) \right] d\xi d\eta, \tag{25}$$

$$0 = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\partial R_4} w(\zeta) \left[\frac{2\zeta z^2}{\zeta^2 z^2 + 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2\zeta z^2 r^{4k}}{r^{4k} \zeta^2 z^2 + 1} + \frac{2\zeta z^2}{\zeta^2 z^2 + r^{4k}} \right) \right] d\zeta$$

$$- \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{R_4} w_{\bar{\zeta}}(\zeta) \left[\frac{2\zeta z^2}{\zeta^2 z^2 + 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2\zeta z^2 r^{4k}}{r^{4k} \zeta^2 z^2 + 1} + \frac{2\zeta z^2}{\zeta^2 z^2 + r^{4k}} \right) \right] d\xi d\eta. \tag{26}$$

Finally, when using Theorem 1 for the points, we obtain

$$\pm r^{2k}\bar{z}, \pm \frac{\bar{z}}{r^{2k}}, \pm ir^{2k}\bar{z}, \pm \frac{i\bar{z}}{r^{2k}}, \pm \frac{1}{r^{2k}\bar{z}}, \pm \frac{r^{2k}}{\bar{z}}, \pm \frac{i}{r^{2k}\bar{z}}, \pm \frac{ir^{2k}}{\bar{z}}. \tag{27}$$

For $k \in \mathbb{N}$, we find

$$0 = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\partial R_4} w(\zeta) \left[\frac{2\zeta}{\zeta^2 - \bar{z}^2} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2\zeta}{\zeta^2 - r^{4k}\bar{z}^2} + \frac{2\zeta r^{4k}}{r^{4k}\zeta^2 - \bar{z}^2} \right) \right] d\zeta$$

$$- \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{R_4} w_{\bar{\zeta}}(\zeta) \left[\frac{2\zeta}{\zeta^2 - \bar{z}^2} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2\zeta}{\zeta^2 - r^{4k}\bar{z}^2} + \frac{2\zeta r^{4k}}{r^{4k}\zeta^2 - \bar{z}^2} \right) \right] d\xi d\eta, \tag{28}$$

$$0 = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\partial R_4} w(\zeta) \left[\frac{2\zeta}{\zeta^2 + \bar{z}^2} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2\zeta}{\zeta^2 + r^{4k}\bar{z}^2} + \frac{2\zeta r^{4k}}{r^{4k}\zeta^2 + \bar{z}^2} \right) \right] d\zeta$$

$$- \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{R_4} w_{\bar{\zeta}}(\zeta) \left[\frac{2\zeta}{\zeta^2 + \bar{z}^2} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2\zeta}{\zeta^2 + r^{4k}\bar{z}^2} + \frac{2\zeta r^{4k}}{r^{4k}\zeta^2 + \bar{z}^2} \right) \right] d\xi d\eta, \tag{29}$$

$$0 = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\partial R_4} w(\zeta) \left[\frac{2\zeta \bar{z}^2}{\zeta^2 \bar{z}^2 - 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2\zeta \bar{z}^2 r^{4k}}{r^{4k} \zeta^2 \bar{z}^2 - 1} + \frac{2\zeta \bar{z}^2}{\zeta^2 \bar{z}^2 - r^{4k}} \right) \right] d\zeta$$

$$- \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{R_4} w_{\bar{\zeta}}(\zeta) \left[\frac{2\zeta \bar{z}^2}{\zeta^2 \bar{z}^2 - 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2\zeta \bar{z}^2 r^{4k}}{r^{4k} \zeta^2 \bar{z}^2 - 1} + \frac{2\zeta \bar{z}^2}{\zeta^2 \bar{z}^2 - r^{4k}} \right) \right] d\xi d\eta, \tag{30}$$

$$0 = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\partial R_4} w(\zeta) \left[\frac{2\zeta \bar{z}^2}{\zeta^2 \bar{z}^2 + 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2\zeta \bar{z}^2 r^{4k}}{r^{4k} \zeta^2 \bar{z}^2 + 1} + \frac{2\zeta \bar{z}^2}{\zeta^2 \bar{z}^2 + r^{4k}} \right) \right] d\zeta$$

$$- \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{R_4} w_{\bar{\zeta}}(\zeta) \left[\frac{2\zeta \bar{z}^2}{\zeta^2 \bar{z}^2 + 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2\zeta \bar{z}^2 r^{4k}}{r^{4k} \zeta^2 \bar{z}^2 + 1} + \frac{2\zeta \bar{z}^2}{\zeta^2 \bar{z}^2 + r^{4k}} \right) \right] d\xi d\eta. \tag{31}$$

Since $0 \notin R_4$, we can rewrite (23)–(31) as follows:

$$w(z) = \frac{1}{\pi i} \int_{\partial R_4} w(\zeta) \left[\frac{\zeta^2}{\zeta^2 - z^2} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{4k} \left(\frac{\zeta^2}{r^{4k} \zeta^2 - z^2} + \frac{z^2}{\zeta^2 - r^{4k} z^2} \right) \right] \frac{d\zeta}{\zeta} \quad (32)$$

$$- \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{R_4} w_{\bar{\zeta}}(\zeta) \left[\frac{\zeta}{\zeta^2 - z^2} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{4k} \left(\frac{\zeta}{r^{4k} \zeta^2 - z^2} + \frac{z^2}{\zeta(\zeta^2 - r^{4k} z^2)} \right) \right] d\xi d\eta,$$

$$0 = \frac{1}{\pi i} \int_{\partial R_4} w(\zeta) \left[\frac{\zeta^2}{\zeta^2 + z^2} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{4k} \left(\frac{\zeta^2}{r^{4k} \zeta^2 + z^2} - \frac{z^2}{\zeta^2 + r^{4k} z^2} \right) \right] \frac{d\zeta}{\zeta} \quad (33)$$

$$- \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{R_4} w_{\bar{\zeta}}(\zeta) \left[\frac{\zeta}{\zeta^2 + z^2} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{4k} \left(\frac{\zeta}{r^{4k} \zeta^2 - z^2} - \frac{z^2}{\zeta(\zeta^2 - r^{4k} z^2)} \right) \right] d\xi d\eta,$$

$$0 = \frac{1}{\pi i} \int_{\partial R_4} w(\zeta) \left[\frac{\zeta^2 z^2}{\zeta^2 z^2 - 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{4k} \left(\frac{\zeta^2 z^2}{r^{4k} \zeta^2 z^2 - 1} + \frac{1}{\zeta^2 z^2 - r^{4k}} \right) \right] \frac{d\zeta}{\zeta} \quad (34)$$

$$- \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{R_4} w_{\bar{\zeta}}(\zeta) \left[\frac{\zeta z^2}{\zeta^2 z^2 - 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{4k} \left(\frac{\zeta z^2}{r^{4k} \zeta^2 z^2 - 1} + \frac{1}{\zeta(\zeta^2 z^2 - r^{4k})} \right) \right] d\xi d\eta,$$

$$0 = \frac{1}{\pi i} \int_{\partial R_4} w(\zeta) \left[\frac{\zeta^2 z^2}{\zeta^2 z^2 + 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{4k} \left(\frac{\zeta^2 z^2}{r^{4k} \zeta^2 z^2 + 1} - \frac{1}{\zeta^2 z^2 + r^{4k}} \right) \right] \frac{d\zeta}{\zeta} \quad (35)$$

$$- \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{R_4} w_{\bar{\zeta}}(\zeta) \left[\frac{\zeta z^2}{\zeta^2 z^2 + 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{4k} \left(\frac{\zeta z^2}{r^{4k} \zeta^2 z^2 + 1} - \frac{1}{\zeta(\zeta^2 z^2 + r^{4k})} \right) \right] d\xi d\eta,$$

$$0 = \frac{1}{\pi i} \int_{\partial R_4} w(\zeta) \left[\frac{\zeta^2}{\zeta^2 - \bar{z}^2} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{4k} \left(\frac{\zeta^2}{r^{4k} \zeta^2 - \bar{z}^2} + \frac{\bar{z}^2}{\zeta^2 - r^{4k} \bar{z}^2} \right) \right] \frac{d\zeta}{\zeta} \quad (36)$$

$$- \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{R_4} w_{\bar{\zeta}}(\zeta) \left[\frac{\zeta}{\zeta^2 - \bar{z}^2} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{4k} \left(\frac{\zeta}{r^{4k} \zeta^2 - \bar{z}^2} + \frac{\bar{z}^2}{\zeta(\zeta^2 - r^{4k} \bar{z}^2)} \right) \right] d\xi d\eta,$$

$$0 = \frac{1}{\pi i} \int_{\partial R_4} w(\zeta) \left[\frac{\zeta^2}{\zeta^2 + \bar{z}^2} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{4k} \left(\frac{\zeta^2}{r^{4k} \zeta^2 + \bar{z}^2} - \frac{\bar{z}^2}{\zeta^2 + r^{4k} \bar{z}^2} \right) \right] \frac{d\zeta}{\zeta} \quad (37)$$

$$- \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{R_4} w_{\bar{\zeta}}(\zeta) \left[\frac{\zeta}{\zeta^2 + \bar{z}^2} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{4k} \left(\frac{\zeta}{r^{4k} \zeta^2 + \bar{z}^2} - \frac{\bar{z}^2}{\zeta(\zeta^2 + r^{4k} \bar{z}^2)} \right) \right] d\xi d\eta,$$

$$0 = \frac{1}{\pi i} \int_{\partial R_4} w(\zeta) \left[\frac{\zeta^2 \bar{z}^2}{\zeta^2 \bar{z}^2 - 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{4k} \left(\frac{\zeta^2 \bar{z}^2}{r^{4k} \zeta^2 \bar{z}^2 - 1} + \frac{1}{\zeta^2 \bar{z}^2 - r^{4k}} \right) \right] \frac{d\zeta}{\zeta} \quad (38)$$

$$- \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{R_4} w_{\bar{\zeta}}(\zeta) \left[\frac{\zeta \bar{z}^2}{\zeta^2 \bar{z}^2 - 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{4k} \left(\frac{\zeta \bar{z}^2}{r^{4k} \zeta^2 \bar{z}^2 - 1} + \frac{1}{\zeta(\zeta^2 \bar{z}^2 - r^{4k})} \right) \right] d\xi d\eta,$$

$$0 = \frac{1}{\pi i} \int_{\partial R_4} w(\zeta) \left[\frac{\zeta^2 \bar{z}^2}{\zeta^2 \bar{z}^2 + 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{4k} \left(\frac{\zeta^2 \bar{z}^2}{r^{4k} \zeta^2 \bar{z}^2 + 1} - \frac{1}{\zeta^2 \bar{z}^2 + r^{4k}} \right) \right] \frac{d\zeta}{\zeta} \quad (39)$$

$$- \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{R_4} w_{\bar{\zeta}}(\zeta) \left[\frac{\zeta \bar{z}^2}{\zeta^2 \bar{z}^2 + 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{4k} \left(\frac{\zeta \bar{z}^2}{r^{4k} \zeta^2 \bar{z}^2 + 1} - \frac{1}{\zeta(\zeta^2 \bar{z}^2 + r^{4k})} \right) \right] d\xi d\eta.$$

Adding (32) and (33) gives

$$\begin{aligned}
 w(z) = & \frac{2}{\pi i} \int_{\partial R_4} w(\zeta) \left[\frac{\zeta^4}{\zeta^4 - z^4} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{\zeta^4}{r^{8k} \zeta^4 - z^4} + \frac{z^4}{\zeta^4 - r^{8k} z^4} \right) \right] \frac{d\zeta}{\zeta} \\
 & - \frac{4}{\pi} \int_{R_4} w_{\bar{\zeta}}(\zeta) \left[\frac{\zeta^3}{\zeta^4 - z^4} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{\zeta^3}{r^{8k} \zeta^4 - z^4} + \frac{z^4}{\zeta(\zeta^4 - r^{8k} z^4)} \right) \right] d\bar{\zeta} d\eta.
 \end{aligned}
 \tag{40}$$

Adding (36) and (37) gives

$$\begin{aligned}
 0 = & \frac{2}{\pi i} \int_{\partial R_4} w(\zeta) \left[\frac{\zeta^4}{\zeta^4 - \bar{z}^4} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{\zeta^4}{r^{8k} \zeta^4 - \bar{z}^4} + \frac{\bar{z}^4}{\zeta^4 - r^{8k} \bar{z}^4} \right) \right] \frac{d\zeta}{\zeta} \\
 & - \frac{4}{\pi} \int_{R_4} w_{\bar{\zeta}}(\zeta) \left[\frac{\zeta^3}{\zeta^4 - \bar{z}^4} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{\zeta^3}{r^{8k} \zeta^4 - \bar{z}^4} + \frac{\bar{z}^4}{\zeta(\zeta^4 - r^{8k} \bar{z}^4)} \right) \right] d\bar{\zeta} d\eta.
 \end{aligned}
 \tag{41}$$

Adding (34) and (35) gives

$$\begin{aligned}
 0 = & \frac{2}{\pi i} \int_{\partial R_4} w(\zeta) \left[\frac{\zeta^4 z^4}{z^4 \zeta^4 - 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{\zeta^4 z^4}{r^{8k} z^4 \zeta^4 - 1} + \frac{1}{z^4 \zeta^4 - r^{8k}} \right) \right] \frac{d\zeta}{\zeta} \\
 & - \frac{4}{\pi} \int_{R_4} w_{\bar{\zeta}}(\zeta) \left[\frac{\zeta^3 z^4}{\zeta^4 z^4 - 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{\zeta^3 z^4}{r^{8k} \zeta^4 z^4 - 1} + \frac{1}{\zeta(\zeta^4 z^4 - r^{8k})} \right) \right] d\bar{\zeta} d\eta.
 \end{aligned}
 \tag{42}$$

Adding (38) and (39) gives

$$\begin{aligned}
 0 = & \frac{2}{\pi i} \int_{\partial R_4} w(\zeta) \left[\frac{\zeta^4 \bar{z}^4}{\bar{z}^4 \zeta^4 - 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{\zeta^4 \bar{z}^4}{r^{8k} \bar{z}^4 \zeta^4 - 1} + \frac{1}{\bar{z}^4 \zeta^4 - r^{8k}} \right) \right] \frac{d\zeta}{\zeta} \\
 & - \frac{4}{\pi} \int_{R_4} w_{\bar{\zeta}}(\zeta) \left[\frac{\zeta^3 \bar{z}^4}{\bar{z}^4 \zeta^4 - 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{\zeta^3 \bar{z}^4}{r^{8k} \bar{z}^4 \zeta^4 - 1} + \frac{1}{\zeta(\bar{z}^4 \zeta^4 - r^{8k})} \right) \right] d\bar{\zeta} d\eta.
 \end{aligned}
 \tag{43}$$

When taking the complex conjugate of (41) and (43), we can obtain

$$\begin{aligned}
0 &= \frac{2}{\pi i} \int_{|\zeta|=1} \overline{w(\zeta)} \left[\frac{1}{1-\zeta^4 z^4} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{1}{r^{8k} - \zeta^4 z^4} + \frac{z^4 \zeta^4}{1 - r^{8k} z^4} \right) \right] \frac{d\zeta}{\zeta} \\
&\quad \operatorname{Re}\zeta, \operatorname{Im}\zeta > 0 \\
&+ \frac{2}{\pi i} \int_{|\zeta|=r} \overline{w(\zeta)} \left[\frac{r^8}{r^8 - \zeta^4 z^4} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{r^8}{r^{8(k+1)} - \zeta^4 z^4} + \frac{\zeta^4 z^4}{r^8 - r^{8k} \zeta^4 z^4} \right) \right] \frac{d\zeta}{\zeta} \\
&\quad \operatorname{Re}\zeta, \operatorname{Im}\zeta > 0 \\
&- \frac{2}{\pi i} \int_r^1 \overline{w(t)} \left[\frac{t^4}{t^4 - z^4} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{t^4}{r^{8k} t^4 - z^4} + \frac{z^4}{t^4 - r^{8k} z^4} \right) \right] \frac{dt}{t} \\
&- \frac{2}{\pi i} \int_1^r \overline{w(t.e^{\pi/4i})} \left[\frac{t^4}{t^4 + z^4} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{t^4}{r^{8k} t^4 + z^4} - \frac{z^4}{t^4 + r^{8k} z^4} \right) \right] \frac{dt}{t} \\
&- \frac{4}{\pi} \int_{R_4} \overline{w_{\zeta}(\zeta)} \left[\frac{\bar{\zeta}^3}{\zeta^4 - z^4} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{\bar{\zeta}^3}{r^{8k} \zeta^4 - z^4} + \frac{z^4}{\bar{\zeta}(\zeta^4 - r^{8k} z^4)} \right) \right] d\xi d\eta,
\end{aligned} \tag{44}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
0 &= \frac{2}{\pi i} \int_{|\zeta|=1} \overline{w(\zeta)} \left[\frac{z^4}{z^4 - \zeta^4} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{z^4}{r^{8k} z^4 - \zeta^4} + \frac{\zeta^4}{z^4 - r^{8k} \zeta^4} \right) \right] \frac{d\zeta}{\zeta} \\
&\quad \operatorname{Re}\zeta, \operatorname{Im}\zeta > 0 \\
&+ \frac{2}{\pi i} \int_{|\zeta|=r} \overline{w(\zeta)} \left[\frac{r^8 z^4}{r^8 z^4 - \zeta^4} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{r^8 z^4}{r^{8(k+1)} z^4 - \zeta^4} + \frac{\zeta^4}{z^4 r^8 - r^{8k} \zeta^4} \right) \right] \frac{d\zeta}{\zeta} \\
&\quad \operatorname{Re}\zeta, \operatorname{Im}\zeta > 0 \\
&- \frac{2}{\pi i} \int_r^1 \overline{w(t)} \left[\frac{t^4 z^4}{z^4 t^4 - 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{t^4 z^4}{r^{8k} z^4 t^4 - 1} + \frac{1}{z^4 t^4 - r^{8k}} \right) \right] \frac{dt}{t} \\
&- \frac{2}{\pi i} \int_1^r \overline{w(t.e^{\pi/4i})} \left[\frac{t^4 z^4}{z^4 t^4 + 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{t^4 z^4}{r^{8k} z^4 t^4 + 1} - \frac{1}{z^4 t^4 + r^{8k}} \right) \right] \frac{dt}{t} \\
&- \frac{4}{\pi} \int_{R_4} \overline{w_{\zeta}(\zeta)} \left[\frac{\bar{\zeta}^3 z^4}{\zeta^4 z^4 - 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{\bar{\zeta}^3 z^4}{r^{8k} \zeta^4 z^4 - 1} + \frac{1}{\bar{\zeta}(\zeta^4 z^4 - r^{8k})} \right) \right] d\xi d\eta.
\end{aligned} \tag{45}$$

When adding (40)–(42) and then subtracting (44) and (45) from the result, we can obtain

$$\begin{aligned}
 w(z) = & \frac{2}{\pi i} \int_{|\zeta|=1} \left\{ w(\zeta) \left[\frac{\zeta^4}{\zeta^4 - z^4} + \frac{\zeta^4 z^4}{\zeta^4 z^4 - 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{\zeta^4}{r^{8k} \zeta^4 - z^4} + \frac{z^4}{\zeta^4 - r^{8k} z^4} + \frac{\zeta^4 z^4}{r^{8k} \zeta^4 z^4 - 1} + \frac{1}{z^4 \zeta^4 - r^{8k}} \right) \right] \right. \\
 & \left. - \overline{w(\zeta)} \left[\frac{1}{1 - \zeta^4 z^4} + \frac{z^4}{z^4 - \zeta^4} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{\zeta^4}{z^4 - r^{8k} \zeta^4} + \frac{z^4}{r^{8k} z^4 - \zeta^4} + \frac{\zeta^4 z^4}{1 - r^{8k} \zeta^4 z^4} + \frac{1}{r^{8k} - z^4 \zeta^4} \right) \right] \right\} \frac{d\zeta}{\zeta} \\
 & + \frac{2}{\pi i} \int_{|\zeta|=r} \left\{ w(\zeta) \left[\frac{\zeta^4}{\zeta^4 - z^4} + \frac{\zeta^4 z^4}{\zeta^4 z^4 - 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{\zeta^4}{r^{8k} \zeta^4 - z^4} + \frac{z^4}{\zeta^4 - r^{8k} z^4} + \frac{\zeta^4 z^4}{r^{8k} \zeta^4 z^4 - 1} + \frac{1}{z^4 \zeta^4 - r^{8k}} \right) \right] \right. \\
 & \left. - \overline{w(\zeta)} \left[\frac{r^8}{r^8 - \zeta^4 z^4} + \frac{r^8 z^4}{r^8 z^4 - \zeta^4} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{r^8}{r^{8(k+1)} - \zeta^4 z^4} + \frac{z^4 \zeta^4}{r^8 - r^{8k} z^4 \zeta^4} + \frac{r^8 z^4}{r^{8(k+1)} z^4 - \zeta^4} + \frac{\zeta^4}{r^8 z^4 - r^{8k} \zeta^4} \right) \right] \right\} \frac{d\zeta}{\zeta} \\
 & + \frac{2}{\pi i} \int_r^1 \left\{ w(t) \left[\frac{t^4}{t^4 - z^4} + \frac{t^4 z^4}{t^4 z^4 - 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{t^4}{r^{8k} t^4 - z^4} + \frac{z^4}{t^4 - r^{8k} z^4} + \frac{t^4 z^4}{r^{8k} t^4 z^4 - 1} + \frac{1}{z^4 t^4 - r^{8k}} \right) \right] \right. \\
 & \left. - \overline{w(t)} \left[\frac{t^4 z^4}{t^4 z^4 - 1} + \frac{t^4}{t^4 - z^4} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{t^4}{r^{8k} t^4 - z^4} + \frac{z^4}{t^4 - r^{8k} z^4} + \frac{t^4 z^4}{r^{8k} t^4 z^4 - 1} + \frac{1}{t^4 z^4 - r^{8k}} \right) \right] \right\} \frac{dt}{t} \\
 & + \frac{2}{\pi i} \int_1^r \left\{ w(t.e^{\pi/4i}) \left[\frac{t^4}{t^4 + z^4} + \frac{t^4 z^4}{t^4 z^4 + 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{t^4}{r^{8k} t^4 + z^4} - \frac{z^4}{t^4 + r^{8k} z^4} + \frac{t^4 z^4}{r^{8k} t^4 z^4 + 1} - \frac{1}{z^4 t^4 + r^{8k}} \right) \right] \right. \\
 & \left. - \overline{w(t.e^{\pi/4i})} \left[\frac{t^4}{t^4 + z^4} + \frac{t^4 z^4}{t^4 z^4 + 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{t^4}{r^{8k} t^4 + z^4} - \frac{z^4}{t^4 + r^{8k} z^4} + \frac{t^4 z^4}{r^{8k} t^4 z^4 + 1} - \frac{1}{t^4 z^4 + r^{8k}} \right) \right] \right\} \frac{dt}{t} \\
 & - \frac{4}{\pi} \int_{R_4} \left\{ w_{\zeta}(\zeta) \left[\frac{\zeta^3}{\zeta^4 - z^4} + \frac{\zeta^3 z^4}{z^4 \zeta^4 - 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{\zeta^3}{r^{8k} \zeta^4 - z^4} + \frac{z^4}{\zeta(\zeta^4 - r^{8k} z^4)} + \frac{\zeta^3 z^4}{r^{8k} \zeta^4 z^4 - 1} + \frac{1}{\zeta(z^4 \zeta^4 - r^{8k})} \right) \right] \right. \\
 & \left. - \overline{w_{\zeta}(\zeta)} \left[\frac{\bar{\zeta}^3}{\bar{\zeta}^4 - z^4} + \frac{\bar{\zeta}^3 z^4}{\bar{\zeta}^4 z^4 - 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{\bar{\zeta}^3}{r^{8k} \bar{\zeta}^4 - z^4} + \frac{z^4}{\bar{\zeta}(\bar{\zeta}^4 - r^{8k} z^4)} + \frac{\bar{\zeta}^3 z^4}{r^{8k} \bar{\zeta}^4 z^4 - 1} + \frac{1}{\bar{\zeta}(\bar{\zeta}^4 z^4 - r^{8k})} \right) \right] \right\} d\xi d\eta.
 \end{aligned} \tag{46}$$

We notice

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{r^8}{r^8 - \zeta^4 z^4} + \frac{r^8 z^4}{r^8 z^4 - \zeta^4} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{r^8}{r^{8(k+1)} - \zeta^4 z^4} + \frac{z^4 \zeta^4}{r^8 - r^{8k} z^4 \zeta^4} + \frac{r^8 z^4}{r^{8(k+1)} z^4 - \zeta^4} + \frac{\zeta^4}{r^8 z^4 - r^{8k} \zeta^4} \right) \\
 & = \frac{z^4 \zeta^4}{1 - z^4 \zeta^4} + \frac{\zeta^4}{z^4 - \zeta^4} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{1}{r^{8k} - \zeta^4 z^4} + \frac{z^4 \zeta^4}{r^8 - r^{8k} z^4 \zeta^4} + \frac{z^4}{r^{8k} z^4 - \zeta^4} + \frac{\zeta^4}{r^8 z^4 - r^{8k} \zeta^4} \right).
 \end{aligned} \tag{47}$$

By putting $w(\zeta) = \text{Re}[w(\zeta)] + i.\text{Im}[w(\zeta)]$ on (3.26) and fixing the terms, we end up the proof.

The Cauchy–Pompeiu’s operator in R_4 is the area integral in the modulated Cauchy–Pompeiu representation in R_4 ; it is given by the following formula:

$$T_{R_4} f(z) = -\frac{4}{\pi} \int_{R_4} \left\{ w_{\bar{\zeta}}(\zeta) \left[\frac{\zeta^3}{\zeta^4 - z^4} + \frac{\zeta^3 z^4}{z^4 \zeta^4 - 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{\zeta^3}{r^{8k} \zeta^4 - z^4} + \frac{z^4}{\zeta(\zeta^4 - r^{8k} z^4)} + \frac{\zeta^3 z^4}{r^{8k} \zeta^4 z^4 - 1} + \frac{1}{\zeta(z^4 \zeta^4 - r^{8k})} \right) \right] - \overline{w_{\bar{\zeta}}(\zeta)} \left[\frac{\bar{\zeta}^3}{\bar{\zeta}^4 - z^4} + \frac{\bar{\zeta}^3 z^4}{\bar{\zeta}^4 z^4 - 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{\bar{\zeta}^3}{r^{8k} \bar{\zeta}^4 - z^4} + \frac{z^4}{\bar{\zeta}(\bar{\zeta}^4 - r^{8k} z^4)} + \frac{\bar{\zeta}^3 z^4}{r^{8k} \bar{\zeta}^4 z^4 - 1} + \frac{1}{\bar{\zeta}(\bar{\zeta}^4 z^4 - r^{8k})} \right) \right] \right\} d\xi d\eta, \tag{48}$$

$f \in L_1(R_4; \mathbb{C})$.

4. The Operator T_{R_4}

The Cauchy–Pompeiu’s operator in R_4 includes an infinite series; therefore, we have to prove its convergence; this will be done through the following two lemmas.

Lemma 1. For every $z, \zeta \in R_4$, with $z \neq \zeta$, we have the following:

$$\begin{aligned} |\zeta - z| &< |\zeta - z_k|, \\ z_k &= \pm \frac{1}{r^{2k} z}, \pm \frac{i}{r^{2k} z}, \pm \frac{z}{r^{2k}}, \pm \frac{iz}{r^{2k}}, \\ \left| \zeta - \frac{r^2}{\bar{z}} \right| &< |\zeta - z_k|, \\ z_k &= \pm r^{2k} z, \pm ir^{2k} z, \pm \frac{r^{2k}}{z}, \pm \frac{ir^{2k}}{z}. \end{aligned} \tag{49}$$

where $k \in \mathbb{N}$. □

Proof. Let $= \xi + i\eta$ and $z = x + iy$; then,

$$\begin{aligned} \left| \zeta - \frac{1}{\bar{z}} \right|^2 - |\zeta - z|^2 &= \left(\zeta - \frac{1}{\bar{z}} \right) \left(\bar{\zeta} - \frac{1}{z} \right) - (\zeta - z)(\bar{\zeta} - \bar{z}) \\ &= |\zeta|^2 - \frac{\bar{\zeta}}{z} - \frac{\zeta}{\bar{z}} + \frac{1}{|z|^2} - |\zeta|^2 + z\bar{\zeta} + \bar{z}\zeta - |z|^2 \\ &= \frac{\bar{\zeta}(|z|^2 - 1)}{\bar{z}} + \frac{\zeta(|z|^2 - 1)}{z} - \frac{(|z|^2 - 1)(|z|^2 + 1)}{|z|^2} \\ &= \frac{(|z|^2 - 1)}{|z|^2} (z\bar{\zeta} + \bar{z}\zeta - |z|^2 - 1) = \left(\frac{1}{x^2 + y^2} - 1 \right) (x^2 + y^2 - 2\xi x - 2\eta y + 1) \\ &\geq \left(\frac{1}{x^2 + y^2} - 1 \right) (1 - \xi^2 - \eta^2) > 0 \Rightarrow |\zeta - z| < \left| \zeta - \frac{1}{\bar{z}} \right|, \end{aligned} \tag{50}$$

where $(x - \xi)^2 \geq 0 \Rightarrow x^2 - 2\xi x \geq -\xi^2, (y - \eta)^2 \geq 0 \Rightarrow y^2 - 2\eta y \geq -\eta^2,$

$$\begin{aligned} |z|^2 = x^2 + y^2 < 1 &\Rightarrow \frac{1}{x^2 + y^2} - 1 > 0, \\ |\zeta|^2 = \xi^2 + \eta^2 < 1 &\Rightarrow 1 - \xi^2 - \eta^2 > 0. \end{aligned} \tag{51}$$

Since $|\zeta - 1/\bar{z}| < |\zeta - 1/z| \leq |\zeta - 1/r^{2k}z|$, for every $k \in \mathbb{N}$, we have

$$|\zeta - z| < \left| \zeta - \frac{1}{z} \right| \leq \left| \zeta - \frac{1}{r^{2k}z} \right|. \quad (52)$$

By the symmetry properties, we have

$$\begin{aligned} \left| \zeta - \frac{1}{z} \right| &< \left| \zeta - \frac{i}{z} \right| \leq \left| \zeta - \frac{i}{r^{2k}z} \right|, \\ \left| \zeta - \frac{1}{z} \right| &< \left| \zeta + \frac{i}{z} \right| \leq \left| \zeta + \frac{i}{r^{2k}z} \right|, \\ \left| \zeta - \frac{1}{z} \right| &< \left| \zeta + \frac{1}{z} \right| \leq \left| \zeta + \frac{1}{r^{2k}z} \right|. \end{aligned} \quad (53)$$

This leads to

$$\begin{aligned} |\zeta - z| &< |\zeta - z_k|, \\ z_k &= \pm \frac{1}{r^{2k}z}, \pm \frac{i}{r^{2k}z}, \end{aligned} \quad (54)$$

for every $k \in \mathbb{N}$.

On the contrary, we have

$$|\zeta - z| \leq \left| \zeta - \frac{z}{r^{2k}} \right|. \quad (55)$$

By the symmetry properties, we have

$$\begin{aligned} \left| \zeta - \frac{z}{r^{2k}} \right| &< \left| \zeta + \frac{z}{r^{2k}} \right|, \\ \left| \zeta - \frac{z}{r^{2k}} \right| &< \left| \zeta - \frac{iz}{r^{2k}} \right|, \\ \left| \zeta - \frac{z}{r^{2k}} \right| &< \left| \zeta + \frac{iz}{r^{2k}} \right|. \end{aligned} \quad (56)$$

This leads to

$$\begin{aligned} |\zeta - z| &< |\zeta - z_k|, \\ z_k &= \pm \frac{z}{r^{2k}}, \pm \frac{iz}{r^{2k}}, \end{aligned} \quad (57)$$

for every $k \in \mathbb{N}$.

We have

$$|r^2z| = r^2|z| < r^2,$$

$$\left| \frac{r^2}{z} \right| = \frac{r^2}{|z|} > r^2 \Rightarrow |r^2z| < r^2 < \left| \frac{r^2}{z} \right| < r < |\zeta|. \quad (58)$$

Therefore,

$$\left| \zeta - \frac{r^2}{z} \right| < |\zeta - r^2z|. \quad (59)$$

Since

$$|\zeta - r^2z| \leq |\zeta - r^{2k}z|, \quad k \in \mathbb{N}, \quad (60)$$

we can obtain

$$\left| \zeta - \frac{r^2}{z} \right| < |\zeta - r^{2k}z|, \quad k \in \mathbb{N}. \quad (61)$$

By symmetry properties, we have

$$\begin{aligned} \left| \zeta - \frac{r^2}{z} \right| &< \left| \zeta - \frac{r^2}{z} \right| \leq \left| \zeta - \frac{r^{2k}}{z} \right|, \\ \left| \zeta - \frac{r^2}{z} \right| &< \left| \zeta - \frac{r^2}{z} \right| < \left| \zeta + \frac{r^2}{z} \right| \leq \left| \zeta + \frac{r^{2k}}{z} \right|, \\ \left| \zeta - \frac{r^2}{z} \right| &< \left| \zeta - \frac{r^2}{z} \right| < \left| \zeta - \frac{ir^2}{z} \right| \leq \left| \zeta - \frac{ir^{2k}}{z} \right|, \\ \left| \zeta - \frac{r^2}{z} \right| &< \left| \zeta - \frac{r^2}{z} \right| < \left| \zeta + \frac{ir^2}{z} \right| \leq \left| \zeta + \frac{ir^{2k}}{z} \right|, \\ \left| \zeta - \frac{r^2}{z} \right| &< |\zeta - r^2z| < |\zeta + r^2z| \leq |\zeta + r^{2k}z|, \\ \left| \zeta - \frac{r^2}{z} \right| &< |\zeta - r^2z| < |\zeta - ir^2z| \leq |\zeta - ir^{2k}z|, \\ \left| \zeta - \frac{r^2}{z} \right| &< |\zeta - r^2z| < |\zeta + ir^2z| \leq |\zeta + ir^{2k}z|. \end{aligned} \quad (62)$$

for every $k \in \mathbb{N}$.

This means

$$\left| \zeta - \frac{r^2}{\bar{z}} \right| < |\zeta - z_k|, \tag{63}$$

$$z_k = \pm r^{2k}z, \pm ir^{2k}z, \pm \frac{r^{2k}}{z}, \pm \frac{ir^{2k}}{z}. \quad \square$$

Lemma 2. For every $z, \zeta \in R_4$, with $z \neq \zeta, 0 < r < 1$, the series is as follows:

$$A = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{\zeta^3}{r^{8k}\zeta^4 - z^4} + \frac{z^4}{\zeta(\zeta^4 - r^{8k}z^4)} + \frac{\zeta^3 z^4}{r^{8k}\zeta^4 z^4 - 1} + \frac{1}{\zeta(z^4\zeta^4 - r^{8k})} \right). \tag{64}$$

Is it uniformly converged.

Proof. First, we have

$$\begin{aligned} \left| \frac{\zeta^3}{r^{8k}\zeta^4 - z^4} \right| &< \left| \frac{1}{r^{8k}\zeta^4 - z^4} \right| = \left| \frac{1}{4z^3 r^{2k}} \right| \cdot \left| \frac{1}{\zeta - z/r^{2k}} - \frac{1}{\zeta + z/r^{2k}} + \frac{i}{\zeta - iz/r^{2k}} - \frac{i}{\zeta + iz/r^{2k}} \right| \\ &< \frac{1}{4r^{2k+3}} \left[\frac{1}{|\zeta - z/r^{2k}|} + \frac{1}{|\zeta + z/r^{2k}|} + \frac{1}{|\zeta - iz/r^{2k}|} + \frac{1}{|\zeta + iz/r^{2k}|} \right], \quad |\zeta| < 1, r < |z|. \end{aligned} \tag{65}$$

From Lemma 1, we have

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{|\zeta - z_k|} &< \frac{1}{|\zeta - z|}, \\ z_k &= \pm \frac{z}{r^{2k}}, \pm \frac{iz}{r^{2k}}, \\ \Rightarrow \left| \frac{\zeta^3}{r^{8k}\zeta^4 - z^4} \right| &< \frac{1}{r^{2k+3}} \cdot \frac{1}{|\zeta - z|}. \end{aligned} \tag{66}$$

Second, we have

$$\begin{aligned} \left| \frac{z^4}{\zeta(\zeta^4 - r^{8k}z^4)} \right| &= \frac{|z|}{4r^{6k}|\zeta|} \left| \frac{1}{\zeta - r^{2k}z} - \frac{1}{\zeta + r^{2k}z} + \frac{i}{\zeta - ir^{2k}z} - \frac{i}{\zeta + ir^{2k}z} \right| \\ &< \frac{1}{4r^{6k+1}} \left[\frac{1}{|\zeta - r^{2k}z|} + \frac{1}{|\zeta + r^{2k}z|} + \frac{1}{|\zeta - ir^{2k}z|} + \frac{1}{|\zeta + ir^{2k}z|} \right]. \end{aligned} \tag{67}$$

From Lemma 1, we have

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{|\zeta - z_k|} &< \frac{1}{|\zeta - r^2/\bar{z}|}, \\ z_k &= \pm r^{2k}z, \pm ir^{2k}z \\ \Rightarrow \left| \frac{z^4}{\zeta(\zeta^4 - r^{8k}z^4)} \right| &< \frac{1}{r^{6k+1}} \cdot \frac{1}{|\zeta - r^2/\bar{z}|}. \end{aligned} \tag{68}$$

Third, we have

$$\left| \frac{\zeta^3 z^4}{r^{8k} \zeta^4 z^4 - 1} \right| < \left| \frac{z^4}{r^{8k} \zeta^4 z^4 - 1} \right| = \left| \frac{1}{4z^3 r^{2k}} \right| \cdot \left| \frac{1}{\zeta - 1/r^{2k} z} - \frac{1}{\zeta + 1/r^{2k} z} + \frac{i}{\zeta - i/r^{2k} z} - \frac{i}{\zeta + i/r^{2k} z} \right|. \tag{69}$$

From Lemma 1, we have

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{|\zeta - z_k|} &< \frac{1}{|\zeta - z|}, \\ z_k &= \pm \frac{1}{r^{2k} z} \pm \frac{i}{r^{2k} z}, \\ \Rightarrow \left| \frac{\zeta^3 z^4}{r^{8k} \zeta^4 z^4 - 1} \right| &< \frac{1}{r^{2k+3}} \cdot \frac{1}{|\zeta - z|}. \end{aligned} \tag{70}$$

Fourth, we have

$$\begin{aligned} \left| \frac{1}{\zeta(\zeta^4 z^4 - r^{8k})} \right| &= \frac{1}{|\zeta z r^6|} \cdot \left| \frac{1}{\zeta - r^{2k}/z} - \frac{1}{\zeta + r^{2k}/z} + \frac{i}{\zeta - i r^{2k}/z} - \frac{i}{\zeta + i r^{2k}/z} \right| \\ &< \frac{1}{4r^{6n+2}} \left[\frac{1}{|\zeta - r^{2k}/z|} + \frac{1}{|\zeta + r^{2k}/z|} + \frac{1}{|\zeta - i r^{2k}/z|} + \frac{1}{|\zeta + i r^{2k}/z|} \right]. \end{aligned} \tag{71}$$

From Lemma 1, we have

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{|\zeta - z_k|} &< \frac{1}{|\zeta - r^2/\bar{z}|}, \\ z_k &= \pm \frac{r^{2k}}{z}, \pm \frac{i r^{2k}}{z}, \\ \Rightarrow \left| \frac{1}{\zeta(\zeta^4 z^4 - r^{8k})} \right| &< \frac{1}{r^{6k+2}} \cdot \frac{1}{|\zeta - r^2/\bar{z}|}. \end{aligned} \tag{72}$$

When using (66), (68), (70), and (72), we can obtain

$$\begin{aligned} |A| &\leq \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left| \frac{\zeta^3}{r^{8k} \zeta^4 - z^4} + \frac{z^4}{\zeta(\zeta^4 - r^{8k} z^4)} + \frac{\zeta^3 z^4}{r^{8k} \zeta^4 z^4 - 1} + \frac{1}{\zeta(z^4 \zeta^4 - r^{8k})} \right| \\ &< \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left[\left| \frac{\zeta^3}{r^{8k} \zeta^4 - z^4} \right| + \left| \frac{z^4}{\zeta(\zeta^4 - r^{8k} z^4)} \right| + \left| \frac{\zeta^3 z^4}{r^{8k} \zeta^4 z^4 - 1} \right| + \left| \frac{1}{\zeta(z^4 \zeta^4 - r^{8k})} \right| \right] \\ &< \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{1}{r^{2k+3} |\zeta - z|} + \frac{1}{r^{6k+1} |\zeta - r^2/\bar{z}|} + \frac{1}{r^{2k+3} |\zeta - z|} + \frac{1}{r^{6k+2} |\zeta - r^2/\bar{z}|} \right) \\ &\leq \frac{2}{|\zeta - z|} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{6k-3} + \frac{2}{|\zeta - r^2/\bar{z}|} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{2k-2} < +\infty, \quad |r^6| < |r^2| < 1. \end{aligned} \tag{73}$$

And, the series A is uniformly converged. □

5. The Boundedness of Cauchy–Pompeiu’s Operator in R_4

The boundedness of the operator T is proved by Tutschke and Mshimba in [8] by applying the Schmitz inequality. In this section, we will use the same technique to prove the boundedness of the modulated Cauchy–Pompeiu’s operator in R_4 .

Theorem 3. (Schmitz’s inequality [8]). For any regular domain $D \subset \mathbb{C}$, we have

$$\int_D \frac{d\xi d\eta}{|\zeta - z|^\alpha} \leq \frac{2\pi}{2 - \alpha} \left(\frac{S_D}{\pi}\right)^{1 - \alpha/2}, \tag{74}$$

where $\zeta = \xi + i\eta$, $z \in D$, α is a real number consist $0 < \alpha < 2$, and S_D is the area of the domain D .

Theorem 4. Let $D \subset \mathbb{C}$ be a bounded domain; then, for $f \in L_p(\overline{D}; \mathbb{C})$, $p > 2$, T is a completely linear operator from $L_p(\overline{D}; \mathbb{C})$ into $C^\alpha(\mathbb{C})$ with $\alpha = p - 2/p$.

Theorem 5. The Cauchy–Pompeiu’s operator in the octant ring R_4 is

$$\begin{aligned} T_{R_4}: C^p(R_4; \mathbb{C}) &\longrightarrow C^\alpha(\overline{R_4}; \mathbb{C}), \\ T_{R_4}f(z) &= -\frac{4}{\pi}, \\ \int_{R_4} \left\{ f(\zeta) \left[\frac{\zeta^3}{\zeta^4 - z^4} + \frac{\zeta^3 z^4}{z^4 \zeta^4 - 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{\zeta^3}{r^{8k} \zeta^4 - z^4} + \frac{z^4}{\zeta(\zeta^4 - r^{8k} z^4)} + \frac{\zeta^3 z^4}{r^{8k} \zeta^4 z^4 - 1} + \frac{1}{\zeta(z^4 \zeta^4 - r^{8k})} \right) \right] \right. \\ &\quad \left. - \overline{f(\zeta)} \left[\frac{\overline{\zeta}^3}{\overline{\zeta}^4 - z^4} + \frac{\overline{\zeta}^3 z^4}{\overline{\zeta}^4 z^4 - 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{\overline{\zeta}^3}{r^{8k} \overline{\zeta}^4 - z^4} + \frac{z^4}{\overline{\zeta}(\overline{\zeta}^4 - r^{8k} z^4)} + \frac{\overline{\zeta}^3 z^4}{r^{8k} \overline{\zeta}^4 z^4 - 1} + \frac{1}{\overline{\zeta}(\overline{\zeta}^4 z^4 - r^{8k})} \right) \right] \right\} d\xi d\eta, \end{aligned} \tag{75}$$

which is bounded, where $p > 2$ and $\alpha = p - 2/p$.

Proof. First, we have

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{4\zeta^3}{\zeta^4 - z^4} &= \frac{1}{\zeta - z} + \frac{1}{\zeta + z} + \frac{1}{\zeta - iz} + \frac{1}{\zeta + iz} \Rightarrow \left| \frac{4\zeta^3}{\zeta^4 - z^4} \right| < \frac{4}{|\zeta - z|}, \\ \frac{4\zeta^3 z^4}{\zeta^4 z^4 - 1} &= \frac{1}{\zeta - 1/z} + \frac{1}{\zeta + 1/z} + \frac{1}{\zeta - i/z} + \frac{1}{\zeta + i/z} \Rightarrow \left| \frac{4\zeta^3 z^4}{\zeta^4 z^4 - 1} \right| < \frac{4}{|\zeta - z|}. \end{aligned} \tag{76}$$

From Lemmas 1 and 2, we can write

$$\begin{aligned}
 |T_{R_4}f(z)| \leq & \frac{4}{\pi} \int_{R_4} \left\{ |f(\zeta)| \left| \frac{\zeta^3}{\zeta^4 - z^4} + \frac{\zeta^3 z^4}{z^4 \zeta^4 - 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{\zeta^3}{r^{8k} \zeta^4 - z^4} + \frac{z^4}{\zeta(\zeta^4 - r^{8k} z^4)} + \frac{\zeta^3 z^4}{r^{8k} \zeta^4 z^4 - 1} + \frac{1}{\zeta(z^4 \zeta^4 - r^{8k})} \right) \right| \right. \\
 & \left. + |f(\bar{\zeta})| \left| \frac{\bar{\zeta}^3}{\bar{\zeta}^4 - z^4} + \frac{\bar{\zeta}^3 z^4}{\bar{\zeta}^4 z^4 - 1} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} r^{8k} \left(\frac{\bar{\zeta}^3}{r^{8k} \bar{\zeta}^4 - z^4} + \frac{z^4}{\bar{\zeta}(\bar{\zeta}^4 - r^{8k} z^4)} + \frac{\bar{\zeta}^3 z^4}{r^{8k} \bar{\zeta}^4 z^4 - 1} + \frac{1}{\bar{\zeta}(\bar{\zeta}^4 z^4 - r^{8k})} \right) \right| \right\} d\xi d\eta, \tag{77}
 \end{aligned}$$

$f \in L_p(R_4; \mathbb{C}), p > 2$

$$< \frac{8}{\pi} \int_{R_4} \left\{ f_{CP} \left[\frac{8}{|\zeta - z|} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2r^{6k-3}}{|\zeta - z|} + \frac{2r^{2k-2}}{|\zeta - r^2/\bar{z}|} \right) \right] \right\} d\xi d\eta,$$

where $f_{CP} = \max_{\zeta \in R_4} |f(\zeta)|$, with $f \in C^p(R_4; \mathbb{C}) \subset L_p(R_4; \mathbb{C})$,

$$\begin{aligned}
 |T_{R_4}f(z)| & < \frac{8f_{CP}}{\pi} \int_{R_4} \left\{ \frac{8}{|\zeta - z|} + 2 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{r^{2k-3}}{|\zeta - z|} + \frac{r^{2k-3}}{|\zeta - r^2/\bar{z}|} \right) \right\} d\xi d\eta \\
 & \leq \frac{16f_{CP}}{\pi} \int_{R_4} \left\{ \frac{4}{|\zeta - z|} + \frac{1}{1-r^2} \left(\frac{r^{-1}}{|\zeta - z|} + \frac{r^{-1}}{|\zeta - r^2/\bar{z}|} \right) \right\} d\xi d\eta \\
 & \leq \frac{16f_{CP}}{\pi} \int_{R_4} \left\{ \left(4 + \frac{1}{r(1-r^2)} \right) \frac{1}{|\zeta - z|} + \frac{1}{r(1-r^2)} \cdot \frac{1}{|\zeta - r^2/\bar{z}|} \right\} d\xi d\eta \\
 & \Rightarrow |T_{R_4}f(z)| < \frac{16}{\pi} f_{CP} (I_1 + I_2),
 \end{aligned} \tag{78}$$

where

$$I_1 = \left(4 + \frac{1}{r(1-r^2)} \right) \int_{R_4} \frac{d\xi d\eta}{|\zeta - z|}. \tag{79}$$

By Schmitz's inequality, we have

$$I_1 \leq \left(4 + \frac{1}{r(1-r^2)} \right) \frac{2\pi}{2-1} \left(\frac{\pi/8(1-r^2)}{\pi} \right)^{1-1/2} = \left(4 + \frac{1}{r(1-r^2)} \right) \frac{\pi\sqrt{1-r^2}}{\sqrt{2}}. \tag{80}$$

On the contrary, we have

$$\begin{aligned}
 I_2 & = \frac{1}{r(1-r^2)} \int_{R_4} \frac{d\xi d\eta}{|\zeta - r^2/\bar{z}|} \leq \frac{1}{r(1-r^2)} \int_{R_4} \frac{d\xi d\eta}{|\zeta| - r^2/|z|} \\
 & \leq \int_r^1 \int_0^{\pi/4} \frac{t dt d\theta}{|t - r^2/|z||} = \frac{\pi}{4} \int_r^1 \frac{t dt}{t - r^2/|z|},
 \end{aligned} \tag{81}$$

where $r < |z| < 1 \Rightarrow 1 < 1/|z| < 1/r \Rightarrow r^2 < r^2/|z| < r \Rightarrow -r < -r^2/|z| < -r^2, \quad r < t < 1$.

Therefore, we have

$$\begin{aligned}
0 < t - \frac{r^2}{|z|} < 1 - r^2 &\Rightarrow \left| t - \frac{r^2}{|z|} \right| = t - \frac{r^2}{|z|} \\
I_2 &\leq \frac{\pi}{4} \int_r^1 \left(1 + \frac{r^2/|z|}{t - r^2/|z|} \right) dt = \frac{\pi}{4} \left[t + \frac{r^2}{|z|} \ln \left| t - \frac{r^2}{|z|} \right| \right]_r^1 \\
I_2 &\leq \frac{\pi}{4} \left[1 - r + \frac{r^2}{r} \ln \left(\frac{|z| - r^2}{r|z| - r^2} \right) \right] < \frac{\pi}{4} \left[1 - r + r \left(\frac{|z| - r^2}{r(|z| - r)} \right) \right] \\
&\leq \frac{\pi}{4} [1 - r + |z| + r] < \pi/2 \\
&\Rightarrow I_1 + I_2 < \left(4 + \frac{1}{r(1 - r^2)} \right) \cdot \frac{\pi\sqrt{1 - r^2}}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\pi}{2} = \lambda \\
&\Rightarrow |T_{R_4} f(z)| < \frac{16\lambda}{\pi} f_{CP}.
\end{aligned} \tag{82}$$

And, the operator T_{R_4} is bounded. \square

Data Availability

No data were used to support this study.

Conflicts of Interest

The authors declare that they have no conflicts of interest.

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